Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1868. NUMBER 92.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The Impeachment Trial—The President's Speech at St. Louis—Secretaries Seward and Welles on the Stand—Evidence as to What Took Place in Cabinet Meeting as to the Tenure-of-Office Act.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 17, 1868.

SENATE.

The Court opened in due form.

The CHIEF JUSTICE stated the first business in order was the order offered by Senator Conness yesterday, that the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment shall meet at ten o'clock A. M., to which Senator Sumner offered an amendment for a session from ten to six o'clock daily.

The amendment was rejected—sixteen against thirty.

Senator Conness' motion was then adopted—twenty-nine to fourteen.

Senator FERRY offered the following order:

WHEREAS, There appears in the proceedings of the Senate yesterday, as published in the *Globe* of this morning, certain tabular statements incorporated in the remarks of Mr. Manager Butler upon the question of adjournment, which tabular statements were not spoken of in the discussion, nor offered or received in evidence; therefore, that the said tabular statements be omitted from the proceedings of the trial as published in the proceedings of the Senate.

Manager BUTLER—I only desire to say that I stated the effect of the tabular statements to the Senate, and I did not read them at length, because it would take too much time.

Senator HENDRICKS—I rise to a question of order and propriety. I wish to know whether it be right for any Senator to defend the Secretary of the Treasury against the attacks here made, or whether our mouths are closed while these attacks are made, and if not proper and right for a Senator, whether it is the right of the Manager to make the attack upon him.

The CHIEF JUSTICE—The amendment can be made to the resolution proposed by the Senator from Connecticut.

Senator FERRY—If the Senate thinks it proper the Senate can retire for consultation.

CHIEF JUSTICE—If no Senator make that motion, the Chair thinks it proper that the honorable Manager should be heard in explanation.

Manager BUTLER—I wish to say that I did not read them because I thought them too voluminous. I had them in my hand and I made them a part of my argument. I read the conclusions and inferences to be drawn from them, and thought it was due to myself and the Senate that they should be put exactly where they were, and therefore incorporated them in the *Globe*. To the remarks of the Hon. Senator (Mr. Hendricks) I simply say I made no attack upon the Secretary of the Treasury. I said nothing of him. I did not know that he was here at all to be discussed, but I dealt with the act as the act of the Executive simply. Whenever called upon I can show the reason why I dealt with that act.

The CHIEF JUSTICE stated the question.

Mr. ANTHONY—I understood the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Hendricks) to ask if under the rules he could be permitted to make a defense of the Secretary of the Treasury?

The CHIEF JUSTICE—The rules positively prohibit debate.

Senator ANTHONY—By unanimous consent it might be made.

Some Senator objected.

The order was then adopted with but few dissenting voices.

W. W. Armstrong, of the Cleveland *Plaindealer*, called for the defence, testified the President spoke there only on solicitation. Interruption by the crowd was kept up most of the time and responded to by the President.

Barton Able, of St. Louis, was examined: Was one of the Committee appointed by the Mercantile Association to receive the President in August, 1866, and went to Alton to meet him. At the request of citizens the President reluctantly consented to make a speech from the balcony of the Southern Hotel in St. Louis. He told the Committee he would make only a short speech.

Cross-examined: The President made a speech to the Committee at the landing, where he was listened to respectfully, and was then escorted to the Lindell Hotel. Went to the Southern Hotel about 9 o'clock that night to attend a banquet given him. Witness remained inside while the President was speaking from the balcony, and did not see any persons try to draw him on so as to get him to desist from speaking.

George Knapp, proprietor of the St. Louis *Republican*, was the next witness. He testified he and Mr. Abel advised the President to respond to the calls of the crowd and go out to speak to them. The President consented with reluctance. The crowd was at the time very disorderly.

Cross-examined: Does not know whether the balcony was crowded. Listened to a portion of the speech; did not hear anything about "Judas" or "John Bull." The banquet was delayed until the President had finished his speech. The *Republican* is Democratic. Published the speech on Sunday, and on Monday gave directions to correct the speech for the second publication. Does not recollect whether he has ever complained that his directions were not carried out.

Henry Seider, short hand writer for the St. Louis *Republican*, was next called: He reported the President's speech, and corrected the report published on Sunday for the publication of Monday. Made only such corrections as were called for by his notes. Compared report of the speech published in the *Democrat* with his own published in the *Republican*. Made the comparison April 11th, and wrote an accurate memoranda of about sixty differences.

Manager BUTLER objected that the comparison was made between the printed newspapers which are not certified to have been genuine.

Mr. CURTIS called attention to the fact that the Managers had already put in evidence a copy of the *Democrat* of that date, and Manager BUTLER withdrew his objection.

The memoranda were put in evidence.

Cross examined: Witness had been partially deaf some time owing to sickness; did not become well until several months after he reported the President's speech. Compared the reports of the portion relating to New Orleans recently with Mr. Walbridge. Gave examples of differences to show the latter had left out qualifying words to the prejudice of the President.

Manager BUTLER read that portion of the speech requiring witness to correct the errors, which he did, exciting great laughter by the sharpness of his replies to Manager Butler's questions.

Manager BUTLER asked if there were any changes more important than the corrections of grammar?

Witness replied there were.

Mr. CURTIS then put in evidence the commission issued by President Adams appointing Washington Lieutenant General.

Also, a document showing the particulars of all removals of officers under the Department of the Interior.

The Assistant Secretary of State, Frederick. W. Seward, was then called to testify for the defence: The appointment of consuls and vice consuls are under his charge. When a vacancy occurs, or the consul is not able to make a temporary appointment, the minister acts in his absence. The naval commander nominates a vice consul; this action is referred for approval to the department. The appointments are made *ad interim*, and necessary for the interests of the service. The department sometimes makes a nomination without the recommendation of the consul, minister or commander.

Cross-examined: These appointments are made in conformity with statute law.

Mr. CURTIS then put in evidence a list of Consuls appointed during the sessions of the Senate.

Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, was sworn—Was appointed Secretary of the Navy in March, 1861, by Mr. Lincoln. On the evening of the 21st of February last his attention was called to changes in the disposition of troops in this Department. His son informed him that at a party that evening a call had been made for all officers belonging to a certain company to repair at once to General Emory's headquarters. Sent his son the next day to tell the President, but he returned without seeing him, and witness went himself about noon to talk with the President on the subject, and told him what he had heard.

Question—What passed between you and the President after you made that communication in relation to it?

Objection made but overruled by the Chief Justice.

Witness resumed—The President said he did not know what General Emory did; would send for him to enquire. At the close of the Cabinet meeting, about two o'clock the same day, had an interview with the President in relation to the removal of Stanton?

Mr. EVARTS asked what passed between them then.

Manager BUTLER objected, but before the question was put in writing the Senate took a recess for fifteen minutes.

On re-assembling, at 2.45, Mr. EVARTS asked a few preliminary questions, eliciting the fact that the conversation between Secretary Wells and the President took place in the presence of other members of the Cabinet, and then said:

Counsel propose to prove that on this occasion the President told his Cabinet before the meeting broke up that he had removed Secretary Stanton, and in answer to Secretary Wells said General Thomas was in possession of the office, and that Mr. Stanton had acquiesced, only requiring time to remove his papers.

Manager BUTLER argued against admitting the testimony, and reiterated his views regarding the duties of members of the Cabinet. They could only give opinions in writing about matters connected with their own Departments. He also said the evidence of witness showed that the President had acted in this instance without consultation with his Cabinet, and held that the point at issue was covered by the ruling in regard to Mr. Perrin yesterday.

Mr. EVARTS denied that the testimony of the witness warranted the statement of Manager Butler. Witness had only said he was then informed of the actual commission of the act, but did not say he and other members of the Cabinet did not know it was contemplated. He also denied any analogy with the case of Mr. Perrin. The communication of the President was not addressed to private individuals, but to members of the Cabinet, while they were still in Cabinet meeting.

Mr. CURTIS followed on the same side. He said that they did not place their application on the ground that his counsellors were then giving the President advice, but because he was performing an official act in making a communication. He combatted Manager Butler's view, based on the opinion of Mr. Jefferson, and quoted from the *Federalist* and from the history of the Constitution to show that the theory and practice of our Government were totally opposed to it, even during Jefferson's administration.

Manager BUTLER replied—No act is official which is not enjoined by some law. He held there was none requiring such declarations as those in question. He remarked the counsel did not assert that the President had been advised by his Cabinet to do what he had done, and went on to claim that if the Senate admitted this evidence they would reverse the decision of yesterday.

Mr. EVARTS briefly rejoined, insisting that it bore on the question of intent.

Senator HOWARD put the following questions in writing to counsel for the President:

In what way does the evidence which the counsel for accused now offer meet any of the allegations contained in the articles of impeachment? How does it affect the *gravamen* of any one of the allegations contained in the articles or charges?

Mr. EVARTS said it is enough to say, probably, in answer to the question, that it bears upon the question of the intent with which the act charged was done. It bears upon the conspiracy article, and bears upon the eleventh article.

Manager WILSON—The question was asked by a member of the Senate as to the date of the conversation between the President and Mr. Perrin. It was the 21st.

CHIEF JUSTICE will state how the question presents itself to his mind. The question on which the Senate ruled yesterday was not in reference to the removal of Mr. Stanton, as the Chief Justice understood, but in reference to the immediate appointment of a successor and the President sending the in name of Mr. Ewing. The question to-day relates to the intention of the President in the removal of Mr. Stanton, and relates to communication made to his Cabinet after the Department business had closed and before the Cabinet had separated. The Chief Justice is clearly of the opinion that that is a part of the transactions and that is entirely proper to take this evidence into consideration as showing the intent in the President's mind.

The Senate proceeded to vote on the question of admitting the testimony, and the vote resulted—yeas twenty-six, nays twenty-three.

Secretary Wells then testified that the President told the Cabinet he had removed Mr. Stanton and appointed Gen. Thomas, who was then in possession, Mr. Stanton acquiescing, requiring only time enough to remove his papers. This communication was in conformity with the regular routine, after other business was disposed of. Next day the witness saw the nomination of Mr. Ewing prepared in the hands of the President. The Tenure-of-office law was first brought before the Cabinet in February, 1868. Secretary Stanton was present.

Counsel at this point offered to prove that the President laid before the Cabinet the Tenure-of-Office bill; that they advised its return with objections as being unconstitutional, and Secretaries Seward and Stanton undertook to prepare the veto message; and also to show what further action was taken during the ten days following.

Manager BUTLER argued at length against the admissibility of such evidence, taking the ground that the President could not shelter himself behind the opinions of his constitutional advisers.

Mr. EVARTS replied in an argument which went into the question of the President's responsibility with considerable minuteness. The Court adjourned at 4:45 p. m.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. SHANKS, it was resolved that the clerk of the Court of Claims be directed to inform this House of the number of judgments rendered in said Court in cotton claims, amount thereof and in whose favor, and also state the nature and character of the claims presented, and by what attorneys prosecuted.

On motion of Mr. INGERSOLL, it was *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to furnish the House with a statement showing the amount of tax collected on distilled spirits since the first of January last.

On motion of Mr. MILLER, Pa., it was *Resolved*, That the Committee on Printing are directed to inquire into the propriety of printing ten thousand additional copies of the report of the impeachment trial for the use of members of the House.

The SPEAKER notified members if they should return from the Senate before three o'clock he would proceed to call them to order for business. If the Court should not adjourn until after that hour, members would be privileged to leave the Capitol for their homes.

The SPEAKER, in reply to a question asked by Mr. Garfield, said there were more than a quorum of members in the city.

The members then proceeded to the Senate.

On re-assembling, Mr. WASHBURNE reported the progress of the trial, and that the Senate, sitting as a Court, had adjourned till 11 o'clock to-morrow.

Mr. GARFIELD moved the House meet at the same hour.

Mr. WOOD objected and on division no quorum voted.

The SPEAKER stated as the hour of meeting could not be changed without a vote of the House, he would take the chair at 11 o'clock, and with the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole and such other members as might join them, accompany the Managers to the Senate as a mark of respect.

Adjourned.

VIRGINIA.

Gen. Schofield and the Iron-Clad Oath—The Convention Refuse to Reconsider the Vote Adopting the Oath—Adjournment.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, April 17.—General Schofield visited and addressed the Convention this morning, and said the iron clad oath of office in the Constitution was extremely objectionable. He had administered the Reconstruction laws in the State for more than a year, and stated as a result of his experience that it would be practically impossible to carry on the Government of Virginia on such a basis. In appointing registering officers he had found one, perhaps two, persons in a county who could take this oath, and yet there were thirty civil officers in those counties. In his opinion the oath would be fatal to the Constitution. In other respects the Constitution was rather better than those of other States, but much depended on the men first elected to carry it out, and that the oath restricted the range necessary for the selection of the best men. As a party measure, it would be fatal.

Applause followed the address, and after General Schofield left a heated debate commenced in the effort to reconsider the vote adopting the oath.

RICHMOND, April 17.—The Convention to-night at 11 o'clock adopted the Constitution by a vote of 51 to 26. Three Republican members voted against it. The Convention is still in session.

In the Convention to-day Mr. Hine explained that under the new Constitution there were only seven officers in a county who have to take the oath. The Convention refused by a vote of twenty-six to thirty-two to suspend the rules to consider the modification of the oath. The Convention will adjourn *sine die* about midnight.

The Conservative Executive Committee to-night adopted a call for a State Convention to meet here May 7th, to nominate State officers.

WEST INDIES.

Revolution in Hayti—Insurgents Victorious—Advices from Honduras.

HAVANA, April 16.—Dates from Hayti to to the 11th, have been received. The Cacos were victorious. Their intentions were unknown. They had as yet issued no manifesto. Solnave was in a critical condition, and it was rumored that the Americans were advising the revolutionists The escape of President Solnave was considered impossible, as the Cacos occupied two hundred miles of Cape Haytian. The forces of Chevalier Ran had dwindled from 4,000 to 3,000 men. A large body of Cacos had gone to Gonalves to extend the revolution. The American Minister was daily expected.

Nassau dates to the 12th inst. state that there is great excitement there, consequent on the dissolution by Governor Rawson of the Legislature, for not granting supplies and for passing the Church Endowment bill. A new election is going on.

Honduras dates to the 5th inst. state that the President's message to Congress confirms the report that an American colony is about to se ttle at San Pedro Salo, on the Atlantic coast. A treaty has been concluded with London and Brussels bankers for the establishment of a National Bank, with a capital of one million pounds sterling, and the privilege to extend it to two millions. The object is to develop commerce and agriculture, and the lake and river navigation of the Republic. A loan has been negotiated for the establishment of a chain railway. Reforms in the Treasury and Judiciary Departments were to be inaugurated.

ERIE RAILROAD DISASTER.

Total Killed Twenty-Five—Two More Expected to Die.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 17.—A dispatch from Port Jervis to-day announces that the wounded are generally doing well. No deaths have occurred since yesterday. J. N. Houghton, of Salem, Wisconsin, and Mary Sterling, of Wellsville, Ohio, it is thought, will die of their injuries, making the total deaths twenty-seven.

New York Underground Railroad.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, April 17.—The Governor this morning signed the "Brown" or Central Underground Railroad bill, for a tunnel railroad from City Hall via Centre and other streets to Westchester county.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Cabinet Meeting—The President's Counsel Present—Knight Templars—National Debt Bequest—Alaska—Consolidation of Army Societies—Union Pacific Railroad Completed Eastward to the Summit Mountain.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 17, 1868.

CABINET MEETING.

The Cabinet met at ten o'clock this morning, two hours earlier than usual, and was in conference until twelve o'clock. The counsel for the President, excepting Mr. Stanbery, were also present, and it is understood important matters in connection with the impeachment trial were under consideration. The counsel were at the Executive Mansion at an early hour, some time in advance of the Cabinet meeting, and remained until nearly time for the opening of the Court.

VISITING KNIGHT TEMPLARS.

A number of Knight Templars from Boston, Hartford, and other northern cities, who are now in Washington, were this morning engaged in visiting the different places of interest under the escort of members of the Washington encampment. They called on the President, Gens. Grant and Hancock, Secy's. Stanton and Welles, and others, and everywhere were kindly and courteously received.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Secretary of the Interior has received a telegram from General Dodge, Chief Engineer of the Union Pacific Railroad, stating that on the 16th inst. the last rail was laid upon the Summit Mountain in presence of a large number of distinguished army officers and citizens. According to Blinkendorfer's survey, the railroad crosses the mountains at this point at an elevation of 8,242 feet, being the highest point reached by any railroad in the world.

ARMY SOCIETIES CONSOLIDATION.

Arrangements have been made to have the four Societies of the Armies of the Tennessee, the Cumberland, the Ohio and of Georgia meet at Chicago on the 15th and 16th of December next, to have one common celebration instead of having separate meetings as heretofore. As soon as certain arrangements are completed at Chicago, the official announcement will be made.

THE ALASKA PURCHASE.

The Committee on Foreign Affairs will, when the House fully resumes business, report a bill making the appropriation required by the treaty for the purchase of the Russian American possessions.

SALE OF IRON CLADS.

The Secretary of the Navy has sold the iron clad Catawba for $380,000, and the Oneota for $375,000, both to Alex. Swift & Co., of Cincinnati, and the entire amount has been deposited in the Treasury.

SHIPPING STATISTICS.

The Director of the Bureau of Statistics reports the number of merchant vessels owned in the United States at 12,207, and their tonnage at 2,755,004.

COL. FORNEY'S ACCOUNTS.

The Senate Committee on Contingent Expenses have decided to report that Col. Forney's accounts have been adjusted to the last dollar.

NATIONAL DEBT BEQUEST.

The bequest of Ralph S. Fritz, of San Francisco, was yesterday paid into the Treasury of the United States, in Seven-thirty bonds.

RECEIPTS OF CUSTOMS.

The receipts of customs from April 6th to April 11th, inclusive, were $2,979,303.

Erie Railway and the New York Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, April 9.—The consideration of the Erie Railway bill was continued in the Senate to-night, and the amendment of Mr. Chapman, legalizing the guaranteeing by the Erie Company of bonds or coupons of any other company necessary to secure a continnous broad guage route from Chicago to New York, was adopted by a vote of thirteen against nine.

Mr. O'Donnell moved an amendment to the fourth section, prohibiting any agreement between the Central, Hudson and Harlem and Erie Railroads upon rates for freight or passengers, which was adopted.

Mr. Parker moved to add to the first section, that nothing therein contained shall affect any right of action of any person against any officer or agent of the Erie Company, and that the use of the moneys mentioned, ten millions, for any other purpose than therein stated shall be a felony, punishable by an imprisonment of not less than two nor more than five years.

This was adopted, when the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Louisiana Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazete.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—The election passed off very quietly to-day, the whites universally voting. The polls were crowded to the utmost capacity. The vote in this city will be, very large. But few fraudulent votes have been detected. The larger part of the negro vote was cast to-day. The negroes in many cases are voting the Democratic ticket and announce their vote.

—Keating and Hollingwood, the featherweight pugilists, who were to fight in the vicinity of Cincinnati next Monday for the championship, were arrested yesterday under the new law of Ohio prohibiting prize fights. They were taken before Judge Murdock, of Cincinnati, who required them to give bail in $5,000 not to fight in or out of Ohio, within one year, and in default were imprisoned. Their friends are trying to procure the required bail. The affair occasions considerable excitement, and an attempt will be made to-day to have the parties released on a writ of *habeas corpus*.

—A case was before the New York Supreme Court yesterday of Meyer vs. the National Express Company, of which Jos. E. Johnson is President, on a motion to continue the injunction against the Company's incurring further debts or collecting additional assessments from stockholders. The decision was reserved.

—The Frenchman, La Flamene, reported murdered in Webster, Mass., is alive, although terribly mangled and injured beyond hope of recovery. His wife and her paramour, Alfred Dore, were held in $5,000 each to await the result, and committed to jail. The circumstances are strong against them.

FROM EUROPE.

Banquet at Dublin to Prince of Wales—Arrest of Ex-Gov. Eyre—Garibaldi Gone From Caprera—Marriage of Gen. Dix's Daughter at Paris, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

BANQUET TO PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES AT DUBLIN.

DUBLIN, April 17.—The Prince and Princess of Wales were entertained last evening at a banquet by the Lord Lieut. and Marchioness of Abercorn. A large number of invited guests were present, among whom were the most Rev. Doctor Cullen, Roman Catholic Bishop of Armagh, and the President of the Roman Catholic College of Maynooth. To-day the Prince of Wales and suite took a special train again for Kildare to attend the second day's races there.

ARREST OF EX-GOVERNOR EYRE.

LONDON, April 17.—A warrant was issued by the Bow street police magistrate to-day for the arrest of Ex-Governor Eyre, of Jamaica, on a charge of illegally proclaiming martial law during the disturbances in that island. It is believed that by this means the legality of the action of Eyre while Governor of Jamaica, in adopting extraordinary measures to suppress the insurrection, will be finally satisfactorily tested.

NEW MARKET CRAVEN RACES.

LONDON, April 17.—The following are the results of the races on the fifth and last day of the New Market Craven meeting: Handicap, sweepstakes, won by Mr. Falke's bay colt Limington; the Queen's stake, won by H. Chaplin's bay colt Blenkhoolie; the Bennington stakes were taken by Phebus; the post was carried by Mr. Henry's Julius.

FRANCE.

MARRIAGE OF GEN. DIX'S DAUGHTER.

PARIS, April 17.—The marriage of Miss Kate Dix, daughter of the American Ambassador, and Mr. Walsh, a well known merchant in the Japan trade, took place today. A large number of American and European notabilities were present.

HUNGARY.

THE FINANCIAL BUDGET.

PRESTH, April 17.—The ministerial Budget for the kingdom of Hungary has been made public. The financial statement is very favorable. None of the taxes are to be increased, while the tax on salt and tobacco is to be reduced.

ITALY.

GARIBALDI SENSATION.

FLORENCE, April 17.—It is reported here that General Garibaldi has left Caprera and gone to Naples. The rumor causes some uneasiness, as the objects of the General's movements are unknown.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, April 17.—A report is current that Gen. Mensdorf will be appointed an Ambassador of Austria to St. Petersburg.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 17—*Evening.*—Consols, 93¼@93⅜; Five-twenties, 70¼, ex. div.; Erie, 45¾; Illinois Central, 93⅝; Atlantic and Great Western, 34.

FRANKFORT, April 17—*Evening.*—Bonds firm at 75½.

LIVERPOOL, April 17—*Evening.*—Cotton closed dull and a fraction lower for American; sales of 8,000 bales of middling uplands, in port, at 12@12½d., and to arrive at 12¼@12½d.; Orleans, 12¼@12¾d. The amount of cotton afloat for this port is 348,000 bales, including over one hundred thousand from the United States.

Manchester markets dull and heavy. Breadstuffs generally firm. Corn easier though unchanged; mixed western 40d. Wheat advanced to 16s. 2d. for California white and 14s. 5d. for No. 2 red western. Barley, 5s. 1d. Oats, 4s. 1d. Flour, 37s. Peas, 47s. Provisions quiet and steady. Beef, 125s. Pork, 85s. Lard, 64s. 3d. Cheese, 54s. Bacon, 47s. 6d. Produce unchanged, except for tallow, which declined to 45s. 6d.

ANTWERP, April 17—*Evening.*—Petroleum dull and unchanged.

THE London *Times*, from the best information it can obtain, estimates the strength of the army of the Abyssinian King at 12,000 men, well equipped with small arms and artillery. It thinks the 5,000 British troops can make short work of the enemy, and quotes from Napier to prove that a large barbarian army may be more easily beaten than a small one, because too cumbrous to be advantageously manœuvred. The invading force at last accounts was encamped eight thousand feet above the level of the sea, at a point where water is plenty, but forage terribly scarce. The *Times*, however, is confident that by this time a decisive battle has been fought, provided Theodorus has not sought safety in precipitate flight.

CARDINAL BONAPARTE is in his fortieth year, and is the eldest surviving child of the late Prince Charles Bonaparte, President of the Republican Assembly under the Triumvirate, and of his wife Tenaide Bonoparte, only child of Joseph, titular King of Naples, and then of Spain, by the sister of the wife of Bernadotte—Mdlle. Clary, of Marseilles. Cardinal Bonaparte is, therefore, doubly a Bonaparte, and represents, strangely enough, through his mother, the house of Bonaparte, as Joseph was the eldest of the brothers. He is also a near blood relation of the present royal family of Sweeden.

—During the investigation in the assassination case, at Ottawa, Canada, yesterday, the Crown counsel said he was in receipt of important information from Montreal, which rendered it necessary to adjourn till to-day. Further inquiry will probably be conducted with closed doors.

—The Mississippi Convention yesterday passed three sections of the franchise bill. The seventh section provides for six days voting at the next election. Twelve members resigned their seats. The press reporters are excluded from the house after this date.

—Of the eight coal oil distilleries seized on the 12th of March, by the Internal Revenue officers of Baltimore, two have been released by instructions of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. They are those of Geo. P. West and Merritt Poultney & Co.

—John Bradery, who was arrested at St. Louis about a year ago for having in his possession a plate for making counterfeit postal currency, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Treat, of the United States Circuit Court, to ten years in the Penitentiary.

—Gen. Sherman's house in St. Louis has been entered and robbed.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—Gypsies are stealing horses at Dayton.

—Ex-Mayor Geo. Hall, of Brooklyn, died on Thursday.

—The New Jersey Legislature adjourned *sine die* yesterday.

—Johnstown has a base ball club called the Kickenepawling.

—The ice has left the harbor at Montreal. Navigation is resumed.

—The State debt of North Carolina is a little more than $19,500,000.

—The steamer Russia, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

—Gov. Brownlow is preparing for a vigorous campaign against the Ku Klux.

—The residence of E. Delany, at Woonsockett, Mass., was burglarized Thursday night of $1,640.

—Three negros were killed by lightning in Amelia county, Virginia, during the storm on Thursday.

—Stephen D. Cassius was robbed by highwaymen, near Weehawken, N. Y., Thursday night, of $1,400.

—The Rumford food laboratory will be opened next month in Boston, with Prof. Blot as *chef de cuisine*.

—The Citizens' Savings and Loan Association of St. Louis went into involuntary bankruptcy yesterday.

—President Loomis, of the Michigan Central Railroad, is reported killed by the Erie Railroad accident.

—The public schools of San Francisco are to be closed on the 30th for want of funds to continue them.

—Rev. Dr. Gurley, of Washington City, is going to California for his health. He will remain several months.

—The Ku Klux Klan broken into at Memphis deny now that they are a cricket club, and say they are a glee club.

—James Fearns, a salesman in a dry goods store in Warren, Ohio, committed suicide by hanging himself on Sunday last.

—A fire occurred in the picking-room of the Lancaster Guilt Company's mill, at Clinton, Mass., yesterday. Damage $8,000.

—James Hingston, arrested for forgery at Montreal, and admitted to bail, has fled. His forgeries amount to one hundred thousand dollars.

—A ewe near New Lisbon, Ohio, gave birth, a few days since, to a lamb with ten legs, ten feet, two tails and one head. The lamb was dead.

—The amount of flour and grain in store at St. Louis on the 5th instant was, flour, 35,000 bbls; wheat, 112,000 bush; corn, 121,000; oats, 30,000.

—During a storm on Thursday, in Lourinburg, Richmond county, Delaware, Rev. John B. McKinnon and Louschlin McLaurin were killed by lightning.

—A storm on Thursday washed away the bridge of the York River Railroad, Virginia, throwing three cars down an embankment. Nobody was hurt.

—F. J. Crosby has been appointed Deputy Collector of the port of Milwaukee, in the place of the late Collector Davidson, who was lost with the Sea Bird.

—The transactions in stocks at New York continued till 6:30 last evening. New York Central broke after 6 to 111½, but later it partially recovered, closing at 112.

—The Dudley Woolen Mill, at Dudley, Mass., was entirely destroyed by fire Thursday night, the fire originating in the picking-room. Insured for $45,000; loss greater.

—The new club house of the Union League, in New York, was formally opened Thursday night. A grand reception was given to many distinguished ladies and gentlemen.

—A committee of gentlemen has been appointed in Baltimore to investigate the facts in connection with the recent suicide of young Campbell, a pupil of one of the public schools in that city.

—A State Convention of soldiers and sailors meets in Baltimore on Wednesday next, to elect delegates to the National Convention of soldiers and sailors at Chicago on the 19th of May.

—The jury in the Caanan murder case, at Hudson, N. Y., after being out nearly twenty-four hours, yesterday found Joseph Brown guilty of murder in the first degree, with a *recommendation to mercy!*

—Abraham Knowlton, of Wilbraham, Mass., was yesterday examined at Palmer, and committed to jail in Springfield to await trial on a charge of murdering the illegitimate child of his daughter.

—The ceremony of breaking ground for the commencement of the Oregon railroad took place at Portland yesterday. The occasion was celebrated in an enthusiastic manner by a military and civic procession.

—Henry Berosen, a German, while engaged in digging a vault in Cincinnati, yesterday, was buried alive in twelve or fifteen feet of filth. His body had not been recovered at last accounts. He leaves a wife and six children.

—Scattering returns from various sections indicate the ratification of the Constitution of South Carolina, and the success of the Republican ticket by a large majority. In Charleston the majority for the Constitution was eighteen hundred.

—The remains of the late rebel General J. H. Morgan were reinterred at Lexington, Ky., yesterday. A large concourse of citizens from various portions of the State and South, including many of his late rebels-in-arms, attended the funeral.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—Cotton dull, with no quotations; sales of 100 bales; receipts, 10,582 bales; exports—foreign, 11,247 bales; coastwise, 79 bales; stock, 6,041 bales. Sterling 149@152¼. New York Sight Exchange ½ premium. Gold 139. Sugar and Molasses unsettled; New Orleans Molasses 47@58c. Flour dull and depressed; superfine $9,25, choice $13,50@14,50. Corn quiet and firm at $1,03@1,04. Oats quiet at 78c. Hay $21@22. Pork; nothing doing at wholesale; retailing at $25,75. Bacon dull at 14c for Shoulders, 16½c for ribbed, and 18c for clear Sides. Lard dull and unchanged.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, April 17.—Cotton quiet and weaker; receipts, 542 bales; exports, 123 bales; week's receipts, 1,745 bales; exports, 1,103 bales; stock, 3,324 bales. Flour dull and unchanged. Pork quiet at $28. Corn quiet. Bacon quiet; shoulders, 14c; clear sides, 18@18¼c, bulk; shoulders, 13c; sides, 15@16c. Lard unchanged and in light demand. Oats, 77c. Hay scarce at $17@18. Corn Meal, $4,40@4,75.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, April 17.—Flour dull; spring better; city ground, $10,25@10,50; St. Louis white, $14,50; western bakers, $11@11,25. Rye flour nominal at $8,75. Wheat—sales in small lots for seed purposes, total 1,400 bush spring at $2,35. Corn dull; sales of 3 cars new at $1,05, new offered at $1,07, in store. Oats nominal at 76c for western. Barley nominal. Mess pork $26,50@27 for heavy. Lard, 18c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SOME LINES ON SUMMER.

Oh, Summer! dear Summer! come back to us now,
Don't wait any longer for spring;—
We're tired of winter, of cold, and of snow,
Which now can't be called "just the thing."
The streets are filled up with ice, water, or slush,
The sidewalks are dirty and wet,
The horse-cars are filled with a regular rush,
And walking is horrid, "you bet."

Oh, Summer! dear Summer! come back to us quick,
You're sure of a warm welcome here,—
We've let April fool us so much that we're sick,
And losing our tempers, I fear.
Our old overcoats are now nearly worn out,
Thick boots, too, are getting quite thin,
Of Arctics and rubbers we long since were out,
And our coal's getting low in the bin.

Oh Summer! dear Summer! on you we depend,
Of winter we've had quite enough,
With forty-two snow-storms no one can pretend
That we've not been used rather rough.
Our fortitude's gone and now all looks dark,
All signs are discouraging, too,
So, Summer! dear Summer! do pray make your mark,
And all will say "bully for you."

[*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

EPHEMERIS.

—Scarlet fever is raging in Boston.

—D'Arcy Magee left two daughters.

—163 faro banks in New York city.

—Cincinnati has a Conservatory of Music.

—A Boston paper compares Forney to an oyster boat.

—Providence R. I. is to have an asylum for inebriates.

—The skating season is at its height in Hamilton, Canada.

—A coal bed has been found in Gennesee county, New York.

—Harper's Monthly is eighteen years old and as good as ever.

—Earl Derby, it is understood. has declined to be made a Duke.

—Madame Ristori sailed for New York from Havana on Thursday.

—Fifty boat loads of Americans have gone up the Nile this winter.

—Lake Ontario was four feet higher this time last year, than it now is.

—The rates of freight to California via Pacific Mail have been reduced.

—Edwin Booth's new theatre is being built of New Hampshire granite.

—Edward Jesse, author of a book on "Dogs," died recently in England.

—A Pennsylvania cow gave birth to five calves last week. Bully for Pennsylvania.

—Mr. Ward Hunt, the new Chancellor of the British Exchequer, is six feet six inches in height.

—Lord Hotham has been for forty-eight years a member of the British House of Commons.

—Joe Coburn had a benefit in New York on Saturday, and O'Baldwin and Heenan were there.

—The Boston *Post* thinks that Thomas is Secretary of War *ad interim* and Stanton *ad infinitum*.

—Six cords of mahogany for one ton of hay is the present rate of exchange in the Idaho markets.

—A well ninety-five feet deep in Missouri is influenced by the sea and has regular twelve feet tides.

—An exchange advises all girls who want to get married to good husbands to cease acting like fools.

—Beverly Tucker is ill in Canada. We do not at present recall any better place for Beverly to be ill in.

—There are twenty shoe manufactories in Stoneham, Mass. One of these turns out 1,800 pairs per day.

—A Lumberman in the Montreal General Hospital, has the regular old fashioned, scriptural leprosy.

—Madrid offered Miss Kellogg four hundred dollars a night to come and sing to them; she refused.

—Madame de Stael and the Duchesse de Berri were both good billiard players, so too was Lola Montez.

—"The growing insolence of servants" is the subject of a communication to the Rochester *Democrat*.

—A monument, erected to the memory of Martin Luther, in the City of Worms, will be dedicated in June.

—Agapius Honcharenko is the cognomen of the able editor of the new journal which has appeared in Alaska.

—The New York *Police Gazette*, very appropriately, had a forger for reporter, until he was arrested last week.

—The steam man has been very generally discussed in the English papers. In spite of everything he wont budge.

—A man was killed in Cleveland on Wednesday by a sign board which was blown down by the heavy wind.

—Crooked Lake, in New York State, is no more, the Legislature has changed its name to the Euphonius one of Keuka.

—Human bones when ground up are said to make a good fertilizer. A Nashville firm is in the human bone grinding business.

—Columbus O. Fenians have organized a military company. What is to be done with this company has not been divulged.

—A Rochester clergyman has requested his parishioners to furnish him with either an assistant or a horse, it is immaterial which.

—A large building, containing a bakery and a millinery shop, was completely wrecked by the storm in Cleveland on Wednesday.

—Mr. D'Israeli has a coat of arms but ignores it. It is the same as that borne by the House of Braganza, now reigning in Portugal,

—The Manchester Print Works, located in New Hampshire, employ 2,500 hands, and produce twenty millions of yards of woolen cloth yearly.

—Some one who has probably looked through a microscope for the first time, is trying to raise an excitement over the small insects he has seen in brown sugar.

—Tourgeneff's last novel has been translated into French under the title of *Fume* it is said to be more interesting than his former one "Fathers and Sons."

—A Cincinnati genius has bought the privilege of advertising on the lamp posts of that city. Pittsburgh might make money out of her lamp posts in the same way.

—Spurious counts and barons are not as plentiful in American cities as they once were. The extent of foreign travel is the reason of it. We personally know of one at present in Philadelphia, however, and moving with the grace of a master of ceremonies in the upper circles, while lodging in a miserable garret.

—"A flight for life," "True as the needle," "A life's assize," "Leonora Cassaloni," "Change upon Change," and "The Soul Trap" are the latest English fictions.

—Theodore, Sultan of Abyssina, and direct descendant of the renowned Queen of Sheba is a man of extremely regular habits. He never gets drunk until noon, and then *always* does.

—Henry Ingalls says he has discovered another play by Shakespeare, printed in 1615 and called "Albumazar." He courts the investigation of all Shakesperian scholars and virtuosas.

—A large roll of letters, yellow and dirty, has been discovered in a Venetian convent. They were written by Lord Byron, and lingered in the convent long after he had taken his departure.

—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* has quite a reputation for bad puns. Its latest attempt was made in speaking of Ristori's new play, *Sor eresa*, it says "the morality of this play is sorter easy."

—John Stuart Mill says he is not going to give up his fight for women's rights in the English Parliament. He is corresponding with prominent female suffrage women on this side of the Atlantic.

—The Astor estate is valued at $144,000,000 by some one who professes to know. We don't profess to know anything about it, but should think that half that amount would be nearer correct.

—The man Bates, who has been playing the fool with the National Banner, has not excited as much notoriety as he expected. No one, we believe, has even proposed his name as a candidate for the Presidency.

—In a trout pond at Bellows Falls there is a pair of trout twins with seperate heads and tails, but connected between these members in the style of the twins of Siamy. This freak of nature has not abated the usual liveliness of the little fish a particle.

—We have often heard that it takes a good sportsman to kill a crow, because they are so wary and smell gunpowder afar off; but a Maine gunner killed 23 crows at one shot the other day. They probably all had bad colds and didn't smell the destroyer as they should have done.

—Canova's statue of Napoleon I., which stood in the Hall of State in Westphalia, but was thrown down and broken when the Emperor himself fell, has been discovered in Cassel and put together again. The French Consul in that place has requested it in the name of his government.

—During the late severe weather the officers and crews of the lake vessels suffered intensely and a large number of vessels was wrecked. The schooner Gertrude was driven ashore near Chicago on Saturday, and the crew who were in a benumbed condition, were rescued with difficulty, the rigging and deck were thickly incrusted with ice.

—Twelfth street being the only street running north and south in Philadelphia, between Broad street and the Delaware, unobstructed by rails, is to have a Nicholson pavement. Twelfth street has always been, because unobstructed by rails, the favorite driving street for young men with light wagons and fast horses.

—The ruins of an extensive town with canals and acqueducts have been discovered in Utah a few miles from the mouth of Salt River. There has evidently been a race of no little civilization settled in that region at one time, but who they were, and when they were? is a question that in all human probability will never be answered.

—Jennie June was anxious to be invited to the Dickens Dinner in New York, but wasn't expected, and so she is down on the men and makes some unpleasant allusions to dirt in connection with linnen. Jane writes pretty good fashion letters, but when she tries invectives she talks as if breeding was not part of her education, and in fact as an invectivist is not worth a row of pins.

—The Nashville people have a nice little sensation in the shape of an enormous sea serpent in the Cumberland river. If this monster who has excited so much comment for thousands of years, has actually been imprudent enough to come so far from the sea, scientific men should contribute enough to keep him there, where, when a strong enough siene has been manufactured, he may be captured.

—Boys of different schools are often as disagreeable to each other as men of different religion and denominations. Yesterday we saw a party of boys passing on their road to one school the door of another where another party of boys were congregated. A collission, and cuffs were the natural result. Loud crys of "University rats," from one party and some other kind of rats from the other rent the air, and a few moments of confusion followed, then the one party with drew, but a harrying fire of shouts was exchanged for a short time. We suppose this jealousy between different schools always has and will exist; but why boys should always call each other rats is quite unaccountable.

The Connecticut Election.

The Boston *Transcript* publishes a letter from a leading Connecticut Republican, which says:

Another election is over, and this time we remain in possession of the field. Of course the Democrats make a great noise about the success of their State ticket, but they are whipped and they know it. When I tell you that in Connecticut a Governor's veto can be overridden by a bare majority—and that we have a majority of 22 in the House and 3 in the Senate, (11 in the House and 1 in the Senate last year,)—you will understand how little the success of their State ticket really amounts to. The real fight was for the United States Senator. The Copperheads relied on large fraudulent accessions to their vote in the large cities and towns. Their real work was done in the close country towns. In this contest, without money, we should have been whipped to a certainty. We have the prize most to be desired—a United States Senator. This was the game which English was playing, and he spent a fortune this spring only to find that he had lost. Count on us for Grant next fall.

DENTISTRY.

$8. ONLY $8.
A FULL SET OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH FOR EIGHT DOLLARS.
FULL UPPER AND LOWER SET FOR $12.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
ALL WORK WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
LAUGHING GAS FREE OF CHARGE, AT
QUINCY A. SCOTT'S
Steam Dental Establishment,
278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.
N. B.—As DR. SCOTT is a licensee under the Goodyear Patents, he will not make any "new (bogus) rubber" sets, but will continue to manufacture the genuine article—VULCANITE. mh23:d&T

GAS FIXTURES.
GAS FIXTURES
AND
Chandeliers,
FOR GAS AND OIL.
Just received, the finest and largest assortment ever opened in this city.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 WOOD STREET, COR. VIRGIN ALLEY.
mh24:n22

DRY GOODS.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO., No. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
ap5:n23

87. MARKET STREET. 87.
SPRING OPENING!
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
(Successor to J. M. Burchfield & Co.)
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
MR. PHILLIPS respectfully announces that the extensive alterations to his
RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE
Are completed, and his establishment is NOW OPEN. He offers an entirely
New Stock of Dry Goods,
For Spring and Summer Wear, at the lowest Eastern Case Prices.
ap3: 87....MARKET STREET....87.

AT DENNISON & HECKERT'S,
27 Fifth Street.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 8 cents and upwards.
ALL LINEN HEM-STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS, for 25 cents and upwards.
WATCH AND WORK BOXES, WRITING DESKS.
HOSIERY, in all grades and at all prices.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS,
AT REDUCED PRICES!
KID GLOVES, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, &c.
ALL OUR GOODS AT LOW PRICES.
fe10

HOUSEKEEPERS,
USE THE QUEEN,
QUEEN OF THE WASH-TUB.
A HOUSE CLEANER: A CLOTHES WASHER:
A STAIN REMOVER:
A SPOT ERADICATOR; A COLOR RESTORER;
Cheaper than Soap. Sold in Bottles by all respectable Grocers. Indorsed by the first families of Allegheny county. Manufactured by the
HESS MANUFACTURING CO.,
Office, No. 136 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

NOTICE.
WHEREAS, A libel of information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, against the Brewery of ANDREW KOENIG, situated in the city of Allegheny, and about 70 bbls. of Schenk Beer, 40 bbls. of Lager Beer, 10 hogsheads, 3 vats, 6 barrels, 1 vat, 1 small vat, 1 copper pump, 3 sections of hose, containing about 70 feet; 2 small tubs, 1 bucket, 1 kettle and appurtenances; 1 cooler—being the property of Andrew Koenig. The said Andrew Koenig and all persons claiming an interest in said property are hereby notified to be and appear before our said Court, at Pittsburgh, on the 26th day of April, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., then and there to make answer to the premises, and intervene for their respective interests, and make their allegations in that behalf.
THOS. A. HOWLEY, U. S. Marshal.
Marshal's Office, April 10, 1868. ap11:o36

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, April 8, 1868.
THE PARK COMMISSION will receive proposals for the
Grading of Grounds known as "West Commons,"
Until THURSDAY, April 16th, at 12 M. Drawings and specifications can be seen and full particulars obtained on application at this office.
The Commission reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
CHAS. DAVIS,
ap9:o23 Supt'g Engineer Park Commission.

WASHINGTON MILLS,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator
W. W. ANDERSON,
Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh29. n53

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
No. 5 FOURTH STREET,
(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.
Orders promptly attended to. ap13:n22

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET,
Have just opened all shades of
BULLION AND RISTORI FRINGES.
BUGLE GIMPS AED FRINGES,
At yery low prices. ap11
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth Street,
Now offer the most elegant line of
HAMBURGS
Ever opened in Pittsburgh, to which they especially invite the attention of their customers. The designs are nearly all new and original, and about ONE-FIFTH LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES.
ap11
AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
New Parasols,
Straw Goods,
And Flowers,
JUST OPENED.
ap9
PERFECT FITTING
KID GLOVES.
"A. C. C."—"H. S. K."
We invite attention to our
KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,
Which is now complete with every color and shade. In addition to our own special importation of the
Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,
We have secured the exclusive sale of the
"Harris Seamless Kids,"
The best Glove and most perfect fit.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
ap11 19 FIFTH STREET.
NEW STORE! NEW STORE!
ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO'S
PHILADELPHIA EMPORIUM,
76 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have received their entirely new stock of goods, consisting of
Millinery and Straw Goods,
Ribbons, Laces,
Artificial Flowers,
Embroideries, White Goods,
Hosiery and Gloves,
Corsets and Skirts,
Fancy Goods, &c.,
To which they invite the attention of purchasers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
One of our firm giving his entire attention to the purchasing of goods at the Eastern Markets, and having had long experience and all the facilities for procuring goods at the very lowest prices, we are enabled to offer great inducements.
Constantly receiving New Goods from the New York and Philadelphia auctions.
A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO.,
No. 76 MARKET STREET.
mh24:n20

GRAND OPENING!
OF
SPRING GOODS.
Barred Organdies.
Barred and Striped Nainsook;
Victoria Lawns.
Soft Finish Cambric.
ALSO, A LARGE LOT OF
SOILED WHITE GOODS,
Which we are selling at a great sacrifice.
GOOD IRISH LINENS at 37 cents. SOILED KID GLOVES at 50 cents. SYSTEME ALEXANDRE KIDS for $1. GENUINE ALEXANDRE KIDS for $1.85. Our assortment of HOSIERY cannot be beat. HOOP SKIRTS at 75 cents. The new and beautiful SENSATION TIE, just received. 200 doz. FRENCH CORSETS just received. A complete line of MAGENTA, LUCRETIA and ELVIRA CORSETS. Also, a line of MISSES' CORSETS. RISTORI FRINGES, all colors. BULLION FRINGES, all colors. BUGLE TRIMMINGS, a fine assment. A fine lot of BUTTONS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
mh21:d16

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.
BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
mh9 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SECOND HAND
MELODEONS AND ORGANS,
In perfect order, from $35 to $130.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
mh12 42 Fifth st., 2d door above Wood.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
JULIAN ALLEN,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
No. 8 SIXTH STREET, (National Bank of Commerce Building,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Branch of 172 Water street, N. Y.
ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,
No 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY
jy8:n53

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.
MARCH : : : : : : : 1868.
THE VERY LATEST
PATTERNS
IMPORTED CARPETS.
THE VERY NEWEST
STYLES
DOMESTIC CARPETS,
ARE DAILY ARRIVING, AND SOLD SOON AS RECEIVED.
PRICES
THE VERY LOWEST.
McCALLUM BROTHERS,
51 FIFTH STREET, above Wood.
mh25
23 JUST IMPORTED, 23
And Especially Adapted to this Market,
VELVET CARPETS,
OF MOST ELEGANT DESIGNS.
English Body and Tapestry Brussels,
INGRAINS AND HEMPS,
THE FINEST ASSORTMENT AND THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.
COMMON CARPETS,
25 CENTS PER YARD.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
No. 23 Fifth Street.
fe2:
1868. SPRING STOCK OF 1868.
CARPETS,
JUST OPENING,
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
All Qualities
LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Street,
mh10:d&wF OVER BATES & BELL'S.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
BY STEAMER COLORADO,
Of our own Direct Importation,
THE NEWEST AND CHOICEST PATTERNS OF THE CELEBRATED
JOHN CROSSLEY & SON'S
ENGLISH TAPESTRY
AND
BODY BRUSSELS,
FOR PARLORS AND HALLS,
WITH STAIR CARPETS TO MATCH.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 AND 73 FIFTH ST, (Second Floor.)
ap7:TTS&T

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.
F. L. ATWOOD....BENSON JONES.....J. M'CAFFREY.
ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Cor. of Third and Liberty Streets,
Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Pa.
LIGHT AND HEAVY CASTINGS furnished promptly to order.
Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c.
AGENTS FOR A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S
Steam Pumps and Blower Engines.
These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. PUMPS constantly on hand. fe25:n10
JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY BIER.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.
Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
my15:z20

CRACKER BAKERIES.
MARVIN'S PATENT
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
And every variety of
SUPERIOR CRACKERS.
S. S. MARVIN,
91 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
TRY THEM. mh24
ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
SHEPHARD'S
Steam Cracker and Biscuit Factory,
317 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

ARCHITECTS.
BARR & HOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 5 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

WHITE LEAD AND
ALL OF THE MANUF.
OF THE
PITTSBURGH WHIT
AND
COLOR WORI
INCLUDING
STRICTLY PURE WHIT
ZINC PAINT
Chrome Green,
Verditer Green,
Versailles Gree
Chrome Y
Ve
And every variety of Colors, dry and for sale by
HARRIS & EW
WHOLESALE DRUGG
Corner of Liberty and Way
PITTSBURGH.
J. SCHOONMAKER & S
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE AND RED LEAD;
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEA
McCOY'S VERDI
And all colors, dry or in oil.
OFFICE, No. 67 FOURTH S
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454,
Rebecca street, and 49, 51 and 53 L
Allegheny.

COAL AND COK
BEST FAMILY COAL
ALWAYS ON HAND
And Delivered Promptly t
AT LOWEST MARKET RATE
OSCAR F. LAMM
Corner Sandusky Street and P. Ft. W
ALLEGHENY CI
ANTHRACITE COAL FURNISH
LOWEST RATES.
COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART
Having removed their Offic
NO. 567 LIBERTY ST
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND
Are now prepared to furnish good YO
NY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,
market price.
All orders left at their office, or
them through the mail, will be attended
my25:b23
CHARLES H. ARMSTRO
DEALER IN
YOUGHIOGLENY AND CONNELLSV
And Manufacturers of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURI
Office and Yard—CORNER OF BU
MORTON STREETS. First yard on
Clymer streets, Ninth Ward, and on S
near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Families and Manufacturers suppl
bert article of Coal or Coke at the lowe
Orders left at any of their offices
prompt attention.
ARMSTRONG & HUTC
Successors to
PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY
MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS
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Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH
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No. 93½ SMITHFIELD STREET, PIT
Keeps constantly on hand a fine asso
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VI
Also, GENT'S FURNISHING GOOD
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, the la
NOW READY.
For the Spring Seaso
With a large and complete stock of
BOYS', YOUTHS' AND CHILD
CLOTHING.
All the new and leading styles, to be f
No. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET
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LAD 28' OYSTER SALOON atta
GEORGE BEAVEN,
Candy Manufacture
And dealer in FOREIGN & AMERICAN PICKLES, NUTS &c.,
No. 112 Federal Street,
Second door from the first National
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No. 32 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE
High street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residenc
Grant street.
Jobbing done with neatness and dis
orders promptly attended to, and satisf
ranted. an29
STEAM
CARPET BEATI
ESTABLISHMENT.
Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New Yo
er Eastern cities has proved a complete s
ITS ADVANTAGES:
1st—Fading and Shrinkage are comple
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the Carpet looks nearly as good as new.
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long again, a desirable matter as a mer
economy, to say nothing of looks.
ALL ORDERS LEFT AT THE OFF
No. 179 Liberty St
Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will recei
attention.
GEO. L. McCLINTOC
mh15: PROPR

Matters in New York.

Closed at 138@138½.

[Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 17, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Market quite stringent early in the day, 7 per cent. gold, but became easy afternoon at 7 per cent. currency, all loans, closing steady at that rate. Discounts continue heavy at 8@10 per cent. Sterling a shade firmer, at 109¼ for sight, for prime bills. Gold firmer, closing at 138¼, advanced to 138¾, and steady at 138@138½.

GOVERNMENTS

Market steady and became strong and active in the afternoon, and closed strong but not very active. Henry Clewes & Co. furnish the annexed 4:30 quotations: 6's, 1881, 112@112¼; do. '62, 111@111¼; do. '64, 109@109¼; do. '65, 109¾@110; do. '65, 107¼@107¾; do. '67, 107¾@108; do. 7-30's, 111¾@111¾; 7-30s, 106@106½. The gold market opened heavily with a decline to 74¼ and Central to 108½; the latter proportion increased. The decline was occasioned by the rise of 2@3 per cent. and thereafter the market continued strong and strong to the close of the day, the advance is marked through the list. Some heavy contracts in New York Central were covered to-day, which affected the whole market. It is believed that the decline over, and this induces considerable purchase of stock.

The following were the closing prices at the Stock Board: Canton 46¼@46¾; Cumberland Coal 46¾; Adams Express 59¼@59¾; Wells Fargo 57; American 57@59; United States 58@58¼; Quicksilver 27½; Mariposa 6; Pacific Mail 31@31½; Quicksilver 27½; Mariposa 6; Pacific Mail 30@32; New York Central 124½@125; Erie 67; Hudson 124½@125; Reading 87½@87¾; Ohio and Mississippi 31; Wabash 47¾@48; Saint Paul 71½; do preferred 71½@72; Michigan Southern 87½; Michigan Central 113¾; Illinois Central 142@143; Pittsburgh 86¾@87; Rock Island 101½@102; Rock Island 88¼@88½; Northwestern 61@63; do preferred 71@72; Fort Wayne 101½; Hartford and Erie 19; Cleveland and Ashtabula 99; Cleveland and St. Joseph 27; do preferred 57; Toledo 86½; New Tennessee 66½; Missouri 66; Express Company 66¼.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares dull; Quartz Hill 86@88; Belcher 50; Wallkill 20.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Sub-Treasury $1,345,010; payments $1,228,806; balance $102,951,424.

Chicago Market.

[Through to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, April 17.—Flour is firm with a good demand for eastern account prices and material change. Wheat is in active demand and 2a3¼c higher; sales at $2,12a2,18; No. 2 at $2,02a2,04½ without change; the market was firm; sales at $2,04½a2,04¾. Corn is active and 1a1¾c higher; 85a85¾ for No. 1, 82¼c for No. 2, and 82½c for new; this p. m. the market was firmer at 85¼a86c for No. 1, and 82¼a82½c for new. Oats, firmer and higher at 60½c; closing at the inside price. Rye is firm at $1,70a1,78c. Barley sales at 35a2,40. Provisions quiet; sales of Pork at $26,25a26,40; holders are asking full prices. Beef hams firm but quiet at $14. Nothing doing in bulk meats. Lard active at 16¾a17c. Sugar pickled hams in demand at 18¼a18¾c, Hogs firm at $8,50 for inferior to good. Receipts of flour; 12,900 bush wheat; 181,266 bush corn; 1,600 do oats; 3,510 hogs. Shipments—6 bbls flour; 38,720 bush wheat; 6,099 bush corn; 6,099 do oats; 8,852 hogs. Market steady and firm at 10c for corn and 2c for wheat to Buffalo.

St. Louis Market.

[Through to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Tobacco steady and firm; lugs, $7@8,25; leaf, $7@8,25; extra $8,50@8,75; double extra $9,50@10,50; bright leaf in request and none offering forward. In Cotton there is nothing doing. Flour steady and unchanged; superfine $7@8,25; extra $8,50@8,75; double extra $9,50@10,50; family $10@21; treble extra to fancy $11,50@12,50. Wheat—choice fall stiff at $2,65@2,70; prime fall 5@20c lower, ranging at $2,02@2,60; spring heavy at 86@90c. Oats in better demand and higher at 70@72c. Barley in demand and higher at $2,60@2,65 for prime spring. Rye dull at $1,70@1,75. Pork quiet at $27@27,50, $27,50 for heavy. Bacon dull at 13c for clear rib and 17c for clear sides. Lard quiet at 17c for tierce; 18c for keg and can. Hams scarce and higher at $2,20. Cattle dull at 5@8½c gross. Sheep $3@8 per head. Receipts—Four 1,500 bbls, wheat 22,400 bu, corn 22,400 bu, oats 22,000 bu, rye 1,200 bu, barley 350 bu.

Cincinnati Market.

[Through to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, April 17.—Flour firm and in good demand at full rates; sales of family at $11; extra at $12,50; advanced to $2,60 for No. 1, and light Corn in moderate demand at 85. Provisions steady at 76. Rye scarce and firm at $1,70. Barley dull and prices nominal. Cotton dull and nominal sales at 29 for middling. Tobacco in steady demand sales of 300 hhds at $8@8,80 for lugs and $11@21,50 for leaf. Provisions dull; nothing done and prices nominal. Mess Pork offered at $26,-. Bulk Meats at 12@14¼ for Shoulders and 14¼ for sides. Bacon 13, 16 and 17 for shoulder, rib and clear sides. Lard sold to a limited extent at 17. Butter firm at 45 for choice. Cheese 15@16 and firm. Coffee 21@ Linseed Oil dull at $1,14. Petroleum dull and Refined free. Gold 138¼ buying.

Cleveland Market.

[Through to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, April 17.—Flour quiet and unchanged, with a moderate demand; held at $10@11,50; double extra spring $10@11,50; extra winter $11,50@13,50; double extra white $13@14,50. Wheat quiet but firm; sales No 1 red winter reported at $2,30; No 2 red, and $2,35@2,40 for No 1; white $2,35. Corn in fair demand and firm; sales at 95c for No. 1 shelled in store, 93c for June delivery, sellers' option; No 1 at 93@94c on track. Oats firm and unchanged, at 76c for No 1 State from store. No sales. Barley nominal. Petroleum: Refined firmer; held at $3,80@3,85; refined 21@22c for bonded, and 31@33c for free.

Toledo Market.

[Through to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, April 17.—Flour—receipts, 3,299 bbls; shipments, 1,000 bbls; the market is quiet. Wheat—receipts, 15,717 bush; shipments, 1,000 bush; sales of white Michigan at $2,80; amber Michigan at $2,61. Corn—receipts, 15,717 bush; shipments, 1,000 bush; market opened dull; sales of No 1 at 90c; No 2 at 89c; closing firmer; sales of Michigan at 90½c; No 2 Michigan at 90c, for No 1; sellers for April at 91c. Oats—receipts, 9,068 bush; shipments, 1,000 bush; market is 1c lower; sales of Michigan No 2 Michigan at 66c. Rye—sales of No 2 at $1,60. Barley—receipts, 535 bush; shipments, 1,000 bush; the market is nominal. Seeds dull. Provisions—sales of mess pork at $26,50@26,75. Bulk Hams, 15½c.

Milwaukee Market.

[Through to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, April 17.—Flour quiet and unchanged; $10,75 for winter extra, and $9,37@10 for spring extras, $7,75@8,75 for superfine. Wheat unsettled and higher at $2,12, no winter, $2,14½ for summer No 1, $2,04@2,05, and no summer receipts. Corn active and higher at 59@59½c for No. 1. Oats scarce and firm at 82c for No. 1. Barley shelled. Receipts—flour, 3,000 barrels; wheat, 12,000 bushels; oats, 6,000 bushels; corn, 3,000 bushels. Shipments—2,200 barrels flour; 12,100 bushels of wheat, 14,000 bushels of oats.

Baltimore Market.

[Through to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, April 17.—Flour steady and in fair demand at yesterday's advance. Wheat firm; Pennsylvania red, $2,80@2,92; Maryland do., $2,90@3,10. Corn steady, 1,11@1,13; yellow, $1,18@1,20. Oats at 85@90c. Rye firm at $1,80@2,00. Provisions unchanged.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 17.—The dry goods market still remains quiet, yet prices generally will sustain. Heavy sheetings of the best makes bring 18½a19c. Cabot A. 17½c. Dwight Q 17c do Z 15½c. Portsmouth heavy at 15c. Bedford R 10½c. New York Mills, Bleached Muslins 29a30c. Masonville 25c, Arkwright W T. 20c. Hills 19c. Masonville 20c, and Portsmouth B 7½c. Laconia Brown drills now bring 17½c, but other good makes are steady at 17c, in other styles of cottons there is no particular change except in canton flannels which are rather firmer. Laconia command 21c and Elertion N bleached 34c.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, April 17.—Sales 132 hhds tobacco lugs at $5@7,25; common to medium leaf, $7,50@14; cutting leaf, $25,50@27,50. Super flour steady at $8,50; fancy, $12@12,50. Wheat, $2,55. Shelled corn in bulk, 88c; ear, 95c. Oats, 75c. Cotton dull at 29@29½c. Rye, $2. Mess pork, $27. Bulk meats—Shoulders, 12½c; clear sides, 16½c. Bacon—Shoulders, 13½@13½c; clear sides, 17½c; hams, 18@19½c. Packed lard, tierces, 17¼c. Whisky, free.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—Petroleum quiet, crude 15½c, do in bulk at 11a11½c, refined 25a25½c. Provisions less and firm. Mess Pork $28a28,75. Lard 18c. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat advancing, red $2,95. Rye $1,95. Corn unsettled, yellow $1,22, mixed western $1,22. Oats steady at 85c for heavy western, and 90a93c for Southern.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, April 16.—23 cars metal, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Robinson, Rea & Co; 363 bxs glass, C Ihmsen & Co; 6 bxs cheese, 2 do butter, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 25 bxs cheese, J S Dilworth & Co; 1 car barley, Spencer & McKay; 270 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & Co; 100 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 100 do do, owner; 100 do do, S B Floyd; 4 hhds tobacco, J M Murtland; 1 do do, A Schaub; 1 do do, M Heyl; 3 tubs butter, Graff & Reiter; 1 car hay, H Rea Jr; 18 bgs rags, Markle & Co; 50 bbls grease, F Sellers & Co; 12 pkgs brooms, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 46 sks rye, W J Meek; 8 sks rags, Pittsburgh Paper Co; 1 car bran, J Dorrington; 1 car bulk meat, W B Hays & Son; 275 pigs lead, Bakewell, Pears & Co; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, April 17—2 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 3 cars pig iron, H Woodsides; 8 cars railroad iron, Pitts Ft W & Chicago R R; 1 car fire brick, Johnston, Taylor & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 1 bx butter, J Sohl; 1 bbl eggs, 1 bx butter, P Blum; 1 bbl eggs, 1 firkin butter, J Kemple; 10 bgs wheat, Scott & Gisal; 8 calves, 3 sheep, J Hoffman; 2 bbls eggs, 1 keg do, P & M Kain; 1 ck mdse, F Sellors & Co; 2 bbl eggs, T C Jenkins; 2 do do, H Rea; 2 do do, 1 bx butter, J Stoops; 2 bbls eggs, S Stevens 1 bbl eggs, 1 bx butter, T White; 7 sks rye, W J Meek; 7 do do, Scott & Gisal; 3 cars marketing, owners.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, April 17.—6 bbls eggs, 2 pkgs butter, J Peters; 34 jugs maple molasses, McKnight & Smith; 1 bbl eggs, Keil & Ritchart; 69 bags oats, 12 do rye, Brown & Williams; 274 sks corn, 15 do potatoes, J Christian; 5 bbls rye, 10 do apples, Graff & Reiter; 93 bags corn, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 50 bbls oil, Bly & Pinkerton; 4 cars metal, Union Iron Mills; 9 do ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 3 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 100 bbls lime, L H Carbesh; 13 pkgs tobacco, E Megraw; 20 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang; 50 bbls oil, Wm McCutcheon.

PITTSBURGH COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, April 17.—50 bxs starch, Head & Metzgar; 30 bxs hops, Arbuckles & Co; 50 kgs white lead, J C Mitchell; 15 pkgs produce, E Smith; 100 bbls flour, C B Leech; 1 car coru, Brown & Williams; 2 cars staves, W Smith; 1 car oats, J W Simpson; 7 sks corn, 5 do barley, McHenry & Hood; 8 bbls eggs, 2 hf bbls butter, W H Graff; 20 pkgs fish, Jas Mills & Son; 36 do do, S Ewart & Co; 22 bbls dried peaches and apples, Shomaker & Lang; 7 do do, S P Shriver & Co; 4 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott & Co; 3 bbls eggs, Voight, Mahood & Co; 1 car scrap iron, Rees, Graff & Dull.

ALLEGHENY STATION, April 17.—1 bbl eggs, 10 do whisky, R & A Carson; 3 cars limestone, Superior Iron Co; 750 bgs barley Smith & Co; 38 bgs rye, Stewart & Langenheim; 13 kegs nails, Monroe, Hamilton & Co; 13 hides, 2 bbls tallow, J Luckraft; 1 hhd tobacco, R & W Jenkinson; 11 barrels crackers, J Kohen & Bro; 4 do do, D McAleer; 2 do eggs, J Longmore; 5 do do, H Lenz; 125 bgs oats, 12 do seed, F Owens; 2 cars wheat, W McKee & Co; 228 bags oats, J B McKee & Co.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, April 16—1 bbl tallow, 1 kg lard, Voight, Mahood & Co; 4 sks rags, T C Jenkins; 10 do do, Vangorder & Shepard; 1 car barley, D Wallace; 20 kgs nails, Graff, Bennett & Co; 5 bxs tobacco, J A Jacobs.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, April 16—6 sks corn, 8 do bran, H B Goe; 150 bdls paper, F Schilling; 3 pkg seed, D S Wright; 1 bbl dry apples, D S Wright; 1 bbl dry apples, S P Shriver & Co; 46 bdls paper, Markle & Co; 6 sks scraps, A Hooveler & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

Both rivers were again rising yesterday with twelve feet six inches in the Allegheny, and about eleven and a half in the Monongahela. The weather yesterday was unsettled with occasional showers of rain.

Advices from the headwaters of the Allegheny report as follows: Oil City—five feet nine inches and falling; weather cloudy and warm. Tidioute—forty-six inches and falling; weather getting colder.

The arrivals since our last include the Bayard, from Parkersburg; St. Charles, from Cincinnati, and Lorena, from St. Louis. The Alice V. was due from St. Louis last night, and will doubtless be found in port this morning.

The St. Charles, for Cincinnati, and Robt. Moore, for Portsmouth, constitute the departures. The St. Charles, we presume, would not get out until after dark, as she would be unable to get her freight on board before that time.

The R. C. Gray, Capt. Anderson, is filling up steadily for Cincinnati and Louisville. The Grey will receipt freight through to Memphis and New Orleans.

The Grey Eagle, Captain Brennan, is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving promptly at noon.

The Importer, Captain Williams, will positively take her departure for St. Louis and Fort Benton to-day, and the Silver Lake, Capt. Todd, is also announced to leave for the same points this evening. These boats are both connected with the "Rees Line," and are in all respects well adapted for the long voyage they are about to undertake.

The Bellevernon, Capt. Darragh, and Mary Davage and barges, Capt. Campbell, will be the first boats to leave for St. Louis. The Bellevernon will receipt freight to all points on the Upper Mississippi, in connection with the "Northern Line."

The Leni Leoti is on the dock undergoing repairs. It expected that she will be off sometime next week.

We have no further details in regard to the sinking of the Carrie.

The Spray is to be sold at Marshal's sale at Cincinnati on Monday next.

Capt. Henry Miller, of Evansville, has purchased one-half of the steamer Fannie Brandies, and will run her in the Evansville and Nashville trade.

The Glendale, en route from St. Louis to Pittsburgh, was at Cairo on Wednesday. She has 300 tons of iron ore for Steubenville; 75 tons of pig metal, 500 bbls sand, 466 bgs millfeed, 200 bbls flour, and 30 tons of sundries, for this port.

The Ida Rees and Glasgow left Louisville on Wednesday, en route for St. Louis. The New York was to have left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Wednesday night.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Wednesday, says: The Silver Cloud, from Dubuque yesterday, loaded to the guards with St. Louis, New Orleans, and Ohio river freight, leaves to-morrow for Pittsburgh. Armenia left last evening for Pittsburgh; will have a full load, having engagements below here.

A late Cincinnati paper says: The purchasers of the Leonora No. 2, which boat was sold at Marshal's sale, a few days since, after passing over their check for the amount of purchase money and receiving bill of sale, proceeded to take possession, but found the Sheriff had a man in charge, who informed them that he had been "Captain" for Seventy-seven days and did not relish the idea of being discharged. This not meeting the views of the owners, they stopped payment of the check until matters were satisfactorily adjusted.

The depot quartermaster, at St. Louis, invites proposals for the transportation of 382 tons of grain to Fort Sully, 87 tons to Fort Rice, and 564 tons to Fort Thomson. This is a pretty good opening for those steamers of the mountain fleet that have abandoned the idea of going to Fort Benton.

The Louisville *Courier* says: Since fast runs are in vogue we can cite the best coal run, if not the biggest on record. The tug towboat Dick Fulton No. 3, Captain W. S. Packer, made the trip from this port to New Orleans, in seven days and twenty-three hours, with a fleet of barges containing 7,500 tons of coal. This was a feat in the towing line hard to beat. The pilots were Burrett & Taylor.

Captain T. C. Sweeney writes to J. Cunningham & Co., of Cincinnati, that he has concluded to run the St. Marys as weekly packet between Cincinnati and Pittsburgh, leaving there every Friday evening, and Pittsburgh every Monday evening. She will be here to leave Friday of next week.

The St. Louis *Republican*, of Wednesday, says: Capt. W. B. Haslett left yesterday for Pittsburgh, and as he has abandoned the idea of establishing a line of boats to the moon, will not go by Madison to Louisville.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $5 or four quantities in one for $19. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 205 Second Avenue, New York. fe20:l64:TTS

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE, a New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of indigestion, flatulence and nervous diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically considered, &c.

Pocket volumes containing these lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing: SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York. fe20:l65:1:TH:S

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn'a. ja30:k67F

ORDINANCES.

ALLEGHENY.

AN ORDINANCE to prevent the standing of Wagons on the Streets.

SEC. 1 *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.* That Section 23d, Page 88, Chapter 13, City Code, be and it is hereby amended by striking out the words "within the Diamond Square during Market hours," and by the addition of the following proviso: "Provided that the wagons of farmers and others attending market that cannot be accommodated elsewhere shall be permitted to remain in the First Ward Square of the Diamond during market hours."

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 9th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
J. S. SLAGLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
D. MACFERRON, Clerk of Select Council.
D. DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. ap16

PITTSBURGH.

A RESOLUTION.

Resolved, That the Water Committee be and they are hereby authorized to make such extensions of water pipe as they may deem proper and expedient throughout the city, as now constituted under the act of consolidation; and also to make such repairs and improvements to the present water works as they may deem needful—payments for the same to be made out of proceeds of the Water Extension Loan Bonds, now authorized to be issued by ordinance, and the Water Committee are hereby empowered to certify for said payments in their usual manner.

In Councils, this 14th day of April, A. D. 1868, read three times and passed.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap16:o66

AN ORDINANCE

AUTHORIZING THE

Grading, Paving and Curbing of Greenough Street, from Try Street to Iron Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Greenough street, from Try street to Iron alley, Eighth ward, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 6th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap16:o65

LEGAL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

United States
vs.
16 Barrels Whiskey or High Wines. } No. 32, May Term, 1868.

Notice is hereby given to all persons claiming the said 16 Barrels of Whiskey or High Wines that they be and appear before the said Court on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M. of that day, then and there to make answer to the premises and intervene for their respective interests and make their allegations in that behalf.

THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

Marshal's Office, May 6th, 1868. ap7:o2

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, No. 61 March Term, 1868. In the matter of the account of ROBERT ROBB, Esq., Executor of the estate of FREDERICK AESCHELMAN, dec'd.

April 1st, 1868, C. HASBROUCK, Esq., appointed Auditor, to audit and distribute the money and report upon the exceptions filed.

BY THE COURT.
From the Record. A. HILANDS, Clerk.

Notice is hereby given that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office, No. 154 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, May 9th, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all parties interested may attend.

C. HASBROUCK, Auditor.
Pittsburgh, April 13, 1868. ap11:o35:S

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the Estate of PHILIP SCHAUER, deceased, late of the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to the undersigned.

MRS. MARY SCHAUER,
DAMAS LUTZ,
JOHN G. WALTHERS,
Administrators.
fe22:8

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of HENRY M. ATWOOD, of Sewickley, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.
mh28:n56-8

STEAMBOATS.

FOR FORT BENTON AND THE GOLD MINES.

REES FAST LINE.

The Splendid Light Draught Steamers,

IMPORTER.....J. A. WILLIAMS, Master.

SILVER LAKE.....JOHN TODD, Master.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The IMPORTER will leave THIS DAY, and the SILVER LAKE will follow in evening.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
mh28 AGENTS.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, DAILY, at 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,
J. N. McCULLOUGH.....GEO. D. MOORE, Master.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
ap6 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

CINCINNATI PACKET.—FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, POMEROY, GALLIPOLIS, BIG SANDY, IRONTON, PORTSMOUTH, MAYSVILLE AND CINCINNATI.—The elegant side-wheel passenger steamer ST. CHARLES, C. A. DRAVO, Commander; A. ROBINSON, Jr., Clerk,

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ALLEGHENY RIVER PACKET LINE leaves every

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

At 3 o'clock P. M., from the foot of Irwin street.

This line is composed of the following boats:

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ECHO No. 3, E. GORDON, Master, A. D. RUSSELL, Clerk.

The above Boats were built expressly for the trade, have superior accommodations and attentive officers. mh24

EXPRESS LINE.—FOR ST. PUAL, MINNEAPOLIS, REED LANDING, LA CROSSE, GALENA, DUBUQUE, ROCK ISLAND, DAVENPORT AND BURLINGTON.

THIS DAY—10 A. M.

The splendid passenger steamer MAGGIE HAYS, R. C. MARTIN, Commander, J. F. DRAVO, Clerk, will leave for above and all intermediate points as announced.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
ap14 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.

THIS DAY, APRIL 18th.

The fine steamer BELLEVERNON, Captain J. J. DARRAGH, will leave as above announced, and will receipt freight through to St. Paul on the Upper Mississippi, in connection with the "Northern Line Packet Company.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
ap14 GHRIEST & HASLETT, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

THIS DAY—4 P. M.

The A No. 1 Freight steamer R. C. GRAY, W. B. ANDERSON, Commander, will leave as announced above. The R. C. Gray will give through receipts for Memphis and New Orleans.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
Or, GHRIEST & HASLETT,
ap11 Agents.

REGULAR WEDNESDAY PACKET FOR CINCINNATI.—The fine steamer

ARGOSY.....Capt. VANDERGRIFT,

W. H. Scull, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh for Cincinnati every WEDNESDAY at noon.

C. BARNES,
JAS. COLLINS, } Agents.
JOHN FLACK. }
mh21

FOR ST. LOUIS.

TUESDAY, 21st inst.—4 P. M.

The steamer MARY DAVAGE AND BARGES, Capt. H. CAMPBELL, will leave as above announced.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
ap17 CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

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Commission Merchants,
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FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
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JAMES B. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS
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KEIL & RICHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. je5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:n8

SHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, &c., Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no8:n55

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au21

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. ja17:r37

DAV. CRAWFORD, COMMISSION MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK ORE, &c., &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 113 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit and Produce generally, Nos. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

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Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
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PITTSBURGH, PA.
PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,
WARING, KING & CO.,
127 Walnut Street.

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ap6:n94

H. M. LONG & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,
Brand—"LUCIFER."
Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

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SOHO OIL WORKS.
Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of
LUBRICATING OILS.
No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.
BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.

SEVENTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS TO SELL LIQUORS, filed in Clerk's Office, March and April, 1868.

Pittsburgh.

Ann Lawrence, tavern, 1st ward.
Henry Scheutz, tavern, 1st ward.
Wm. Kroeger, tavern, 1st ward.
Samuel O. Stewart, tavern, 1st ward.
Adam Hart, tavern, 1st ward.
Geo. H. Bretsch, tavern, 1st ward.
J. R. Dickey, tavern, 1st ward.
Moses Benington, tavern, 1st ward.
Geo. A. Grier, tavern, 1st ward.
John Metz, tavern, 1st ward.
Daniel McCafferty, tavern, 1st ward.
Wm. Obey, tavern, 1st ward.
Mary A. Thompson, eating house, 1st ward.
John Roth, eating house, 1st ward.
Gamble & Anderson, other goods, 1st ward.
H. W. Beaumont & Co., other goods, 1st ward.
Geo. Hockschwender, tavern, 2d ward.
Geo. Bender, tavern, 2d ward.
Robt. Greenalgh, tavern, 2d ward.
Jane Thomas, tavern, 2d ward.
Jos. Spencer, tavern, 2d ward.
Fred. Sauer, tavern, 3d ward.
John McMahon, tavern, 3d ward.
Pat. Bradley, tavern, 3d ward.
Morris Flynn, other goods, 3d ward.
John Getty, tavern, 4th ward.
S. McCrickert & Co., other goods, 4th ward.
John McCullough & Co., other goods, 4th ward.
James Bryar, other goods, 4th ward.
Jas. McKay, other goods, 4th ward.
McCullough, Smith & Co., other goods, 4th ward.
Caleb Sanders, tavern, 5th ward.
Geo. Ewing, tavern, 5th ward.
John Driscoll, tavern, 5th ward.
Wm. Brown, tavern, 5th ward.
Chas. Rush, tavern, 5th ward.
Thos. Davis, tavern, 5th ward.
Josh. Beaumont, sr., tavern, 5th ward.
H. Bailey, tavern, 5th ward.
John O'Donnell, tavern, 5th ward.
Chas. Bilharz, tavern, 5th ward.
Nicholas Hoffman, eating house, 5th ward.
Chas. Muhlstein, eating house, 5th ward.
Lucind Pulpress, tavern, 6th ward.
Thos. W. Inglis, tavern, 6th ward.
Christ. Roth & Co., tavern, 6th ward.
Chas. Boyle, tavern, 6th ward.
Louisa Wolf, other goods, 6th ward.
John S. Herman, tavern, 6th ward.
Patrick Gallagher, eating house, 6th ward.
Julia McFaden, eating house, 7th ward.
Frank Siebert, other goods, 7th ward.
Geo. W. Bracey, other goods, 7th ward.
Domenic Gallagher, other goods, 7th ward.
John M. Robitzer, t

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, T. P. HOUSTON, JOSIAH KING, N. P. REED, Editors and Managers.

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GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST

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SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1868.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE: *Second page—Ephemeris and Poetry. Third page—Financial Matters in New York, Markets by Telegraph, Imports, River News. Sixth page—Home Markets, Finance and Trade. Seventh page—Local News, Amusement Directory, City Items.*

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 138½.

THE Indianapolis *Herald*, the Democratic organ of Indiana, sunk $20,000 last year. It has passed into the hands of a nephew of Jesse Bright, ex-Senator

THE SUCCESSION to the Presidency, in case the office be vacated prior to the expiration of the Constitutional term, is regulated by a law passed in March, 1792. As some of its provisions are of doubtful meaning, it has been proposed at Washington so to amend it that the Senator who may be acting Vice President shall hold the office until the 4th of March ensuing.

THE press of the North and South are running wild on the subject of the Ku-Klux-Klan. That such an organization of rebels exists we have ample assurance, but its strength and power is greatly exaggerated. It is nothing more nor less than a new edition of the Knights of the Golden Circle, which all will remember as a weak and powerless body of desperadoes, who faded away like snow before an April sun, when the hand of law was laid upon them. In alarming good citizens and freedmen of the South, the K. K. K's. will succeed, but as a political auxiliary to the Democratic party they will be of no consequence, but rather prove a damage.

THE ERIE RAILWAY SLAUGHTER.

We print some additional and interesting particulars of this shocking and wholesale murder. We also give place to the statements of the officers of the company as to the condition of the road, and we add to it the wickedly heartless pretext upon which they seek some palliation of the universal execration. The track is shown to have been for months in a condition so imperfect as to endanger the safety of all trains speeded up to the ordinary passenger time. The rails were generally worn out, being so weakened that in the one single month of January last, fully one thousand of them were taken up broken. The officers insist that they were engaged in measures for the repair of their road so as to render it once more safe for the public use, when the controversy for the control of the company's affairs, was initiated by outside parties, and that the latter, by the legal proceedings which, at their instance, suspended the financial solvency of the Company, are alone responsible for the horrors of this event. But no such infamous plea can induce the public to forget that the officers who make it, deliberately, in the face of positive assurances from their own subordinates that the road was but a murder-trap, did, a few weeks since, reduce their fares for the express purpose of tempting to their road an increased travel. Promising to an unwary public low fares and regular connections, for which a high speed was inevitable, and solely for the purpose of damaging rival and safer routes and of securing a daily revenue to their impoverished treasury, they gave to their infernal machine an accelerated motion, and the slaughter at Carr's Rock tells the rest of the story.

IMPEACHMENT.

The Senate continues to indulge Mr. JOHNSON'S counsel in a very wide latitude of testimony, its intrinsic weight having apparently very little to do with its competency. For example, they open wide the door for the introduction of proof showing that he consulted counsel in relation to legal proceedings against Mr. STANTON. But wide as that door stands open. the defence are marshalling through it no witnesses to the consummation of the President's judicious and praiseworthy intentions in that regard. Many people swear that he talked much about filing informations and applying for writs of *quo warranto*, but nobody yet turns up to testify that the much talking bore even the most meagre and shrivelled of fruit. The Managers certainly need not complain of that sort of a defence. It is only the patience of an impartial Senate, of a people beginning to weary of waiting for justice to be done upon this disturber of the national peace, which suffers by the unexpected delay. Witnesses for the defence also establish the fact that the speeches "around the circle" were correctly reported. These are to be followed, it is said, by the members of the Cabinet and by General GRANT. It is believed that the evidence for the defence will all be in by Tuesday and that, unless the Managers have rebutting testimony to present, of which there is but a small probability, the arguments will be commenced by the middle of the next week. The Senate, recognizing the importance of bringing the proceedings to the earliest possible close, meets hereafter at an earlier hour, so that each day will see more accomplished.

An absurd rumor, that one or two of the Managers, dissatisfied with the rulings of the Senate, have proposed to withdraw from the case, would not be worthy of contradiction, had it not somehow obtained circulation yesterday. The story is of a piece with the insinuations against the integrity of certain Republican Senators, is entitled to equal credence and, no doubt, emanates from the same discreditable sources. The Managers, each and all of them, will faithfully and to the last cling to the great trust which the House has reposed in them, and the day is now closely at hand which shall see their difficult and responsible labors rewarded with a crowning triumph for the cause of Justly Regulated Liberty.

MR. THOMAS WILLIAMS.

The third term of service of Mr. THOMAS WILLIAMS in the House of Representatives at Washington is drawing to a close. Carrying to the duties of the position a mind uncommonly gifted by nature, trained by the severest and most accurate culture, and fortified by long and varied experience before popular assemblies, at the bar, and in both branches of the Legislature of the Commonwealth, he rose rapidly into conspicuity and influence, continuing honorably the long line of illustrious men which Allegheny county has furnished to the national councils. Assigned to the Judiciary Committee, his labors in that sphere, and particularly as connected with the investigation into the conduct of the President, and in preparing the Report of the Majority in favor of Impeachment, presented at the opening of the present session, so demonstrated his peculiar and commanding abilities and usefulness that, when Impeachment was finally resolved upon, he was chosen one of the Managers of that grand and historic transaction—a signal distinction, and most fairly earned.

We are not informed as to Mr. WILLIAMS intention in respect to being a candidate for re-election. We have, indeed, heard of higher honors designed for him by devoted friends; but whether their powers of fulfillment are equal to their good wishes is one of the problems that cannot be solved in advance, but must be left for events to disclose. Meantime, the period for making nominations is approaching, and it will soon be needful either to re-nominate this gentleman or select another as his successor. In default of a declination from Mr. WILLIAMS, it is fair to infer that he will accept a re-nomination if it shall be tendered to him. At least, if he shall not decline in view of this intimation, it may be taken for granted that he is not averse to further service in the House, if such is the pleasure of the Republicans of the district.

It has become customary in many northern districts to limit the period of Congressional service, for individuals, to two or three terms. This custom has mainly grown out of competition between aspirants, though the "claims of locality" have induced a considerable tendency in the same direction. "It is a custom more honored in the breach, than in the observance." Statesmanship is not a vocation from which a man should be laid aside as soon as he has mastered its intricacies. Even in an ordinary mechanical trade, it would be thought absurd to dispense with journeymen, and trust to apprentices altogether. Much more is it absurd and pernicious to change representatives in Congress, when a valuable one is in the seat, simply because another person would like to fill it, or because the claims of locality in the distribution of honors are construed to require the change. The high places of government ought to be given to the men who are capable of filling them with the largest share of wisdom, courage and discretion.

These general considerations derive additional force, as applicable to the case in hand, from the fact that the next Congressional election may be the last that will be held under the existing apportionment. It is quite possible that the district, two years hence, will not be composed of the same counties and part of a county that now constitute it. A new man, taking Mr. WILLIAMS' place, might find himself thrown into strange territorial connections towards the end of his first term of service.

It is presumable that the Allegheny portion of the present district greatly prefer to continue Mr. WILLIAMS to the end of the apportionment. But to this end, it is requisite to obtain the concurrence of either Butler or Armstrong counties.

But our design in bringing up this matter, now and in this form, is not so much to forestall action, here or elsewhere, as to suggest the necessity for a definite understanding in the premises. If Mr. WILLIAMS desires a reelection that fact should be disclosed in one or both of the other counties, his nomination would follow as a matter of course. If he prefers to retire, unquestionably the candidate will not be claimed by Allegheny, but will be conceded either to Butler or Armstrong.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterian Church will hold its annual session at New Albany, New York, commencing May 21st, and will be opened with a sermon by Rev. P. D. Gurley, D. D., Moderator of the last Assembly. The New School Assembly meets at Harrisburg, Pa., on the same day. The Triennial General Convention of the Episcopal Church will convene at New York City in the month of October next. The General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will hold its Quadrennial session at Chicago, commencing the first of May. The Missionary Union of the Baptists was held at Chicago last fall, and the Southern Baptist Convention meets in Baltimore, next month. The General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church convenes at Harrisburg, Pa., next month. The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church meets at Argyle, New York, during May.

From the report of the American Sunday School Union for New York, read at the annual meeting held last Sunday night, there have been one hundred missionaries employed during the past year, located in twenty-two different States. Some eight thousand Sunday Schools are organized, containing about four hundred thousand scholars. Most of these schools have been self-sustaining. Receipts for books and for missionary purposes about four hundred thousand dollars, of which over one-fourth have been expended for salaries of missionaries, donation of books, and other things.

Such has been the interest felt in the revival of religion at Lewisburg, Ohio, that during its progress a minstrel troupe, visiting the place, took only two dollars at the door. The United Brethren church there has received eighty-one additions.

There are seventeen hundred and eighty-three American domestic missions under the care of the Methodist Episcopal Missionary Society. The General Missionary Committee, appropriated for this work, for the year 1867-8, the sum of five hundred and forty-nine thousand and eight hundred dollars.

The Methodist Church, in Birmingham, under the pastoral care of Rev. G. G. Westfall, has been favored with quite an extensive revival. During the special services, recently closed, one hundred and thirty-one professed to have found peace.

The *American Churchman*, commenced its seventh year, April 9th, in a new dress, and enlarged. It presents quite a creditable appearance. The paper is well edited and is of the progressive school.

Fears are entertained that the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church will end the year of its work, which closes on the 1st of May, with a large debt encumbering it. This arises from the high price of exchange and its enlarged operations. This vigorous body of Christians should see that this noble cause is sustained.

The dropping of the "Dutch" seems to have started new life into the Reformed Church. We notice the record of more revival intelligence, in that ably conducted journal, the *Christian Intelligencer*, than usual. The revival at Ellenville, New York, assumed broad proportions, seventy-five having professed conversion; also, about fifty in the Church at Napanoch, in that neighborhood.

The New England M. E. Conference, at its late session at Boston, denounced the proscription of the M. E. Church, by the Government in the selection of chaplains to the army and navy. A Convention of Methodists was recommended to be held at Chicago, in May next, to adopt a memorial to Congress, asking that their ministers may be represented in the above departments, in the proportion of the numerical strength of the denomination.

We learn from the *United Presbyterian* that the new church edifice of the First United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny city, Pa, Rev. J. T. Pressly. D.D., pastor, will be pushed forward to completion as rapidly as possible. The site is on Union Avenue, (East Commons) one of the handsomest in the city. The structure is to be of the most modern style.

Rev. F. E. Abbott, a Unitarian minister, late of Dover, N. H., has renounced the ministry and Christianity, and proclaimed himself a Theist.

In consequence of the divisions in the Presbyterian Church at Paris, Keptucky, the members have agreed upon a separation and division of the property. The radicals are to get the old church, the school house and fifteen hundred dollars in cash. The conservatives are awarded the parsonage and the new church edifice.

There are now thirteen Methodist Episcopal churches in Boston, worth nearly one million of dollars. Considerable missionary labor in the Sabbath school is done by these churches outside of the regular church organizations.

The *Tribune* represents that owing to the bitter feud existing between Rev. Dr. Scott, rector of the Church of the Redemption, and its senior Warden, considerable excitement prevails in the congregation. The presence of the police, however, prevented any unpleasant circumstances from transpiring. The Scott party threaten to seek redress in the Supreme Court.

The bill hurried through both houses of the Maryland Legislature, to embarrass the titles of the M. E. Churches in that State, has been defeated, Governor Swann refusing to affix his signature.

Rev. Charles S. Robinson, who has just resigned the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, succeeds Rev. Mr. Eldridge, pastor of the American Church at Paris, France.

The Synod of Missouri has appointed a Committee to attend the next meeting of the General (O. S.) Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, for the purpose of setting before the Assembly the position which that body now occupies. It is possible an effort will be made to heal the distractions which exist in that State, and also in the State of Kentucky.

The *Presbyterian* thinks that some of the papers of the Presbyterian Church have expressed unnecessary alarm in supposing that the Basis of Union agreed upon by the Re-union Committees will be rushed through the Assembly without any further action being necessary. It says that the Basis of Union is again to be submitted to the Presbyteries, and that no union can be accomplished without the concurrence of three-fourths of the Presbyteries of both Assemblies.

Rev. Dr. Beckwith, late rector of Trinity Episcopal Church, New Orleans, La., has just been consecrated at Savannah, Bishop of the Diocese of Georgia. Rev. J. H. D. Winfield, of Portsmouth, Va., has been elected his successor at Trinity.

In the eighth anniversary sermon of Rev. T. L. Cuyler, pastor of the Lafayette Avenue (New School) Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, Sunday week, the remarkable fact was stated that eight years ago the membership of the church was a little over one hundred; it is now one thousand one hundred and thirty-two communicants.

During Bishop Quintard's absence in Europe, some weeks ago, he received intelligence that a ball was gotten up for the benefit of Christ Church, Nashville. The Bishop very properly denounced the whole proceeding, and repudiated everything pertaining to it. He further stated that fairs, suppers, raffles, lotteries, ball, and all such abominations, at once destroy all true principles of making an offering to God, as an act of worship. This has the true evangelical ring and will have a good effect not only on parishes in his own diocese, but the Christian world generally.

In New York City the total number of Churches and places of worship of all kinds is over four hundred, with accommodations for two hundred thousand persons. The average attendance is about one hundred and fifty thousand.

Reference was made, not long since, to the expected re-election of Rev. Dr. Nesbit, for the third term, as editor of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, since which, we are informed, his name has been proposed for one of the three Bishops likely to be elected by the General Conference next month. If he is not elevated to the Episcopate we confidently look for his return as editor.

THE ERIE RAILROAD DISASTER.

We append all the additional particulars at hand of this shocking calamity, and its probable cause. Mr. M. A. Blakeslie, a resident of Olean, N. Y., who was a passenger in one of the cars which went over the embankment, says:

"I was awakened by the sudden stopping of the cars. There was a wrench as if the coupling was breaking. All was quiet in the car yet. I sprang from my berth to the floor; just then the car was dragged by the others over the embankment. I then threw myself full length upon the floor and held fast as the car went over and over. The outer roof was torn off, and the sides fell outward. I was about to rise when the inner roof of the car came crashing down, and was held by a broken framework within three inches of my head. Crawling out over dead and wounded, I managed to extricate myself from the wreck. The ladies' car was on fire, and on every side of me sufferers were shrieking and groaning in agony. The moan came up when the fire of the car went out, and the passengers then began to extricate the dead and wounded. I helped to clear away the rubbish of the wreck." Mr. Blakeslie declares "that it was the most perfect wreck that could be imagigned, nothing but a mass of chips and splinters remaining of the three sleeping and one ladies' car. I counted five dead bodies in the car that I was in. There were five or six killed, and afterward burned in the ladies' car, and I saw five more dead bodies upon the railroad track. I should judge there were at least fifty badly wounded. I was told by a friend of mine, a Mr. Porter, that the train was running at the rate of forty or fifty miles an hour. I was told at Salamanca, when I embarked, that the train was then thirty minutes behind time, in consequence of having been delayed some time near Corry, Pa., in picking up the body of a man who had been killed by the train passing over him."

Another passenger says he knows not how to account for the catastrophe; but narrates the following colloquy which occurred in his hearing between one of the brakesmen belonging to the injured train and a friend: This latter, addressing the train-hand remarked, "Jim, you had better leave railroading; its getting to be dangerous." "No, I won't," replied the brakesman, "but I will know better than to go on a train again when so many railroad delegates are on board. This affair occurred because our folks were putting on airs; they wanted to show off, so they crowded on all steam in order to make fast time, and now you see the consequence." This colloquy may throw some light on the cause of the accident.

The New York *Post* of Thursday evening says: A number of those who were slightly injured arrived in this city last evening. Among the number were A. S. Gillett, Mercer county, Pa.; Mrs. O. S. Gillett, and her sister, Miss Stewart; Mrs. Gillett's little boy, two years and a half old. Mr. Gillett's family and Miss Stewart were taken to the residence of a friend. The bodies of the dead were placed in charge of proper officers yesterday, and an inquest will be held. The statements in relation to the cause of the accident are very conflicting. Some attribute the disaster to a broken rail, and others to a broken wheel.

A later edition of the same journal says: There has been no further intelligence received at the Erie Railway office in this city this morning from Port Jervis in relation to the condition of the killed and wounded, further than contained in private messages to the friends of the injured. It is understood, however, that those still at Port Jervis are doing well. The number of persons killed is now said to be twenty-four, but the complete list of names has not yet been received.

The report in a morning journal that the wreck was burned last night after the killed and wounded had been removed, lacks confirmation.

Those that were slighly wounded have arrived in this city and departed for their homes. They all unite in representing the scene after the cars had reached the bottom of the embankment as one that defied description. The shrieking of the wounded and moaning of the dying in the broken mass, the darkness only relieved by the light of the burning car, contributing to the scene of horror the like of which they have never before witnessed.

The New York *Tribune* says:

"The Erie Directors charge that in consequence of the granting of an injunction preventing them from issuing $10,000,000 worth of bonds, the Vanderbilt party are indirectly the cause of the deplorable accident which occurred on the Erie Railroad."

Six weeks ago, an official report upon the condition of the Erie Railway was made by the Superintendent to the Board of Directors, in which he said:

"The iron rails have broken, laminated and worn out beyond all precedent, until there is scarce a mile of your road, except that laid with steel rails, between Jersey City and Salamanca or Buffalo, where it is safe to run a train at the ordinary passenger train speed, and many portions of the road can only be traversed safely by reducing the speed of all trains to twelve or fifteen miles an hour, solely on account of the worn-out and rotten condition of the rails. Broken wheels, axles, engines and trains off the track have been of daily, almost hourly, occurrence for the last two months, caused mostly by defective rails. Fully one thousand broken rails were taken from the track in the month of January, while the number removed on account of lamination, crushing or wearing out, was much greater. February will show a worse record than January.

"The condition of the iron at the present date is such as to give me much anxiety and apprehension for the safety of trains. We cannot and do not attempt to make the schedule time with our trains; nearly all lose from two to five hours in passing over the road, and it has been only by the exercise of extreme caution we have been able thus far to escape serious accident."

It was found from the report of the Treasurer that the Company was in debt $1,100,000. The Directors say that it was at this meeting that they resolved to issue $10,000,000 worth of bonds, to repair the road and purchase steel rails. They immediately contracted for the purchase of 20,000 tuns of steel rails, to replace the broken rails which had been snapped during the severe cold weather. That, immediately after the granting of the injunction, the firm with whom they contracted refused to furnish the rails unless the amount should be deposited with Baring & Brothers. In consequence of the injunction, the Treasurer refused to disburse any of the funds of the Company until the present difficulties could be adjusted. The Directors say that for the past three months the speed of the express trains has been reduced to the accommodation train schedule, and that until the track is relaid with steel rails in insecure places, it will be deemed unsafe to run at a higher rate of speed.

A Port Jarvis correspondent of the N. Y. *Advertiser*, says:

The scenes in the Delaware House are truly horrible; from every room groans and lamentations proceed, and nurses are seen hurrying to and fro, doing all in their power to alleviate the suffering. At the depot the sight that everywhere meets the eye is heart-rending. Hundreds of anxious people are crowding round it to learn some tidings of friends supposed to have been on board, and the cries and tears of those who recognize, in the room full of mutilated corpses, some dear relative, would move a heart of stone. But with all this there is much disgusting curiosity displayed by many. Men, women, and children are peeping in at every crack to gratify a morbid appetite for the horrible.

The Coroner's jury have rendered the following verdict:

"From the evidence before us we have arrived at the conclusion that the deceased, Tobias Elrich, came to his death from the track at Carr's Rock, Pennsylvania, the accident being caused by a broken rail. The occurrenee, in our opinion, might have been avoided had the train run at less speed, owing to the unsafe condition of the road."

A Port Jervis dispatch states that robberies were committed upon the dead and wounded after the disaster, by passengers who were saved by being in the forward cars. Money in large sums, and gold watches, were even taken from the pockets of the dead, and rings torn from the fingers of the women. In one instance a file was used to release a diamond ring from the finger of a lady who was at the time conscious enough only to be able afterwards to tell the story. People who were at the scene, say they could not protect the sufferers from this sacrilege.

The following are the names of additional killed and wounded:

Killed—An unknown man, since identiged as J. D. Hurd, and the unknown boy, his son, J. D. Hurd, both of Urbana, Ohio. H. P. Corwin, of Urbana, Ohio, should have been Mr. Elrich, of Hornellsville, New York. Mrs. J. Decker, of New York, probably hurt, has not been seen. Philip Kerchter died at 6:30 P. M. Wounded—Unknown woman; Mary Sterling, Wellsville, Ohio, supposed to be going to Ithica, New York.

Lewis B. Collins, of South Byron, New York, Susan Squires, of Stafford, New York, and A. W. Gardener, of Batavia, New York, are reported missing. They were traveling together.

THE Philadelphia *Press* says:

A Conference of the friends of American industry will be held at the Metropolitan Hotel, New York, on Thursday, the 28th inst., at 12 o'clock. The object of the convention is to take counsel as to the present condition of our industrial and financial interests, and to enforce the necessity of increased efforts to awaken and instruct public sentiment on those subjects. This meeting, whose object is the protection of American labor, will awaken a warm interest in Pennsylvania, who, under the auspicious of her own State League, will doubtless be well and carefully represented. The cause of labor is the cauae of the Republican party, which holds in its hands the destinies of the Commonwealth.

BEWARE

Of that remorseless and insidious destroyer of the human race,

CONSUMPTION.

Check and conquer its advances, lest you fall the victim. When attacked with any of its preliminary symptoms, no matter how slight, be on your guard and promptly use the remedy ere too late.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Is an old, well tried, certain and standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain or Oppression in the Chest or Lungs, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Its sure and certain efficacy has been fully tested and endorsed for many years by numbers of well-known citizens in our midst, and their certificates are on record. Have you a cough which has gradually increased from a slight one to one of permanent standing? Lose no time, but procure a bottle of DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP, which will surely relieve you of the dangerous premonitory symptoms and effect a permanent cure. Do you spend miserable days and long sleepless nights of torture and pain from attacks of Asthma or Difficulty of Breathing? Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will act promptly, relieve you, and gradually restore you to your freedom of pain, and sound, pleasant sleep. Are your lungs sore and irritated, indicating inflammation? This is one of the most dangerous symptoms, and should be promptly removed. Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will heal the soreness, allay the inflammation, and restore the lungs to their prestine health and vigor. This Cough Syrup is pleasant and agreeable to take, while powerful and sure in its action. For sale by all Druggists in the country.

A MISERABLE SHAKER

Is the victim to Fever and Ague. This tedious and enervating disease is, unfortunately, too well known to need a description. It is strictly a malarious disease, caused by exhalations from the soil, especially from marshes, swamps and newly cleared lands encumbered with decomposing vegetable matter. The chills is one of the most troublesome of maladies, as the patient, though he may not be confined to his bed, is incapable of action. The experience of years has demonstrated the fact that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is a sure means of fortifying the system against all atmospheric poison, breaking up the paroxysms and rapidly restoring the strength. Quinine, which has so long been the great remedy for chills, has been superceded by this powerful and harmless agent: while as a preventive it is unequalled, as its use will certainly exempt all who may live in unhealthy localities from the ravages of this disease. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is now among the most popular, and, at the same time, valuable specifics in the medical world. In recommending it to the public, we are fully conscious of doing them a great service, knowing, as we do, their many excellent qualities, and sure and speedy action in all cases where the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs. As a tonic it is both mild and agreeable to the taste, and stimulating in its action upon the system.

ANOTHER CURE OF DEAFNESS.

I lost my hearing during the last year. Part of the time I was totally deaf. In April of this year I was induced, from an advertisement, to make application to DR. KEYSER, 120 Penn street, Pittsburgh. After having tried various medicines from doctors, without any benefit, I have been under Dr. Keyser's treatment now for nearly two months, and am entirely restored to my hearing, so that I can hear a pin drop. JOHN SCANLAN,

Coal Bluffs, Washington Co., Pa.

ANOTHER CURE.

A man called to-day at Dr. Keyser's office to inform him of a great cure made by his LUNG CURE, or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE. list these cures are made with the Doctor's preparations, he desires it to be distinctly understood that most of his great cures are made in accordance with the established laws that govern the science of medicine, in which he has been engaged for the past twenty-five years. Last week he was also in receipt of a letter from a clergyman in the State of Ohio, detailing another most wonderful cure.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BURNETT.

Success Tells Its Own Story.

The immense demand for BURNETT & CO.'S standard preparations for the toilet, in New York, has induced that celebrated Boston House to open a large and elegant branch establishment at No. 592 Broadway. Already the custom of the fashionable public seems to be drawn there. For example, among the thousand and one "dressings" for the hair, where can you find anything at all comparable to BURNETT'S COCOAINE? Every lady who has used it will join in the answer—"nowhere."

The Chemistry of Cookery.

Nobody ever tastes a cream, a custard, a pie, a pudding or a sauce flavored appropriately with one of Burnett's Standard Extracts, without, like Oliver Twist, "asking for more." The individual whose palate has not been tickled with an ice cream rendered delicious with BURNETT'S "Vanilla," or a soup dashed with BURNETT'S "Celery" has missed an epicurean ecstacy.

Important to Epicures.

Some of the most eminent cooks in this country—among the rest Monsier Blot, the Parisian *Cuisinier*—have emphatically approved of Burnett's Flavoring Extracts. There are twelve of them, and they include all the fruitful and floral condiments suitable for the table. No lady in the land should be without them, and whoever uses them once will use them always.

To the Educated Palate

Burnett's Standard Extracts have taken the lead of all other flavoring preparations used in this country. They have a national reputation, and no lady who understands their value will ever be without them. Ice cream, custards, pies, jellies, sauces and soups that "take the reason prisoner," may be numbered among their triumphs.

Burnett's Extracts.

Authors often interlard their works with "elegant poetic extracts," but the true poetry of epicureanism is condensed and perfected in the twelve flavoring preparations known as "Burnett's Standard Extracts." The subtile essences of the most delicious fruits are embodied in them, and there are few American housekeepers who do not appreciate their usefulness and acknowledge their superiority.

A Challenge and a Test.

Blindfold a connoisseur in perfumes, and then submit to him for comparison BURNETT'S COLOGNE WATER, and the best manufactured by Jean Marie Farina, on the banks of the Rhine. This test of excellence is challenged by the American manufacturer, and he believes that his article, under such an ordeal, will be mistaken at least three times out of six for the "genuine German."

Kalliston.

To the beautifying influence of BURNETT'S KALLISTON thousands of ladies owe the preservation of their complexions during all the seasons. Apply it in the evening and it will undo all the mischief the wind and sun may have done to the skin during the day. Tan, freckles, morphew, redness, prickly heat, blotches, &c., vanish under its cooling, purifying operation, like mists wafted away by the breeze.

The Brown Family.

Ladies migrating to the country for the sammer are pretty sure to become members of this dusky family, unless they are wise enough to use BURNETT'S KALLISTON as a protection against that indefatigable tanner, the sun. Provided with this healthful, cooling and beautifying preparation, they may brave his beams with perfect impunity.

Words Worth Reading.

To anchor the hair firmly in the scalp, to give it curl and lustre, to preserve its color, to keep it pure and free from scurf, to quicken its growth, to improve its texture, to make and keep it what it ought to be—the crowning personal charm of both sexes—it is only necessary to use BURNETT'S COCOAINE as a daily dressing.

To Achieve Miracles

Is not within the compass of human skill, but all that art can accomplish in beautifying, strengthening, thickening and perpetuating the human hair is effected by the use of BURNETT'S COCOAINE. There is a stimulating property in this preparation, which literally compels a rapid growth of the fibres, while its emolient action renders them smooth, silky and elastic.

The Coronet of Nature

Is a magnificent head of hair. It ennobles the features, however homely. To preserve this personal charm, or to obtain it where there is a deficient growth and a tendency to decay, apply BURNETT'S COCOAINE. It fertilizes the scalp, and gives life and vigor to the roots of the fibres. Nothing else so perfectly assimilates with the chemical constituents of the hair, or renders it so pliable, soft and brilliant.

Superiority Will Tell.

The reputation of the toilet articles manufactured by Joseph Burnett & Co., of Boston, has subjected the firm to "a pressure which no man regrets." Under the pleasant compulsion of a vast and increasing business, the central trunk at Boston has put forth a branch. This branch is located in the Metropolitan Hotel Building, 592 Broadway, and it has already passed through the blossoming stage and is bearing solid fruit of success. "Cocoaine" for the hair, "Florimel" for the handkerchief, "Kalliston" for the complexion, and those delicious palate delicacies known as "Burnett's Flavoring Extracts," are as popular in this remote part of the universe as they are at its "hub," and it is quite handy to have them within reach. After all, if Boston is the axle of the globe, Broadway is the grand thoroughfare of the Continent, and all that is excellent finds its best market there.—*New York Mercury.*

A Mistake Corrected.

Moore insists that "all that's sweet was made but to be lost when sweetest." Now see how a plain tale shall put the poet down. FLORIMEL, the sweetest perfume, the very breath of Flora, is a fixed and permanent delight. It seems to become incorporated with whatever it touches, and in this respect, as in all others, is without a peer in perfumery.

DIED:

FOOS.—On Thursday, the 16th inst., Mrs. M. beloved wife of J. D. McFoos, in the 28th year er age.

ie funeral will take place on SATURDAY, 18th ., from the residence of her husband, at East rty, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the fam- re cordially invited to attend. Carriages will t from Fairman & Samson's, corner of Seventh Smithfield streets, at 13½ o'clock.

ARPER.—On Thursday morning, the 16th inst., LIAM L. HARPER, in the 48th year of his

ie funeral will take place from the residence of F. Beckham, No. 40 Sandusky street, Alle- y City, on SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock.

ROZIER—On Friday morning, at four o'clock, er residence in Allegheny city, ELIZA, wife of liam Crozier, in the 56th year of her age.

ie funeral will take place from her late residence, Jackson street, Allegheny, THIS DAY, at 3½ ock. The friends of the family are respectfully ted to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER,
No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
FINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and ev- description of Funeral Furnishing Goods fur- ed. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and iages furnished.
FERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. er, Esq.

HARLES & PEEBLES, UNDER-
TAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of DUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, gheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are tantly supplied with real and imitation Rose- d, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices va- g from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for inter- t. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all s of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open l hours, day and night.

OBERT T. RODNEY, UNDER-
TAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO EET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMOND ARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always and the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and ation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from upwards. Rosewood Coffins $30 upwards, all r Coffins proportion. Carriages and Hearses ished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and raving furnished gratis. Office open day and t.

ECTACLES,
WARRANTED TO
IMPROVE THE SIGHT,
AT
INSEATH & HASLETT'S,
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,
65 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

EW
SPRING GOODS,
ted to a FIRST CLASS MERCHANT TAILOR TRADE,
JUST OPENED, AT
HENRY G. HALE'S,
ner of Penn and St. Clair Streets.

ALK IN! WALK IN!
AND SEE THE NEW
ING AND SUMMER GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED AT
SMITH'S Tailoring Establishment,
No. 98 WYLIE STREET,
Corner of Federal.

OR SALE.—HOBOKEN.—THE
balance of those desirable Lots are now offered vate sale, and any one desirous of fine building would do well to make a selection. The village ated on a beautiful and healthy spot, two and a ilef from Sharpsburg, on the Western Penn- ia Railroad, which runs through it, making it more valuable and agreeable. Extensive rations are now making for erecting a number houses, which will prove an ornament to the The remainder of these Lots will be sold at reasonable rates and on terms exceedingly SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate and In- ce Agents, Lawrenceville.

IE PARTNERSHIP heretofore
existing under the name and style of
OHN H. BOYTS & CO.,
day dissolved by mutual consent, the interest HN KNABLE having been purchased by WM. GDEN. The business of the late firm will be d by JOHN H. BOYTS and WILLIAM N. EN, who have this day formed a Copartner- nder the name and style of BOYTS & OGDEN.
JOHN H. BOYTS,
JOHN KNABLE.
sburgh, March 9th, 1868. ap16:068

AVING DISPOSED OF MY
LUMBER YARD, situate at 157 Rebecca , Allegheny, Pa., and long owned and con- d by Messrs. PATTERSON & EVANS, to XANDER PATTERSON, I take pleasure in mending my successor to all my customers and who are interested in securing the best quali- all kinds of Lumber at prices to suit the most ious.
E. R. DONAHOE.
:060

OTICE.
have sold my stock of BOOTS, SHOES, &c., son, GEORGE W. TANNER, and solicit the nage of my former customers to the house.
JAMES P. TANNER.
TSBURGH, April 9th, 1868.
erring to the above card, I respectfully ask the uance of the patronage of the former house. shall be as low as the lowest.
GEO. W. TANNER.
:045

UFF & CO., Merchant Tailors,
No. 34 Federal St., Allegheny,
Just received a large and well selected stock of
INE SPRING GOODS,
ble for a first class custom trade. Also, a large of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. ap15

E! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS, Ice Dealer,
55 DIAMOND ALLEY, Pittsburgh.
ers left here or at Hand Street Bridge will re- prompt attention. Wagons running in Pitts- and Allegheny. ap7:063

OR SALE,
Watch Boxes, Stoves and Pipes.
posals will be received at the Mayor's Office SATURDAY, April 18th, for the purchase of e Watch Boxes, Stoves and Pipes connected the same, at present in use throughout this
By order of the Police Committee.
JOHN H. HARE, Chairman.

YDRAULIC CEMENT.
SOAP STONE,
PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS,
WATER PIPES.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
25 Wood street.
:070

OCUST STREET.
otice is hereby given that the Viewers' Report matter of opening LOCUST STREET, Alle- , has been filed in the District Court, at No. April Term, 1868, and will be confirmed un- exceptions are filed in proper time.
JOHN C. McCOMBS,
:080 City Attorney.

LUE SHADING, for Store Win-
dows, of the different widths, for sale at Nos. d 26 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—*The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No. 179 SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of* **Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c.,** *in tee city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send stamp for illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address,* **J. H. JOHNSTON. 179** *Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.*

☞ **SECOND PRESBYTERIAN** CHURCH, corner Penn and Irwin streets, Rev. W. D. HOWARD, D.D., PASTOR. Services as usual to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. AARON WILLIAMS, D.D., officiating. Sabbath School at 2 P. M.

☞ **THE SECOND METHODIST** CHURCH, Rebecca street, near Gas Works, Allegheny. S. F. CROWTHER, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject for to-morrow mornitg—"Effects of the Gospel." Evening—Solomon's Advice."—Prov. 3-5.

☞ **FIRST METHODIST** CHURCH, Fifth street, above Smithfield. ALEX. CLARK, Pastor.—Preaching EVERY SABBATH at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject of present Sabbath evening series of sermons: "Truth and Trade; or, The Teachings of the Gospel as Applied to the Habits, Professions and Employments of Life." Free seats.

☞ **UNIVERSALIST CHURCH,** CORNER OF GRANT AND THIRD STS. —Pastor, Rev. A. BOSSERMAN. Preaching EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 11½ A. M. All the people are invited to come and hear.
On to-morrow evening there will be a SUNDAY SCHOOL CONCERT—Singing and Speaking by the children, and short addresses by some of the officers and teachers of the School. Seats free, and a welcome to all.

☞ **NOTICE.—The Regular An-**nual Meeting of the
Great National Petroleum Company
Will take place at the Office of the Company, No. 10 St. Clair street, on WEDNESDAY, April 22d, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. ap18:034

☞ **A. P. A.—The members of the** JOHN KNOX and ALLEGHENY LODGES, Nos. 1 and 54, of the American Protestant Association, will hereafter meet at the corner of FEDERAL STREET and STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny. First meeting, WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 22d inst., at 7½ o'clock.
By order of Trustees.
THOS. H. CARGO, Secretary.
ap18:085

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
LEAD PIPE, SHEET & BAR LEAD
MANUFACTURERS.
Also, PIG LEAD, IRON PIPE;
RUBBER HOSE, HOSE PIPES & SCREWS;
STEAM GAUGES AND WHISTLES;
GLOBE VALVES, SAFETY VALVES;
IRON AND COPPER SINKS AND BATHS;
BRASS & IRON LIFT & FORCE PUMPS.
No. 167 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
☞ Send for Price List. ap18:066-ws

KAY & COMPANY,
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,
No. 65 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.
A FULL LINE OF
FANCY AND STAPLE STATIONERY,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS engraved and printed in the best style.
INITIALS stamped on paper and envelopes, in colors or plain.
MONOGRAMS furnished to order. ap18:8

IMMENSE COLLECTION
OF
RARE AND VALUABLE BOOKS,
AT HALF PRICE.
CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.
STATIONERY, OF ALL KINDS,
At Eastern Prices,
AT THE
BOOK AND NEWS DEPOT,
SIXTH STREET, BELOW SMITHFIELD.
JOHN D. EGAN.

W. S. HAVEN,
PRINTER AND STATIONER,
Corner Wood and Third Streets,
Has just received from the East a full supply of
MEDIUM, DENY, FOLIO POST,
ROYAL, SUPER ROYAL, IMPERIAL,
FLAT CAP AND CROWN
WRITING PAPERS,
Together with a good assortment of STATIONERY, all of which can be sold LOW FOR CASH.
ap16:063

DISSOLUTION.—The PARTNER-SHIP of COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO. was dissolved April 1st, 1868. The business of the late firm will be settled by either of the late partners, at the office.
COLUMBUS COLEMAN,
SAMUEL FORRESTER,
THEODORE F. COLEMAN.
In retiring from the late firm, I thank a generous public for their very liberal patronage, and cheerfully recommend the new firm as being experienced mechanics and accommodating business men.
COLUMBUS COLEMAN.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—SAMUEL FORRESTER, THEODORE F. COLEMAN and WM. KNOCH, on the 1st day of April, 1868, formed a Copartnership under the style of FORRESTER, COLEMAN & KNOCH, for the purpose of manufacturing all descriptions of Buggies, Buck Wagons, Spring and Plain Wagons, Drays, Carts, Wheelbarrows, Locust Hubs, Spokes, Hay Rakes and Forks, Straw Cutters, Trucks, &c. Our work will be made of dry timber, and warranted equal to any made in the United States.
DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, Nos. 16, 17, 18 and 19 Marion avenue, opposite the Penitentiary, Allegheny. FORRESTER, COLEMAN & CO.
ap16:073-THSM

GOOD NEWS.
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials, "H. W." on every loaf. Ask for Ward's. Take none else. fe28:TTS

ROUGH HEMP—21 bales Ky. now landing from steamer St. Charles, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LARD OIL.—10 bbls. No. 1 Win-ter Strained, now landing from steamer Saint Charles, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

INDIA RUBBER HOSE, from 3-4 to 3 inch calibre, at India Rubber Depot.
ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.
A Good Paper Route on the Gazette
FOR SALE.
Apply at THIS OFFICE.

HENRY MEYER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 73 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Constantly on hand, a full assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. ap15:086

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.
JARED M. BRUSH & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.
SHEET IRON WORK, &C.
61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE—Most desirable location, on Mount Washington, commanding a delightful view of the two cities and surrounding boroughs. House contains nine rooms, in elegant condition. Lot 138 feet on High street, extending back 330 feet to a street 40 feet wide; iron fence in front of lot. Stable, outbuildings, grape arbor, fruit trees, shrubbery, two cisterns, finished cellars, front and rear porches, make all convenient and elegant. Will be sold cheap.
Apply to
STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
ap18 No. 66 Smithfield Street.

BALBRIGGAN STOCKINGS.
OPEN-WORKED STOCKINGS.
CLOCKED STOCKINGS.
SILK STOCKINGS.
LISLE THREAD STOCKINGS.
AMERICAN MERINO STOCKINGS.
ENGLISH MERINO STOCKINGS.
AT JAMES PHELAN'S
Old Stand Stocking Store,
No. 24 FIFTH STREET.
ap18:8

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 18, 1868.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, 24th inst., for GRADING and PAVING the following streets and alleys, viz:
SPRING GARDEN AVENUE, from Chesnut St. to the city line, including culvert, about 250 ft long.
FRANKLIN STREET, from the east line of Sedgwick street to Fulton avenue.
BALKAM STREET, from Robinson street to the river.
LOCUST STREET, from east side of Sedgwick street to Fulton street.
SOUTH CANAL STREET, from Madison avenue to Sycamore street.
CONCORD STREET, in the Third and Seventh wards.
GREEN ALLEY, from Chesnut street to Centre street.
Also, for Grading ALLEGHENY AVENUE, from Ridge street to Western avenue.
Profiles and specifications can be seen in the office of CHAS. DAVIS, Esq., City Engineer. Proposals to be endorsed "Grading and Paving," and addressed to the undersigned.
R. B. FRANCIS,
ap18:083 City Controller.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
GOOD PRINTS, at 12½c.
PURPLE PRINTS, slightly imperfect, at 12½c.
Yard Wide BLEACHED MUSLIN, at 12½c.
Heavy UNBLEACHED MUSLIN, at 12½c.
GINGHAMS, at 10c.
GINGHAMS, at 12½c.
JEANS, at 12½c.
CORSETS, at 50c.
CORSETS, at 62½c.
WHALEBONE CORSETS, at 87½c.
COLORED KID GLOVES, at 75c.
LADIES' RIBBED HOSE, at 11c.
LADIES' PLAIN HOSE, at 10c.
CASSIMERES, for Boys' wear.
CASSIMERES, for Men's wear.
CASHMERET, JEANS.
LADIES' SACKING CLOTH.
ALL-WOOL DELAINES, in beautiful shades.
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCAS.
PLAIN AND FANCY POPLINS.
BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.
RISTORI APRONS.
BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS.
HAIR BANDS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
And a Variety of FANCY GOODS,
A FULL STOCK AT LOW PRICES,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.
ap18

J. & H. PHILLIPS.
1868. SPRING GOODS. 1868.
We are now receiving from our own and other manufactories a NEW STOCK of
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
CARRIAGE, FURNITURE, TABLE AND
WINDOW SHADE OIL CLOTHS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Also, a full line of
Transparent Window Shades,
Hollands, Shade Fixtures,
Tassels, Cords, &c., &c.
WOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS will find our prices AS LOW, IF NOT LOWER, THAN CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE, and of quality and styles second to none.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap3:n86 26 AND 28 ST. CLAIR ST.

BLACK SILKS.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET,
Invite attention to their stock of
SILKS,
WHICH THEY OFFER AT LOW PRICES.
ap15

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS, At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRESS GOODS!
DRESS GOODS!
JUST OPENED, A LARGE STOCK OF
NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS.
COLORED WOOL DELAINES.
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCAS.
COLORED SILKS.
BLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS.
NAPKINS, SHIRT FRONTS.
IRISH LINENS, &c.
AT PRICES AS LOW AS ANY.
ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO.,
178 Federal St., Allegheny.
ap18:8

NOVELTIES!
NOVELTIES!
Very Superior and Elegant.
COUNTERPANES,
AND
LINEN GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED.
BATES & BELL.
ap14:TTS&T

ESTABLISHED 1849.....THE LARGEST IN AMERICA.
NORTH AMERICAN
Lightning Rod Manufactory,
BRASS FOUNDRY
AND
IRON GALVANIZING WORKS.
30,000 FEET MANUFACTURED DAILY.
THE CELEBRATED STAR GALVANIZED
LIGHTNING RODS,
Manufactured at these works, and sold to all parts of the continent, are admitted to be superior to any Lightning Rod in use. Great inducements offered to peddlers and all persons buying at wholesale. Also, fine Platina Points, of all kinds and patterns, together with Insulators, Fastenings, Copper and Iron Connection Burs, Braces, etc. Samples, Pamphlets and Circulars sent free.
REYBURN, HUNTER & CO.,
Nos. 488 and 490 St. John St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
ap10:o33-d&F

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRAC-TORS.
Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of School Directors of the Fifth Ward of the City of Allegheny, up to the 30TH DAY OF APRIL, for
Building a Public School House
in said ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Messrs. BARR & MOSER, Nos. 3 & 4 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.
The Directors reserve the right of rejecting any or all bids, and requiring security for the faithful performance of the contract.
Address the undersigned, at No. 10 St. Clair St., or Box 312, Pittsburgh P. O., marking "Proposals" on outside of envelopes.
By order of the Board.
ap15:044 JOHN E. PARKE, President.

GREAT SALE.
Tremendous Sacrifice in Looking Glasses.
Preparatory to moving, I offer my elegant stock of fine GILT, PIER and MANTLE GLASSES, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES; also, miscellaneous styles of BEDROOM GLASSES, all of which must be sold by the 1st of June,
Regardless of Cost.
Those who are in want of fine Parlor Glasses and a first-class article of fine gilt work, will do well to give me a call.
J. LYONS,
ap8 110 Wood street.

MARBLE & SLATE MANTLES,
AT THE
PITTSBURGH STEAM MARBLE AND SLATE WORKS.
Office and Warehroom—319 and 321 LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Wareroom on second floor.
Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture Slabs which have become discolored bu smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized and made to look as well as new.
There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.
All kinds of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices, carriage added.
W. W. WALLACE.

PERCEVAL BECKETT,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
(Late of P. F. W. & C. Railway.)
Office, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Room No. 2, up stairs. P. O. Box 50, ALLEGHENY CITY.
MACHINERY, of all descriptions, designed.
BLAST FURNACE and ROLLING MILL DRAWINGS furnished. Particular attention paid to designing COLLIERY LOCOMOTIVES. Patents confidentially solicited. ☞ An EVENING DRAWING CLASS for mechanics every WEDNESDAY NIGHT. ap4:n88

AUCTION SALES.

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.
PALMER & PHILLIPS,
AUCTIONEERS
And Commission Merchants,
OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.
Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

BY SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.
LARGE AND PEREMPTORY
AUCTION SALE.
ELEGANT SILVER WARE,
French Clocks, Parlor Ornaments, &c.
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 21st and 22d, at 2 and 7½ o'clock P. M., at
MASONIC HALL AUCTION ROOMS,
55 and 57 Fifth Street.
Special attention is asked to this sale by those desiring either a complete or partial Silver Ware furnishment, being the largest and the finest lot ever offered at sale in this city.
The goods are late and recherche styles and patterns, manufactured exclusively for customer sales by one of the most reliable Eastern houses, and guaranteed TRIPLE PLATE.
In the assortment may be found choice Tete Sets, elegant and varied Tea Sets; Urns; Dinner, Tea and Pickle Castors; Cake, Card and Fruit Baskets, Stands and Servers. Ice, Syrup and Cream Pitchers and Trays; Magic, Revolving and Plain Butter Dishes; Egg, Celery and Salt Stands; Oyster, Soup and Sauce Tureens and Ladles; Fruit, Jelley and Berry Dishes; Fine Wine Stands; Ice and Sugar Bowls; Butter and Cake Knives; Salad and Pickle Stands; large and small Waiters; Salt, Mustard and Egg Spoons; Tea, Dinner, Desert Forks and Spoons; Goblets, Mugs, Cups, Napkin Rings, Knife Rests, Spoon Holders, Call Bells, Spoons, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.
Also, fine French Clocks, superb styles; Boquet Vases, fancy articles, &c., &c.
The attendance of the ladies is asked in particular. Seats provided.
Goods on exhibition and examination on and after the 18th inst.
SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.
ap15

BY A. M'ILWAINE.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—BOOK AC-COUNTS, JUDGMENT, &c.
TUESDAY EVENING, April 21st, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by order of John H. Bailey, Esq., Assignee in Bankruptcy, the following property, late of Hegarty & Fullmer, bankrupts, viz: One Judgment and sundry Book Accounts, against various debtors.
ap18 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BANK & RAILROAD STOCKS, UNION IRON MILLS, &c.
TUESDAY EVENING, April 21st, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:
30 shares Allegheny Valley R. R.
10 shares Keystone Savings Bank.
15 shares Coal Men's Trust Co.
93 shares Union Iron Mills, Ninth ward.
ap18 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

51. **51.**
GROVER & BAKER'S
ELASTIC STITCH
AND
LOCK STITCH
SEWING MACHINES
WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,
At the New and Elegant Sales Rooms
OF THE COMPANY,
51 FIFTH STREET.
Also, NEEDLES, ATTACHMENTS, MACHINE SILKS and COTTONS, THREAD, MACHINE OIL, &c., &c. The citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully invited to call.
Applications for Agencies solicited. Circulars or samples by mail on application. Correspondence to be addressed to
GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,
51 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
mh20:m12

STONE DRAIN PIPE,
FOR SEWERAGE.
ALL SIZES, FROM 2 TO 12 INCH.
10,000 FEET ON HAND,
AND FOR SALE BY
JOHN M. TATE,
227 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
AND
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
fe18:wS0:TU-TH&S

168. **168.**
CHEAP! CHEAP!
PRINTS, DELAINES.
TWEEDS, CASSIMERES.
FLANNELS, COLLARS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES.
WHITE GOODS.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS.
RIBBONS, SHAWLS.
HOOP SKIRTS, LACES.
AT THE NEW DRY GOODS STORE OF
F. SOUCY,
☞ No. 168 Wylie Street. ☜
168. **168.**
[mh26:n40]

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, April 16th, 1868.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Proposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing
ALLEGHENY STREET, from Penn to Liberty st.
SMALLMAN STREET, from Morton to Taylor st.
CENTRE AVENUE, from Dinwiddie to Kirkpatrick street.
MULBERRY ALLEY, from Clymer to Smith st.
MULBERRY ALLEY, from Smith to Taylor st.
Will be received at the office of the City Engineer, until SATURDAY, April 25th, 1868. Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had by calling at this office.
ap17:076 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY
WORKHOUSE.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the 25th inst., for LAYING BRICK BY THE THOUSAND, in accordance with the plans and specifications filed at BARR & MOSER'S office, and under the direction of the Superintendent.
GEO. ALBREE, Secretary,
ap9:o20 Wood street, corner Fourth.

DRY LUMBER.
16 AND 18-INCH SHINGLES,
Shaved and Sawed—extra quality.
DRY FLOORING BOARDS,
And all kinds of LUMBER, at
C. C. BOYLE & CO.'S,
Yard, above Suspension Bridge, Allegheny City.
mh28:n30-WS

FOR SALE.
500 bush. No. 1 Spring Wheat;
200 " prime Winter Wheat;
150 " prime Rye;
1,000 " Oats;
350 " prime Peach Blow Potatoes;
For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

WANTED.

WANTED,
A SMART, INTELLIGENT BOY,
For a pupil, and to act as assistant to a Mechanical Engineer. Premium required.
Address Box 50, P. O., Allegheny City, Pa.
ap16:062

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GARDNER. A sober, industrious married man, with a small family, to take charge of and live on a garden farm within nineteen miles of the city. There is a good brick house of six rooms, kitchen, hall and cellar, for the gardener to occupy, and to whom liberal wages will be paid, for one that is competent and trustworthy. For particulars inquire of
G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
ap8:o16 No. 164 Fourth St., Pittsburgh.

WANTED.—AGENTS FOR THE OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR: Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results. By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS. A Book for all sections and parties.
This great work presents the only complete and impartial analysis of the Causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.
The intense desire every where manifested to obtain this work, combined with an increased commission, makes it the best subscription book ever published.
One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in three days.
Another in Boston reports 103 subscribers in four days.
Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with notices of the Press, &c.
Address,
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
mh19:m100:d&F Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.
A lot of TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, BRITTANIA WARE, WATER COOLERS, GRATE FRONTS, STOVES, one SAFE, DESK, large upright SHOW CASE, SHELVING, large REFRIGERATOR, all of which will be sold low to quit business.
ap18:086 No. 153 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE.
A RIVER BOTTOM FARM OF 76 ACRES, 19 miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, one-half mile from Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville railroad; near churches, schools, stores, &c., in the flourishing villages of Boston and Green Oak. The improvements are a two-story brick house of six rooms, hall and cellar, a good frame bank barn with stabling underneath, and other outbuildings; a well of good standing water at the door, and several standing springs of water on the farm, and an orchard of 100 trees of selected fruits of apples, cherries, pears, peaches, quinces and grapes. This property being located near the line of the railroad, within one hour's ride of the city, makes it very desirable for gardening or a dairy farm; it is also a good and beautiful location for country homes near the city, lying immediately on the river, on the opposite side from the railroad. The West Newton Accommodation and other trains on the railroad afford certain and frequent opportunities of daily communication to and from the city. Will be sold as a whole or in lots of one acre or more, to suit purchasers.
Also, A FARM OF 173 ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn 40 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard; 120 acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm; and with it will be sold all the personal property on the premises, consisting of horses, cows, stock cattle, hogs and poultry, harness, gears, wagon, plows, farming implements and household and kitchen furniture. Together will be sold very low and on easy terms, to a responsible purchaser.
Also, a desirable and very fertile Tract of Land of 158 ACRES AND 25 PERCHES, in Elizabeth Tp., Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Hempfield railroad, and one and one-half miles from the Connellsville railroad at Suter's Station. On this farm are 40 acres of superior white oak timber, which alone is now worth one-half the price asked for the whole tract. The improvements are a log house, frame barn, good fencing, and an apple orchard of good fruit. It is well watered and underlaid with limestone and flag stone of a superior quality, with stone coal for the use of the farm.
Also, The best FARM in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., of 250 ACRES, about six miles south of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad at Bolivar Station. The improvements are two large hewed log dwellings; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards, in good bearing condition; corn crib, wagon-shed and other outbuildings. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation; fencing all in first rate order, and the land of the best quality of limestone soil, about 200 acres of which is cleared and the residue of the tract in good timber, such as white oak, rock oak, hickory, walnut and beech. This property will be sold very cheap and on good terms, as the owner wishes to engage in other business. For particulars enquire of
G. H. TOWER, 164 Fourth Street.
ap14:o42

FOR SALE.
Property near Mansfield for Sale.
A very desirable piece of land of 16 acres, having an orchard of about 3 acres, and a good frame house of 5 rooms and cellar; a spring of never failing water near the house. Located on an elevation about ¾ of a mile west of Mansfield Station, on the Panhandle R. R. To be sold as a whole or in lots, to suit purchasers, from 3 to 5 acres.
Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second floor.
FOR SALE.
A good frame dwelling of five rooms, large hall, finished attic and good cellar, with lot 24 by 139 feet 9 inches, situate No. 60 Adams street, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, which will be sold low and on good terms, as the owner wishes to leave the city.
Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second floor.
FOR SALE.
BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—Two good lots on Sheffield street; one lot on Adams street; one lot on Franklin street; three small lots on Chartiers street, Allegheny. A lot in East Liberty, being lot No. 14 on Dennison avenue. A number of lots on Jacks Run.
Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, second floor.
A good Farm of 70 Acres, 60 of which are cultivated, and balance in timber, having 10 acres of orchard, consisting of apples, peaches and pears; a good log house of 6 rooms and cellar; a good log barn. Farm well watered, having a good spring near the door; 50 acres underlaid with coal. Situate 13 miles northwest of Allegheny City, and 4 miles from Sewickley or Glendale Station, on the P. F. W. & C. R. R. Terms easy. Inquire at 77 Federal street Allegheny City, second floor.
mh18:m8

FOR SALE.
A good ONE-HORSE SPRING WAGON, HORSE and HARNESS. Also, a full outfit of BROOM-MAKING MACHINES. Will be sold cheap.
Apply at No. 135 WASHINGTON AVENUE, Allegheny City. ap17:077

LAND AT HOMEWOOD.
Twenty Acres of Land for sale at Homewood Station, P. R. R., immediately opposite residences of Drs. Vandevort and Dupuy, and being the most desirable property for country residences in the county.
Inquire of H. P. MILLER, No. 83 Fifth street, or of B. E. MILLER, near the premises. ap17:078

FOR SALE.
A NEW BRICK HOUSE,
Containing four rooms, hall and finished attic, situated at No. 123 Elm street, Sixth ward, opposite the foot of Decatur street.
Enquire of Capt. CHARLES W. MAY,
ap17:081 No. 49 Congress street, Pittsburgh.

LOTS FOR SALE—SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS on Observatory Hill, Second Ward, Allegheny City, are offered for sale—cheap. The location is a very desirable one, commanding a fine view of both cities, is easy of access, and there is abundance of stone on the ground for building purposes. Apply soon at the paint shop of McCOWAN & SNYDER, Allegheny Diamond, at THIS OFFICE, or on the premises, near the Observatory Building. mh25:n38

DESIRABLE PENN STREET RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Three-story brick house, well built and conveniently arranged; wide hall, large parlor, dining-room and kitchen, cellar, wash room, etc.; seven other rooms, bath room; gas fixtures in all the rooms; yard, grape arbor, &c. Lot extends back to an alley; brick stable on the alley; all in complete order. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ap16 Real Estate Agents, 85 Smithfield St.

FOR SALE.—HORSES.—At HOW-ARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES; one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.
Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.
A LARGE BRICK HOUSE and lot of ground, late the property of Mrs. A. McDade, situate at Verner Station, Allegheny Valley R. R. Also, a FRAME DWELLING, adjoining the above.
Apply to C. SNIVELY,
ap15:o54-d&F Administrator.

WHITE LIME.
250 BARRELS WHITE LIME,
Warranted equal to any in market, in store and sale by
HUGH KNOX,
mh12:m88 No. 323 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

DOTY CLOTHES WASHER, the best in the market; another supply just received by J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap15 Sole agents for this county.

OAK TANNED LEATHER BELT-ING, quality warranted good, at the lowest rates. J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap15 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

IRON WORKS.

AS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P.

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar, Hoop and Sheet Iron,

WROUGHT IPON,

Iron Welded Tubes for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.

ALSO,

OIL WELL TUBING.

Office, 98 Water and 132 First Streets.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

u29:e26

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Common, Refined, Charcoal

AND

JUNIATA BLOOM IRON.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d6

STEEL WORKS.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 88 Water and 100 First Sts.

ap16:o67

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

SQUARE, FLAT and OCTAGON, of all sizes; SAW PLATES, HOE, FORK and SHEET CAST STEEL; CAST STEEL for

Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Axles, Circulars, &c., &c.

Cast and Common Plow & Spring Steel.

Office—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STREETS, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

oc23:d9

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON CITY MILLS.

ROGERS & BURCHFIELD,

Manufacturers of REFINED, CHARCOAL, JUNIATA and POLISHED

CAST STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, No. 22 MARKET ST.

FERTILIZERS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE,

SUP -PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

MANUFACTURED BY

The Allegheny Fertilizer Co.,

SEWARD & CAMPBELL,

PROPRIETORS,

Office, 356 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF ATWELL, LEE & CO. was dissolved on the 1st of February, 1868, by mutual consent. Either partner may sign the name of the firm in settlement.

JOHN ATWELL.
CHARLES ATWELL.
A. J. LEE.

The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, under the name and style of ATWELL & LEE, at the old place, No. 131 Second street. A continuance of the patronage of their friends and the public is respectfully solicited.

CHARLES ATWELL.
A. J. LEE.

mh7:m68

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

fe16:t10

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO.

CHARLES KNAP, President.
J. M. KNAP, Vice President.
O. METCALF, Sec'y and Treas'r.
J. K. WADE, Engineer.
J. G. KNAP, General Manager.

DIRECTORS:
JAMES B. MURRAY, of Lyon, Shorb & Co.
A. E. W. PAINTER, of J. Painter & Sons.
C. B. HERRON, of Spang, Chalfant & Co.
THOS. S. BLAIR, of Shoenberger & Co.
WM. METCALF, of Miller, Barr & Parkin.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Rolling Mill and Blast Machinery.

RETORTS and CASTINGS, of every description. ERNEST'S NAIL MACHINES. fe24

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.
All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.
Agents for GILFGARD'S PETENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:128

BERLIN FOUNDRY.

PRICE & SIMS.

Office and Warehouse, 29 Wood Street.

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,

WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,

SUGAR KETTLES, HOLLOW WARE,

And Castings generally. ap28:y6

CENTRAL FOUNDRY AND ROLL WORKS,

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

FULTON MACHINE WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 12 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.

Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no8:h2

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bel Copper, Presied Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 139 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:d3:dwT

FURNITURE.

118. PRACTICAL 118.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

LEMON & WEISE,

NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.

Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.
Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.
Work guaranteed.

mh21:n14 LEMON & WEISE.

SEEDS.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.

SEED STORE—128 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Greenhouses at Oakland. Nurseries on Squirrel Hill. mh9

ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

FORT PITT BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:l89

E. W. MORROW.....JAS. B. BARNHILL.....JAS. BLAIR.

O'HARA BOILER WORKS.

MORROW, BARNHILL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Agitators,

TANKS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON BRIDGES, SHEET IRON WORK, &c.

Cor. Liberty and Second Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REPAIRING promptly done. jy4:b2

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &C.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

TO BUY THE

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

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HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

F. MUSSMANN,

FIFTH ST., bet. Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Rdpairing done carefully on short notice. je23:d50

BREWERIES.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER....JAS. M'KAY....ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

Of Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oc14

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER.

STRAW GOODS CLEANED OR DYED.

KID GLOVES AND LADIES' PLUMES CLEANED OR DYED

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING AND STEAM PACKING, wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter, James Gordon, D. Wallace, E. Fawcett, | Jno. C. Risher, Robt. A. King, Andrew Miller, James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier,

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Allen Kirkpatrick, W. S. Haven, | George W. Cass, James McCandless, Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:s82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

KEYSTONE BANK,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THIS BANK IS NOW TRANSACTING A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT THEIR NEW BANKING HOUSE.

No. 293 Liberty Street.

Accounts of BANKS, BANKERS, MERCHANTS and others are invited.
Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 59 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED 1866.

Interest paid on Time Deposits

ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM

ONE DOLLAR UPWARD.

DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.

President--THOMPSON BELL.

Vice President--A. M. MARSHALL.

DIRECTORS:

THOMPSON BELL, JOS. DILWORTH, J. J. GILLESPIE, | A. M. MARSHALL, JOS. ALAREE.

Stockholders to whom we make reference:
Wm. Forsythe, Wm. Caldwell, Willis Dalzell, D. W. C. Bidwell, E. M. Fulton, | Joseph Dilworth, Rev. David Kerr, Henry Lambert, A. M. Brown, Thomas Ewing.

E. W. CLARK & CO.

BANKERS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

No. 35 SOUTH THIRD ST.

PHILADELPHIA,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

7 3-10s Converted Into 5-20.

STOCKS AND GOLD

Bought and sold on commission, here and in New York. TIME PAPER NEGOTIATED.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY. Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.
ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AT MARKET RATES.

fe24:188

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BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.

SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

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NO. 80 FOURTH STREET, APOLLO BUILDING.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap16:x85

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED MY

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

TO THE

Corner of Fifth and Wood Streets,

Formerly occupied by the NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

PH. R. MERTZ.

CONVERSION OF 7-30's.

We are now prepared to convert the SECOND and THIRD SERIES of

SEVEN-THIRTIES

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealer in Government Securities,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 17, 1868.

Our local money market is quiet and does not partake of the stringency experienced in New York, where the large daily sales of gold for Government account and consequent locking up greenbacks, and the bursting of the Atlantic Mail bubble has been taken advantage of by the "bears" to engineer a semi-panic in the stock market, and by creating distrust in values and calling in of margins to shake the stocks out of the hands of weak holders, but today the market is stoadier, and prices have probably touched bottom, and as the payment of the income tax will relieve the Government from the necessity as they claim of daily gold sales, and the exchanges are now in favor of New York, causing shipments of currency to that point, we look for an easy money market and higher prices.

Closing quotations, as received by Robinson Bros: Gold, 139¾; 1881 bonds, 112; 5-20s, '62, 111; do, '64, 109; do, '65, 109¾; new, 107¾; do '67, 107¾; 10-40s, 101¾; 7-30s, 106. New York Central, Railroad, 112⅛; Erie, 67¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 87; Rock Island, 87½; Fort Wayne, 100¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 30¾.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.

Gold	138½
U. S. 6's, 1881	111⅞
" 5-20's, 1862	110¾
" 5-20's, 1864	109
" 5-20's, 1865	109⅜
" 10-40's	101¾
" 5-20's, Jan. and July, '65	107⅜
" " " " " '67	107¾
" June 7-30's	106
" July 7-30's	106
May Comp., 1865	118½

PITTSBURGH METAL MARKET,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 17, 1868.

The market has been moderately active this week, and while the volume of business is comparatively light, the reported sales being somewhat below the usual aggregate, it should be borne in mind that our report is only partial, two or three of the commission men declining for the present, and for reasons best known to themselves, to make their transactions public.

ANTHRACITE.

30 tons	No. 2 Foundry	$40 00	4 mos
30 "	No. 2 Foundry	41 00	4 mos
80 "	Mottled	35 00	4 mos
200 "	Red Short	37 00	4 mos

CHARCOAL.

30 tons	Common Close	39 00	cash
100 "	Medium Foundry	43 00	4 mos
40 "	No. 1 Foundry	47 00	4 mos
50 "	" No. 1 Foundry	45 00	time
50 "	" No. 1 Foundry	47 00	time
40 "	Cold Blast	66 00	time
100 "	Fancy Forge	50 00	4 mos
200 "	Grey Forge	46 00	cash
50 "	No. 1 Foundry	47 00	4 mos

BITUMINUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

400 tons	Open Grey, at fur	$36 00	4 mos
300 "	" " "	34 50	cash
500 "	" " "	38 00	4 mos
300 "	Open Grey—to ar	37 50	6 mos
100 "	Open Grey—to ar	37 50	6 mos
300 "	Open Grey—to ar	37 56	6 mos
150 "	Medium—at fur	35 50	6 mos
150 "	White and Mottled	35 00	6 mos
50 "	Medium—from yard	37 50	4 mos
50 "	Open Grey	38 00	4 mos

BLOOMS.

10 "	No. 1 Juniata	$92 00	4 mos
20 "	Charcoal	90 00	4 mos

PITTSBURGH DRUG MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 17, 1868.

	₱ lb.
Acid, Acetic	30
Acid, Citric	$ 1 08
Acid, Tartaric	87
Aloes, Cape	30
Ammonia, Aqua	13
Ammonia, Carb	26
Alum	5
Assafoetida	50
Arnica Flowers	28
Balsam Copaiba	1 12
	₱ gall.
Bay Rum	4 70
	₱ lb.
Blue Mass	64
Blue Vitriol	14
Borax, refined	40
Brimstone, Roll	6
Brim. Flor. Sulph.	7½
Calomel	1 15
Camphor, refined	1 30
Cantharides	2 08
Chamomile, Germ.	27
Chamomile, Rom	55
Chloroform	2 10
Cochineal	1 58
	₱ bbl.
Copperas	7 00
	₱ lb.
Cream Tartar	53
Cubebs	44
Dover's Powder	2 50
Ether, Nitros	70
Ether, Sulphuric	1 28
Gum Arabic Sorts	60
Gum Arabic Select	95
Gum Shellac	65
Hoffman's Anod'e	85
Iodine, Resub	7 40
Juniper Berries	7
Liquorice, Calab	52
Liquorice, Italian	47
Liquorice, Sicily	25
Madder	18
Magnesia Caleine	1 00
Magnesia Carb	52
Manna	1 40
Morphia	7 60
Oil Bergamot	11 00
Oil Castor	33
Oil Cinnamon	4 90
Oil Cloves	4 00
	₱ gall.
Oil Cod Liver	2 50
Oil Croton	$ 5 25
Oil Lemon	5 00
	₱ gall.
Oil Neatsfoot	1 45
Oil Olive	3 25
	₱ doz.
Oil Olive, qts	7 75
Oil Olive, pts	4 75
	₱ lb.
Oil Peppermint	6 50
Oil Sassafras	1 45
Oil Wintergreen	5 75
Opium	12 00
Potassa Bromide	2 85
Potassa Chlorate	62
Potassa Iodide	6 30
	₱ oz.
Quinine	2 45
	₱ bbl.
Rosin	6 75
	₱ lb.
Root Gentian	13
Root Ginger E. I.	27
Root Ginger Jam.	40
Root Ipecac pow'd	4 60
Root Jalap pow'd.	2 75
Root Liquorice	20
Root Rhubarb	3 40
Root Rhu. pow'd	3 60
Root Sarsaparilla	60
Root Senega	58
Root Valerian, Eng	70
Root Valer'n, Ger.	37
Sal Ammoniac	18
Sal Epsom	5½
Sal Rochelle	53
Sal Soda	4
Seed Canary	12
Seed Hemp	11
Seed Cardamon	5 75
Seed Mustard	20
Senna Alex	35
Senna E. I	27
Soda Bi Carb	9
Soap Castile	22
Soap Castile, white	30
Sugar Lead	55
Turpentine Spirits	83
Uva Ursi	17
Venetian, red	5
Whiting	3½

WHITE LEAD AND ZINC PAINTS.

White Lead is firm at the advance quoted last week. Eastern advices seem to indicate a further advance as probable. Messrs. Harris & Ewing, wholesale druggists, corner of Liberty and Wayne streets, quote the following brands:

Strictly Pure White Lead, J. S. & Son	14½c
Pittsburgh White Lead Works, Pure	13½c
Banner, Pure	12½c
Eagle, Pure	11c
Pacific, Pure	10c
Pearl, Snow White	8½c
Premium, Pure, assorted cans	13c
Snow White Zinc, J. S. & Son, Pure	16c
Snow White Zinc, P. C. W., Pure	14c
Snow White Zinc, Banner	12c
Snow White Zinc, Imperial	9c

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 17, 1868.

The fine weather we have had for a day or two has improved business somewhat, and we can report a steady demand for nearly all of the leading articles, and prices are firm and well maintained.

APPLES—Firm but unchanged; sales in a regular way at $4 to $6,25 per barrel for common to choice. The supply is pretty well reduced.

POTATOES—We can report a sale of one car Peach Blows, on track, at $1,30 per bushel; sales in barrels at $3,75 for Peach Blows, and $4,25 to $4,50 for Buckeyes.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches are in fair local demand at 11½ to 12c. Apples in good supply and very dull; we continue to quote at 7 to 7½c.

GRAIN—No Winter Wheat in market; sale of 1 car No. 1 Spring at $2,40. Oats firm but unchanged; sale of 1 car at 79c. Corn is in better demand and firm but unchanged; sale of 1 car Ear at $1; and 1 do do at $1,05. Rye is steady at $1,75 to $1,80, and Barley is selling at $2,50.

BUTTER—Is easier, in anticipation of increased arrivals, and prime to choice Roll cannot fairly be quoted above 45 to 50c.

EGGS—Sold to-day at 19 to 20c; some dealers thought they ought to bring 22c; it is difficult, however, to get even 20c.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is dull at $7; a round lot could probably be obtained at $6,50 to $6,75. Timothy is still quoted at 2,50 to $2,75. Flaxseed is in good demand at $2,50 to $2,55.

LARD OIL—Is firm but unchanged; sales at $1,15 for Mo. 2, and $1,45 for No 1.

HOMINY—Is dull, notwithstanding the supply is light; prices remain unchanged at $6,25 to $6,50 per bbl.

HAY—Is firm but unchanged; Loose is selling from country wagons at $25 to $30, for fair to strictly prime.

FLOUR—Is firmer, and dealers, generally, report an advance of about 25c per barrel. We now quote at $10,75 to $11 for good Spring Wheat; $11,25 to $11,50 for choice do; $12 to $12,50 for Winter Wheat, and $15 to $16 for fancy brands. Rye Flour, $9,50.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFIFCE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 17, 1868.

CRUDE—The crude market is quiet and unchanged. We can report sales of 121 bbls at 8⅝c, bbls returned; 60 do at 8½c, bbls returned; 400 bbls, in bulk, at 8⅝c; and 2000 bbls for all the month (40 to 46 gravity) at 8¼c. One reason, and it is a very good one, for the present dullness, is the fact that the great majority of the operators are in Philadelphia, and we cannot reasonably look for any material improvement until the famous O'Connor and Tack trial has been concluded and our dealers return home. An Oil City telegram reports as follows: "$2,95 to $3—so little doing that it is difficult to fix prices.

REFINED—There was not a single sale of bonded oil reported to-day, and the market is quiet and unchanged. April is still quoted at 25c; May at 25½c; and June at 26 to 26¼c. All the year, buyer's option, is nominal at 31c; the last four months may be quoted at 28½c—the last reported for that delivery being at that price.

ARRIVALS—The following are the arrivals of oil:

Lockhart & Frew.	480	Jas. Wilkins....	121
Fisher & Bro.....	60	Mawhinney&E.	1000
J. Gallagher	500		
Total			2161

OIL SHIPMETS PER A. V. R. R.—FOR TWO DAYS.

Livingston & Bro., 300 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Clark & Sumner, 224 do do to P. Wright & Son, Philadelphia,
Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 400 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
Nat. Ref. Co., 100 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.
Montzheimer, Koehler & Co., 250 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Wormser, Myers & Co., 217 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
W. H. Chilcoat, 104 do parrafine to E. G. Trasel & Co., Philadelphia.
McKelvy & Bro., 50 benzole to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchinson Oil Co., 102 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., and 30 do do to Emil Schalk, Philadelphia.
Bly & Pinkerton, 50 do do to W. P. Logan, Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 17.—Cotton dull and about ½@1c lower; sales of 1,100 bales at 30@30½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts, 3,191 bbls; market 10c better, and more doing, part for export; sales—1,200 bbls at $9,15@9,65 for superfine, State and western; $10,15@10,80 for extra State; $10,10@12,25 for extra western; $12,50@14,00 for white wheat extra; $10,20@14,00 for R. H. O. $10,25@12,00 for extra St. Louis; $12@15,50 for good to choice do; closing steady; included in the sales there are 2,500 barrels of extra State for export; California a shade firmer; sales—1,500 sacks at $12,70@14,00; Rye flour steady; sales—300 bbls at $9,50@9,60. Corn meal quiet; sales—200 bush western at $5,75. Whiskey dull. Wheat—receips, 1,590 bush; the market is more active and 1@2c better; sales—91,000 bush at $2,55 straight: No. 2 spring dull at $2,60@2,63; No. 1 do, in store, and delivered, $2,39@2,40 for No. 2 do to arrive, $2,55 for Port Washington to arrive, $2,85 for winter red Canada, $2,90 for amber Michigan, and $3,22 for white State. Rye firm and quiet; sales 1,500 bbls State at $1,04. Barley quiet. Barley malt dull. Corn—receipts 1,600 bush—opened dull and heavy, and closed more active and 1@2c better; sales 7,500 bushels at $1,19 @1,20 for new mixed western afloat, $1,20 @1,21½ for old do. in store, the latter an extreme. Oats—receipts 1,300 bush—dull; sales 1,200 bushels at 86½ for western in store. Rice dull, at 10½@11½ for Carolina. Coffee moderately active; sales 900 sacks Rio on private terms. Sugar in fair request; sales 1,975 hhds at 10⅞@13¾ for Cuba, 11½ for Porto Rico, 11⅝ for Demarara. Molasses firm; sales 100 bbls Cuba at 48@50c. Hops quiet at 10@15c for American. Petroleum unsettled; 11½@12c for crude, and 25½@26c for refined bonded. Pork heavy and lower; sales 2,500 bbls at $26,55@26,75 for new mess, closing at $26,55 regular; $25,87@26,00 for old do., closing at $25,87 cash; $21,87@22,25 for prime, and $24,00@24,25 for prime mess. Beef firm; sales 640 bbls at $15,00@20,50 for new mess, and $20,50@24,75 for new extra mess; also 200 tierces at $30,00@30.50 for prime mess, and $39,00@42,00 for India mess. Beef Hams dull and nominal. Cut Meats firm, with sales of 430 pkgs at 12¼@13c for Shoulders, and 17½c for Hams. Bacon firm, with sales of 650 boxes at 14c for Cumberland cut, 15½c for short ribbed, and 16¾c for short clear. Lard firm and quiet, with sales of 650 bbls at 17@17¼c. Butter steady at 20@40c for Ohio, and 50@52c for State. Cheese quiet and steady at 13@16½c. Freights to Liverpool are a shade firmer, with engagements for 15,000 bus grain, at 4d for corn per sail, and 6¼c for wheat per steam; and 25,000 bbls flour, per steam, at 2s. 6d.

LATEST—Flour closed fairly active and better. Wheat quiet and very firm at the advance realized on 'change. Rye quiet and firm, at $1,90@1,92 for western. Oats dull at 86@86½c for western in store. Corn firm at $1,20@1,20½ for new mixed western afloat, and $1,20 for old mixed western in store. Pork heavy and lower; sales of 1,000 bbls new mess at $26,40@26,50, cash and regular. Beef active and firm. Cut meats firm with a fair demand. Bacon fairly active and firm, at 14c for Cumberland cut. Lard nominally active and firm at 17¼@18c for fair to prime steam. Eggs in moderate demand at 20½@21c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

STARTLING RUMOR!

The Bones of the Union and Confederate Dead as Articles of Commerce—Tons of Human Bones Reported as Consigned to a Bone-Boiling Establishment in this Neighborhood—An Investigation to be Made by the Authorities.

Months ago a respectable firm somewhere below us engaged in the laudable enterprise of collecting the anatomical remains of horses, mules, cattle, &c., which once strewed the country like a fall of snow—part of the debris of the late great armies—and reducing the same to an article of commerce, to be used as a fertilizer on the poorer lands of the South.

About ten cents per bushel was the price offered, and the idle hordes of blacks hanging about the city, awaiting just such jobs, were soon scattered over the neighboring hills and open grounds gathering, grubbing and rooting, like swarms of ants. Car load after car load was gathered and shipped southward, until the supply in this vicinity gradually decreased, when rag picking, coal gathering and iron filching resumed their wonted sway.

Some weeks since, however, other accessible regions being alike exhausted, Nashville was again made a receiving point, and once more the hungry bone-hunters were put upon the trail. In the vicinity of the Chattanooga depot, and but a few steps from Church street, is the principal delivering yard, where may be seen a huge hecatomb, daily increasing in size, as the dusky hunters arrive with wagons, carts, baskets, bags, &c., all loaded down with this new commodity.

We have often passed this unsightly and not altogether unsavory spot, with nothing more than a casual glance, until yesterday, when an unaccountable inclination seized us to view it more closely. With a kind of mournful interest we drew near, and gazed upon the heaps about us, until our our eyes were attracted by a peculiarly shaped bone protruding from the one nearest.

Drawing it forth, we held in our hand the rib of a man. Upon a further search we found a broken thigh bone, and what from our limited knowledge of the subject we judged to be various parts of the human frame. Heart-sick with painful emotions, we turned away, but unpleasant thoughts would intrude themselves. How many such bones were hidden in that vast deposit? How many had already been shipped away? Perhaps a spirit of gain had prompted a violation of the sepulchres of our own loved ones! Perhaps the remains of our brave defenders, sleeping so lightly over the heights around us, were being exhumed and sold at ten cents a bushel to enrich the soil they had died in defending! It was all grief and humiliation, and with our mouth in the dust we hurried from the spot.

The above startling announcement appeared a few days ago in the Nashville *Dispatch* and would not possess a local interest sufficient to secure its publication in our columns to-day, were it not that two barge loads of these bones, gathered from the historic battle fields of Tennessee, have within a few days past found their way to this market, and are now undergoing the process of being converted into soil fertilizers. The suspicion that the cargoes of bones gathered from the battle fields of Tennessee, by uneducated, avaricious junk dealers and ignorant freedmen, are largely made up with the bones of our brave Union defenders, who died that our country might live, and of their confederate enemies, will enter the minds of those who will give the matter any thought whatever. The idea of making the bones of brave soldiers an article of commerce is so repugnant and terrible as to call loudly for investigation into the matter, and we would suggest that the authorities overhaul the barge of bones now discharging at a bone boiling establishment in Allegheny City, in order to ascertain if our suspicions, strengthened by the statement above quoted, are not correct. The bones came from Nashville and were gathered from the battle fields. When it is remembered that the rebel force scarcely covered with earth our patriotic dead, it will appear strange, indeed, if the swarms of avaricious bone hunters discriminate against taking up the precious remains of the slain dead. Let the matter be investigated at once.

—Since writing the above we learn that Mayor Blackmore has already made arrangements for the inspection of the cargo of bones which arrived yesterday, and will publicly announce the result in Monday's papers. He deserves much credit for having taken such prompt measures to satisfy the public that, here in Pittsburgh, the traffic in human bones cannot be permitted. We hope his investigation will disarm our well grounded suspicions, but fear it will not.

The Other Side.

Yesterday we noted that Michael Barrmettler appeared before Mayor Blackmore as prosecutor of Henry Harrington, an employé in the establishment of "Cheap John," Smithfield street, for aggravated assault and battery, alleging that he had a difficulty about an article he proposed purchasing, which resulted in Harrington using upon him a "knife or other sharp instrument," severing a portion of his left ear. It seems the case was not very "aggravated," and if "the other side" of the story is correct, Barrmettler was not struck with a "knife or other instrument," but with the naked fist, for an insult of such nature that any man, not "overflowing with the milk of human kindness," would have similarly and as promptly resented. The case was "settled," and Harrington stated that it would probably not have gone as far as it did but for an over-officious policeman, (present at the time,) who advised the prosecution as a means for the prosecutor to secure gratis a pair of pantaloons, the object of the dispute.

Illicit Distillery.

Some weeks since the Deputy U. S. Marshal of this District learned that a still house was in operation at the Belvidere Hotel, at the mouth of Pine Creek, on the Allegheny River, and that liquor was being illicitly distilled there. On the 30th of March, accompanied by the Deputy Collector of the 23d District, he went to the Belvidere Hotel, and there found a still in operation in a stone building about fifty feet in rear of the hotel. Edward Eichenlaub, the proprietor of the hotel, was arrested and the apparatus taken possession of. On the 4th inst. Eichenlaub had a hearing before U. S. Commissioner Gamble, who, after hearing the testimony, held him in the sum of $2,000 for his appearance at the May term of the United States District Court.

Fashionable Merchant Tailor.

Elsewhere we publish the business card of Mr. Henry Meyer, fashionable merchant tailor, No. 73 Smithfield street. This gentleman has long been recognized among our leading merchant tailors and while he makes up his goods in the most stylish and durable manner, his prices are very low and reasonable. Enjoying already a large share of custom, he has just laid in such a desirable stock of cloths, cassimeres and vestings as will enable him to increase and extend his trade and the public are respectfully invited to call in and examine his goods and inquire his prices. From personal acquaintance and full knowledge of his superiority as a fashionable merchant tailor, we are prepared to commend Mr. Meyer to the patronage of our readers.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

In the case of the parties from McKeesport, indicted for committing an assault and battery upon an officer, which was reported on trial yesterday, the jury found a verdict of guilty, but recommended the defendants to the mercy of the Court. Sentence deferred.

B. Clark, who was indicted with the defendants in the above case, entered a plea of *nolle contendere* as to the assault and battery.

Luke Martin was convicted of assault and battery upon his wife. He was sentenced to pay six cents fine and costs of prosecution.

Henry W. Shannon plead guilty to an indictment for assault and battery, and was sentenced to pay a fine of six cents and the costs.

John Hovey was tried on a charge of felonious assault and battery. They jury found a verdict of not guilty, and defendant was discharged.

W. W. Foster was placed on trial on a charge of false pretences, preferred by Dr. James B. Herron. On motion of the defendant's counsel, the indictment was quashed, under the statute of limitation—not having been found within two years after the commission of the alleged offence.

Wm. Healy was tried on a charge of assault and battery, preferred by Garrard McKeon. The jury found a verdict of guilty, and defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs.

Margaret Donahue plead guilty to the larceny of a pair of boots from the store of W. B. Clapp & Co., on Fifth street. She was sentenced to pay the costs and to undergo an imprisonment of five days in the county jail.

Isabella McKeon was charged with assault and battery on oath of her brother, Garrard McKeon. The jury found a verdict of guilty, and the defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of five dollars and the costs.

Garrard McKeon was indicted for malicious mischief, on oath of Wm. Haley. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, and directed the prosecutor to pay the costs. The Court so directed. Haley also sued McKeon for surety, but the Court, after a hearing, directed him to pay the costs.

John Reice, William Duncan, Peter Wickline and William Mahoney, were indicted for committing an aggravated assault and battery upon Frank Killain. District Attorney Duff entered a *nolle pros.* as to Rice and Mahoney, they having been included in the indictment by mistake. Wickline and Duncan were placed on trial. The alleged assault occurred at the saloon of Peter Spreyor, on Pennsylvania avenue, on the 19th of January. The parties had been drinking in the bar room, and were all more or less under the influence of liquor. A fight ensued, during which Killain received a stab in the breast, from the effects of which he was confined in bed for several weeks. On trial.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record, before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, April 16th, 1868:

Thomas McClung to Michael Lippert, April 15, 1868; lot on Carson street, in Lower St. Clair township, 24x122 feet.....$1,600
John Bechpeia to John B. Streibeg, February 25, 1868; lot on Jefferson street, Second ward, Allegheny, 40x70 feet.....$800
Mary Ann Faas to Conrad Wruxel, August 6, 1868; lots Nos. 37 and 38 on Center street, Liberty township, 20x30 feet.....$700
Thomas Kelley to Sarah T. Kennedy, March 4, 1868; lot No. 143 in Parton's plan of lots, Pittsburgh, 24 by 40 feet, with buildings.....$6,500
Adam Crumpton to Frederick Breckner, February 12, 1868; lot in Versailles township, adjoining the Pennsylvania Railroad, 200x250 feet, with buildings.....$800
Magdalena Metzger et al. to John Doyle, April 10, 1868; lot on Locust street, 20x60 feet.....$420
John Wilson et ux. to John Ogden, March 28, 1868; lot No. 41 in Flemming's plan of lots on Sandusky street, Third ward, Allegheny, 20 feet square, with with buildings.....$1,950
Benjamin Coursin to C. McKee, April 10, 1868, lot on Wylie stseet, Pittsburgh, 22 feet square, with buildings.....$6,750
John Nichols to James McCoy, January 10, 1867, lot No. 15 in A. B. Bergess' plan of lots in Braddock's Fields, in Wilkins township, with buildings.....$275
Jacob Young to Peter Rupert, April 8, 1868, lots Nos. 274, 275 and 280 in the plan of Breckenridge's extension, Hanson township, on Water street, with buildings.....$1,325
Rt. Rev. M. Domenec to Nicholas Steimer, April 11, 1867, lot in Lower St. Clair township, 50 by 130 feet.....$800
Henry Weeksoker to Valentine Peterius, April 10, 1868, lot in the Seventh ward, Allegheny City, (formerly Reserve township, on the Spring Garden Plank Road, with buildings.....$1,500
Absalom Rupert to John Hendemarke, April 8, 1868, lots No. 254, 275 and 240 in the plan of Breckenridge's extension, in Harrison township.....$0
John Erggtler to Cornelius Ritter, March 12, 1868, lot partly in Lower St. Clair township, and partly in the borough of East Birmingham, on Joseph street, with buildings.....$800

From the "United Presbyterian."

DENTISTRY.—We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the card of Dr. Quincy A. Scott, which will be found in our advertising columns. As a dentist, Dr. Scott has acquired a high reputation, and now stands at the head of the dental profession in this city. From personal knowledge, we can say that the Doctor extracts teeth without the slightest pain to the patient, and where artificial teeth are needed, he makes no charge for extracting. We advise those suffering from toothache to call, without further procrastination, on Dr. Scott, at his dental establishment, 278 Penn street, and be relieved. We have no hesitation in recommending the Doctor, as we feel confident none who favor him with a call will go away disappointed.

Soldiers' League and Firemen's Prayer Meeting.

To-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at quarter past four o'clock, there will be two prayer meetings held under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, one at the "Hope Fire Engine House," foot of "Seminary Hill," and one in the "Soldiers, League Library Rooms," on Lacock street, opposite Anchor Cotton Mills, Allegheny city.

A Fight in Lawrenceville.—Yesterday morning Henry Mouldman and Martin Schnable, residents of Lawrenceville, having had some business transactions together, met on the street and attempted to settle. There was a difference of a few cents between them, and neither being willing to yield the point, a fight was the result. Mouldman, it appears, got the worst of the affray, and afterwards made information before Alderman Irwin, charging Schnable with assault and battery. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

The grand opening of cloth, cassimere, silk and satin cloaks at the fashionable dry goods house of Messrs. Bates & Bell, is attracting much attention and the ladies express themselves delighted with the very fine selection afforded. The assortment is really superb and embraces all the Parisian styles as yet introduced into this country. The spring dress goods of this firm will likewise commend themselves to our readers.

Assault.—John Hannon, of Lawrenceville, made information before Alderman Irwin, of that place, yesterday, charging Florence Goodrich with assault. It appears that the parties are neighbors, and that their wives got into a squabble about some trifling matter, which resulted in a fight. Hannon interfered and Goodrich made an assault upon him with a club. He was arrested and held for a hearing.

Assault and Battery.—Caroline Hannon made information before Alderman Irwin, of Lawrenceville, yesterday, charging J. W. Goodrich with assault. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

Not Discharged.—Officer Joseph Busha was not discharged from the police force, but resigned. He was a good and faithful officer, and we make this correction in justice to him.

Surety of the Peace.—James Brown yesterday made information before Alderman Taylor, against Francis Herron, for surety of the peace. A warrant was issued.

For Pimples and Blotches use the Pimple Banisher. Sold by John A. Best, New Fifth and Tunnel streets.

The Dental Strife.

It would appear from the statement of Drs. Sill & Gillespie that they deny the assertion that any person was ever killed or injured by laughing gas, in this or any other city. It is claimed by them that a fatal case is not known in the history of this agent, but, on the contrary, it has contributed to the relief of thousands who could not undergo the torture of having a tooth extracted without taking some safe anæsthetic. These gentlemen, it appears, have instituted suit for the proof of the allegations made concerning their establishment so it will be tested as a point of law whether such unmitigated assertions can be reiterated to destroy the effect of a business enterprise. These gentlemen have also introduced a new rubber, which is claimed to be equal in every particular to the old, and they guarantee it to give perfect satisfaction in every particular or no charge. This new article is offered at fifteen dollars for an upper set. These are skillful and enterprising gentlemen—always do just what they proclaim; and from their large patronage it would seem the people highly appreciate the establishment of Drs. Sill & Gillespie, 246 Penn street.

New Goods! New Goods!!

Good Prints at 12½c.
Purple Prints (slightly imperfect) at 12½c.
Yard wide Bleached Muslin at 12½c.
Heavy Unbleached Muslin at 12½c.
Ginghams at 10c.
Ginghams at 12½c.
Jeans at 12½c.
Corsets at 50c.
Corsets at 62½c.
Whalebone Corsets at 87½c.
Colored Kid Gloves at 75c.
Ladies' Ribbed Hose at 11c.
Ladies' Plain Hose at 10c.
Cassimeres for Boys' wear.
Cassimeres for Men's wear.
Cashmeret, Jeans.
Ladies' Sacking Cloth.
All wool Delaines in beautiful shades.
Black and Colored Alpacas.
Plain and fancy Poplins.
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,
Ristori Aprons.
Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Flowers,
Hair Bands, Sleeve Buttons,
And a variety of Fancy Goods.
A full stock, at low prices,
Wholesale and Retail,
At Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

False Reliefs at a Discount.

All pain, at no cost, removed with Dr. Wolcott's Pain Paint, at 170 Chatham Square, New York, and 622 Arch street, Philadelphia, in the drug store. At all druggists, at 25 cents, 50 cents, $1 and $5 a bottle. It beats all the liniments ever known, leaves no stain, reduces inflammation quicker than ice, and is as harmless as water.

A man got hurt the other day,
He blubbered long with pain;
Belief! he cried: relief! I say,
But died with Wolcott on the brain.

This man from Maiden Lane, so faint
With inflammation high,
Forgot to use the Doctor's Paint,
So the people let him die.

Tested free at No. 116 Smithfield street. Relieves pain instantly.

Make a Good Action Perfect.

If you send your wife a sewing machine, be sure that you are not giving her a source of perplevity, in the shape of intricate machinery, liable to soil her attire, thus shocking her ideas of cleanliness and making the effort to show her appreciation of your gift a positive bore. The Weed Sewing Machine is reliable, very simple in construction, and has shields to protect the work and dress, This is why it is universally recommended for family use. Call and examine it at 112 Grant street. R. H. Long, agent.

Groceries.—The attention of retail dealers who are in the city for the purpose of making a purchase of teas, groceries and produce, or who are filling up their stocks by order, is directed to the superior, fresh and inviting selection of goods in that line to be found at the very lowest rates at the extensive and well managed house of Messrs. McBride & George, No. 164 Federal street, Allegheny City. This firm has been constantly receiving new additions to their spring stock, and are now prepared to compete successfully with the leading houses of either city. Retail as well as wholesale patrons secure decided advantages in dealing at this representative house of our sister city.

The new and elegant stock of gold and silver watches, for ladies and gentlemen, diamond and pearl sets of pins and rings, garnet sets, solid silver ware, plated silver ware, fine table cutlery, gold headed canes, fancy parlor clocks in bronze, marble, ebony and wood, and general articles of jewelry offered at low prices at Reineman, Meyran & Seidle's magnificent new store, No. 42 Fifth street, attracts universal attention from those wishing good goods at reasonable prices.

Copper Lightning Rods.—The Munson Copper Tubular Lightning Rod with Spiral Flanges is manufactured by Lockhart & Co., Duquesne Way near Hand street. This rod is endorsed by the highest scientific authority as the best rod ever invented, and a sure protection. The manufacturers employ none but the best workmen and guarantee all jobs to remain in good order as long as the building stands. Send an order.

This Day and Evening at Palmer & Phillips' Salesrooms, Opera House building, 60 Fifth street, will be devoted specially to private sales of Boots, Shoes, Carpets Drv Goods, Clothing, Cutlery, Hats, Caps, Fancy Window Shades, fresh Canned Fruits and Notions at auction prices. Call and examine our assortment, which is now very full.

Brilliancy of Complexion is desirable in a lady; and for the preservation of it *Burnett's Kalliston* is guaranteed to be a most powerful auxiliary. Inflammation from sunburn, and the dryness caused by the wind and air, is remedied by its application. It softens the skin, and is admirably adapted for gentlemen's use after shaving. [T.T.S.T.]

The Peoples Prayer Meeting.—At the Academy of Music on to-morrow (Sabbath) afternoon at 3¼ o'clock. Voluntary prayers, short and interesting addresses expected from Ministers and earnest christian workers. Seats free. No collections. All are invited who are not in attendance at public worship elsewhere at that hour.

Job Type at Auction.—Monday evening, April 20th, at 7½ o'clock, at the Opera House Auction Rooms, 60 Fifth street, will be sold over thirty complete fonts of Job Type, embracing Gothic, Roman, Antique, Clarendon, Tuscan and pointed styles, shaded condensed and open, from 8 to 60 line, by Palmer & Phillips, auctioneers.

The breath sweetened by Trix is like the soft balmy air winged and wafted over beds of roses. Trix has a national reputation. Everybody who cares for his or her breath uses Trix. All druggists sell Trix.

Base Ball Clubs.—Go to Pittock's for an outfit. Country clubs will please send in their orders at once.

Foley's Gold Pens—an immense assortment now displayed at Pittock's.

Edwin Forrest and Leo Hudson photos at Pittock's.

Initial Papers—a great variety at Pittock's.

Monograms to order at Pittock's.

Something Entirely New.

It is interesting to know that our fellow townsmen are ahead of the foremost in bringing forth articles to beautify and improve the appearance of our race. In this connection we would call the attention of the public to the fact that for ten dollars Dr. G. W. Spencer, 254 Penn street, Pittsburgh, can furnish an improved set of teeth upon his new and beautiful patent plate, which he will warrant for one year, and give a written guarantee. Dr. Spencer has concluded, in order to meet the wants of the mechanics of the community, to keep his office open until nine o'clock in the evening. He will be pleased to see all who may favor him with a call. The new plate is an invention of his own, and he claims that it is superior to any now in the market. The Dr. has established a reputation in his profession "that has been confirmed by the best of all tests—SUCCESS." Remember the number, 254 Penn street.

To Country and City Merchants.—We are thoroughly supplied with all kinds of Dry Goods, Staple and Fancy, bought at unusual advantage through our Eastern purchasing department, taking advantage of the recent large auction sales and fluctuations in prices, and we can and will sell at less than the lowest Eastern cash prices. We invite you to an inspection of our stock and comparison of prices, at 59 Market street.

J. W. BARKER & Co.

The best and Original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya, known as Caswell, Mack & Co's Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The Iron restores color to the blood, the Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, thereby curing dyspepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility and Depression of Spirits. Manufactured only by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. s

Everybody will acknowledge that Holtzheimer's Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth street, next door to the Post Office, are marvelously well kept, and that no where in the city can a cleaner or better meal, or repast be obtained at such reasonable prices.

Holtzheimer, at the Continental Dining rooms, Fifth street, next door to the Post-office, serves dinner at very reasonable prices which are vastly superior to hotel bills of fare. Give him a call, and satisfy yourself on this point.

O. Pilquett, Model Maker and Calculator. Models built of silver, German silver or brass. Orders left at D. R. Eckers, 161 First street, or 21 Tunnel street, second door from Wylie, will be properly attended to. s

The best and purest teas and coffees to be obtained in this market will be found in endless variety and assortment at Robinson's old established tea mart, No. 20 Fifth street. Prices very roasonable.

Canned and Dried Fruits and general groceries, fresh and first quality, at very reasonable prices at Robinson's old established tea mart, No. 20 Fifth.

A large lot of Gothic Chimney Tops just received; also, Drain Pipe and Tile always on hand at D. R. ECKER'S, 167 First street. s

The choicest ales, porters and dinner wines will be found at the popular dining rooms of Mr. Holtzheimer, Fifth street, next door to the Post Office.

Toilet Soaps and general house-keeping groceries at Robinson's old celebrated tea mart, No. 20 Fifth street, at very liberal prices.

Bricklaying and jobbing promptly attended to. Leave your orders at D. R. ECKER'S, 167 First street. s

Five Hours ahead of the mails—the New York *Evening Post* at 10 a. m., daily, at Pittock's.

Albums, Wallets—a new stock just opened at Pittock's.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The UNION REPUBLICAN VOTERS of Allegheny County are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, on

Saturday, May 30th, 1868,

And elect two (2) delegates from each election district, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress. Also, two (2) delegates from each election district for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senate, Assembly, District Attorney and Assistant Attorney, Controller, Commissioners and County Surveyor.

The Congressional Convention for the 22d District will meet at the CITY COUNCIL CHAMBERS Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, June 2d, at 10 o'clock A. M., to nominate a Congressman. The Congressional Convention for the 23d District will meet at the CITY HALL, Allegheny City, the same day and hour, to appoint Conferees for the District. The County Convention will meet at the COURT HOUSE, in this city, the same day and hour.

The County Executive Committee recommend that the delegate elections be held, so far as practicable, by the Republican members of the Election Boards in the several districts, and also the manner of voting for candidates in the several Conventions be *viva voce*.

The Primary Elections in the Townships (excepting the Townships of Oakland, Pitt, Peebles, Liberty, Collins and Wilkins, which will be between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock,) will be held between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock P. M., and in the Boroughs and Cities between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock P. M. In the Cities and Boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the Townships by marking.

J. H. MILLER, Chairman.

N. P. REED, C. C. TAYLOR, } Secretaries. ap6

CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

Gen. J. S. NEGLEY

Is a candidate for nomination before the Union Republican Convention. mh17:d&T

CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

THOMAS HOWARD, Esq.,

Is a candidate for nomination, by the Union Republican Congressional Convention. mh31:d&T

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

LEVI BIRD DUFF,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap17:062-d&T

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Gen. A. L. PEARSON,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh24:m8-d&T

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

WILLIAM C. MORELAND,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh27:m13:d&T

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JOHN W. RIDDELL

Will be a candidate for Assistant District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap15:d&T

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

J. B. FLACK,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh28:m8-d&T

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

D. P. HATCH,

REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

No. 91 Grant Street, Pittsburgh.

REAL ESTATE

AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO

Negotiation of Loans, Attend to the Renting of Property, Collection of Claims, &c., &c.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS,

Are prepared to sell at Auction STOCKS, BONDS, and all kinds of SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.

Office, No. 115 FOURTH STREET. oc23

CHEAP FARMS FOR SALE.

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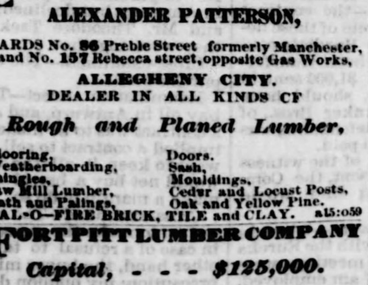

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Local News.—On our Seventh Page today will be found three columns of interesting local news, crowded off this page by the very complete report of the O'Connor-Tack case.

THE O'CONNOR TACK CASE.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Hon. F. Carrol Brewster, Associate Justice.

THE O'CONNOR-TACK CASE—SECOND DAY.

The case of Augustus H. Tack, Theodore E. Tack, Frank Tack, Emil Schalk, and John Grierson, charged with conspiracy, was resumed.

Mr. O'Conner was called to the stand and his examination continued.—On Monday, the 9th of July, I had a conversation with Theodore Tack; this was the day after his return to Philadelphia; Mr. Frank Tack had arranged on the Sunday previously for the meeting; Theodore told me the rise in oil was caused by a corner, and W. P. Logan had been the means of doing it; that the price of oil would soon decline, and his interests were the same as mine; that his calls for July were not much, and this temporary advance would soon disappear; he also said Mr. Crucey told him that vessels were loading for Europe, and that had a tendency to raise oil; next I saw Theodore in his own office, and he told me that it was reported that his firm had lost a considerable sum of money; I was telling him that it was reported I was broke; he told me that my losses would be but temporary, and I went home better pleased; he showed me circulars, and said Jules Crucey & Co. was a Greek house, and a respectable house; the next thing was, about a week after this I sent for Theodore Tack to come to my house on the 27th of July, as oil did not go down; I told him that it was reported he had betrayed my confidence, and that I was advised that he and others had gotten up this corner, by which I would lose a large sum of money; he said that the statements were not true; I told him I would come to Philadelphia and investigate it, and if it was not true I would be glad of it; he then said I would have hard work to prove it; I replied: "Theodore, that is not the answer of an honest man; if it is true, I can prove it; and if so he had better be in some unmentionable place; that if he had betrayed my confidence and robbed me he had better be in hell;" he made no reply to this, and I left for Philadelphia; Mr. Finney and I went to see Mr. Angustus Tack at his office on Walnut street; Augustus said I had been on the street reporting they had acted dishonestly; I told him I had not seen an oil man since I had been here; Augustus said he had not been in the corner or combination at all; that I had always been kind to the firm and he felt particularly anxious that there should be no difficulty; he said I could go among oil brokers and see what they said about him; I told him I would not ask his neighbors, as I knew some of them were in this thing; then we had a wrangle, and I told him I would investigate in my own way; Mr. Daniel L. Miller came in during the wrangle to see me and Mr. Tack regarding the last contract in which there was a deposit of $1,000 to be put up by me, and $1,000 by the buyer; I told Miller and Tack that I had sent my $1,000 to Tack to deposit with the United States Trust Company, but he kept it and has it yet; therefore, the money not having been deposited by me, and Mr. Miller not having deposited his according to agreement, Mr. Miller could look to Mr. Tack; then Miller and Tack had a quarrel; Mr. Tack read him his letter; took a portion of a letter to his brother in connection with this, and I asked to read the rest of the letter, which was permitted after some hesitation; this letter showed they were buying very largely in oil, instead of being sellers; I was excited on seeing the letter, and told him he had swindled me, and left his office; the next time I saw him was at 8 o'clock that evening on Walnut street, where Mr. Tack came after me and returned with me to the Continental; here Mr. Finney, he, and I talked from 10 P. M. till after midnight; he told me he wanted no difficulty with me, and said that in my 16,000 barrels of oil which were out he had a proposition which was a big thing; that 6,000 of it was held by Schalk, who would do what he advised; that 1,500 barrels were held by Bunker, Bro. & Co., great friends of theirs, who would do what they wanted, as they had saved that firm from bankruptcy; the other parties were figured in detail, and he said I would have more personal influence with them than he had; it was figured up to the sum of $14,000 or $15,000, and if I would do as he wanted, all my contracts would be taken up; that the ring was heavily loaded and must be extended by buying oil in Antwerp, and Schalk would go in for 8,000 barrels, at $2 a barrel, Bunker for the same, Shepler for the same, his firm for the same, and I must go in for 10,000 bbls, when he would make more money for me than getting up short contracts; but this thing must be put through, as desperate measures require desperate remedies; that the commission was small and rings had to be formed by his firm to make money; that if I gave $15,000 to retire the contracts more money would be made for me than this sum; he said I had been in a large ring in Pittsburgh, and I told him he was mistaken, when he laughed; the money was to be used in buying oil at $2 margin, and "bull" the market in Antwerp, as when oil advanced there it necessarily advanced here; after it had all been discussed, until 12½ at night, Mr. Finney and I both told him we would think about and consider it over; I wanted to get all the facts; he asked when I would decide, and I told him I had to go to Cape May, and he agreed to come there, when I wanted to get all his propositions in writing; the next morning Finney and I went to the office of Agustus, who showed a telegram from Bunker, stating that Shepler would go in; Schalk was there and showed they drew on the Tacks for $8,000; after showing this he said, "Now you see it is true;" he showed me that my total loss could not be more than $34,000—$20,000 in Antwerp and $14,000 in the short contracts; that the margin of $2 a barrel on the 10,000 barrels would amount to $20,000, and that was all I could lose under the worst circumstances; I told him if I would pay for the contracts, I would pay it in cash, and if they were settled that way it would be all right, and if not there would be trouble about it; I have paid or caused to be paid twenty thousand and some six or seven hundred dollars; $4,000 of that money I paid to Kirkpatrick and Lyon; the remaining $16,000 was paid by my agent, Augustus Merino, he doing so by direction of my counsel; I am twenty or twenty-one thousand dollars out by these contracts; I mean I paid money in lieu of furnishing oil; the money paid was the difference in the market price of oil when I agreed to furnish it and that after it had been put up—(the names of the parties to whom the money was paid were read)—the contract for 6,000 barrels to Schalk, one of these defendants, was not paid; the Burdette contract was not paid, as it had been transferred to Mr. Miller, and the $1,000 sent to Tacks, which they had kept, should have paid this; the contract to Bunker Bros., of which Grierson, one of the defendants, was one of the firm, has not been paid.

The further examination of the witness was postponed for the present, the Commonwealth's officers saying they would call him again.

William Gibson Miller sworn—I live in Pittsburgh, and am a clerk with the Eureka Insurance Company; some meetings were held in the office in which I am employed, Mr. Theodore Tack, Mr. Finney, and Mr. O'Connor being present; the burthen of the conversation was on the purchase and sale of oil; I overheard conversations once or twice; I heard Mr. Tack state that in the matter of purchasing oil they must place implicit confidence in him, as he was better versed in the minutiæ than they were; that they were all in the same boat together, so far as their individual interests were concerned; if there was any possibility of their losing he would give them timely warning, so they might save themselves; that if one lost they all lost alike.

No cross-examination.

Robert Finney sworn—I live in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh; I was at several interviews with Theodore Tack and James O'Connor; I know that Messrs. Tack Bros. & Co. agreed to sell a quantity of oil for James O'Connor; Theodore Tack advised Mr. O'Connor and myself to enter into the sale of oil for the year 1867, the Tacks to receive a certain commission; Mr. Tack said when I got to know him better I would find he was worthy of implicit confidence, and if we lost they would do the same, as we were all in the same boat; he said they were selling largely then of oil; sixteen thousand barrels of oil were sold under these circumstances; I know these relations between Mr. O'Connor and Mr. Tack were of the closest character; on the 9th of July Mr. Tack said there was no ultimate danger as to our contracts; that there had been an attempted corner, but it had bursted; that General Cummings had seized oil, but his brother Augustus had succeeded in having it released; that our interests would be carefully guarded, and we were all right; at one time he spoke of the failure of the rape seed crop, which might tend to advance oil; he corrected that afterwards, saying the crop had not failed and the European markets were filled with oil and the prices could not advance; I came to Philadelphia subsequently and saw Mr. Augustus Tack.

The witness corroborated the evidence of Mr. O'Connor, relative to the $20,000 for the Antwerp arrangement, and the dispatch that other parties had gone into that ring or arrangement. When Mr. Tack told Mr. O'Connor that he had been in many rings, Mr. O'Connor told him in very strong language that he had been misinformed.

Cross-examined.—I cannot fix the time the rape-seed failure was mentioned, except it was after the return of Mr. Tack from Philadelphia; it was a very short time after this that he changed his mind; I had other contracts prior to entering into those with Messrs. Tack, and was familiar with the *modus operandi*. I relied on my own judgment in some of these operations; most of the refineries are about Pittsburgh; I had a contract of 1,500 barrels with Mr. Schalk, one of the defendants, and he sued me; I have not been particularly active in furthering this prosecution; I have an interest in its result so far as dollars and cents are concerned; I am a partner with Mr. O'Connor in the great majority of the contracts; I have been most generally advised by Mr. O'Connor of steps already taken before consulting me; I have not contributed one dollar towards the expenses of the prosecution; I consider myself bound in honor to contribute equally to the net loss, which is whatever Mr. O'Conner includes in his loss; in making the contracts Mr. O'Connor told Mr. Tack that it must be distinctly understood that no oil was to be delivered, but the difference was to be accounted for in money, or in the Messrs. Tack's gilt-edged checks.

Wm. Whiteman, sworn—I live in Pittsburgh, and am a petroleum broker; in June and July I was a refiner, the firm being Whiteman & Anderson, of the Eagle Oil Works; Emil Schalk handed me a paper, the object of which was to raise the price of oil in Antwerp; Tack Brothers' name was to it for 6,000 barrels, the margin two dollars a barrel; Emil Schalk 6,000 barrels, and Schalk wanted me to take 3,000 or 4,000 barrels; he said several were going to join in it to buy oil in Antwerp and there was undoubtedly a profit in it; the paper read; "We, the undersigned, agree to purchase the amount of oil set opposite to our names at two dollars a barrel margin;" I think the oil was to be bought in Antwerp; I was a dealer in oil, and oil was very high here and low in Antwerp, and I thought in all probability one would affect the other; I had contracts to fill at very low prices, and I thought one would equalize the other; I never heard more of the Antwerp after I signed the paper; I never got any of the profits if any were made; I think Charles Burke was present when the paper was produced.

Cross-examined—I first heard of the proposition to purchase in Antwerp from Charles Burke and Emil Schalk the next; never heard any more after this; at that time I had oil sold here at 22 and 23 cents and the price was 27, so if I had been compelled to fill my contracts I would have lost 4 or 5 cents a gallon; I thought I would make a profit by purchasing oil in Antwerp, and thus make up my losses on my short sales; Mr. Schalk explained that oil was then much cheaper in Antwerp, and in all probability it would rise higher; I understood the purchases were to be made by cable; oil could not have been manufactured at that time for the price it could have been bought in Antwerp; it was cheaper then to buy it in Philadelphia than to make it in Pittsburgh; there are some fifty or sixty refineries in Pittsburgh, and they can produce from 25,000 to 30,000 baarels a week; the stock was low, owing to the river being unusually low; I had to buy oil to fill my contracts, and others did the same thing; all were anxious to cover up their "shorts" as quick as possible, and prices advanced materially; I know there was a large demand on me to supply oil; I know my old was for export, because my bonds were released; I know nothing more about the Antwerp project being carried out than what I read in the papers.

Examination direct—Did you suppose that the demand for the oil to be shipped from Pittsburgh was made under color of being intended for export?

Objected to and objection sustained.

Witness resumed.—I don't know if the oil was to be exported; at the time the demand was made for the oil to export to Antwerp it was cheaper there than here; it was my interest to make oil lower here; I only knew the effect to be produced on oil here, so far as my interests were concerned; the idea was the price would advance in Antwerp; I had sold oil some months before, and during the month of July oil advanced materially; I had my July contracts to fill, and I concluded oil would not drop during the months of August and September; I bought some of my Philadelphia contracts back; looking at the Antwerp market, I entered into the arrangement to make up my losses here; I had bought at a loss to fill my contracts and no more, and then I entered into the Antwerp arrangement; I was bound to furnish oil in the future, and receive oil in the future; I sold at 25 and agreed to receive at 27 and 35.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

David Kirk sworn.—I live in Pittsburgh; I was solicited to buy oil in Antwerp by Mr. Schalk; never saw Mr. Tack on the subject; Mr. Schalk did not produce a paper to sign; he told me on Chestnut street in this city that oil was cheaper in Antwerp than any other place, which I knew, and a good thing could be made out of it; he did not mention any names.

No cross-examination.

Charles Lockhart sworn.—I have been tolerably largely engaged in the oil business; I was applied to in the summer of 1867 to purchase or pretend to purchase oil in Antwerp, but declined; I saw Mr. Schalk and Mr. Theodore Tack on the subject; they were together.

Cross-examined.—The application was to purchase oil.

Examination direct—The object was to buy oil in Antwerp, and sell it there again; a contract was to be made to buy, and that implied a contract to sell, as no one would want to keep it all the time; two dollars would not buy a barrel of oil, but would make a margin to do so.

Cross-examined—The margin would be put up to make the person who sold safe, in case of a refusal to take the oil; on the other hand, the buyer might take the same precaution; my opinion differed from them as to the Antwerp market going up.

Examination direct—They represented the arrangement on short supply here, and large demand there.

Cross-examination—There was a pretty fair stock of crude oil in Pittsburgh at that time held in a few hands; the river was low, and dependence was placed on it altogether to transport oil.

Examination direct—Oil was cheaper in Pittsburgh towards the latter part of November than it was in August, and the river had kept very low; there are a great many things about oil that I cannot tell.

Cross-examined—There is railroad communication from the oil regions to Cleveland.

Two telegraph dispatches were read, one admitted to be Mr. Grierson's, and the other Theodore E. Tack's, in which reference is made to the inducements to get Mr. Lockhart in the European arrangement.

General Alexander Cummings affirmed—I am the collector of internal revenue in the Fourth district, and was so in June and July, 1867; I have seized some lots of oil, but not a large amount; there never was a large amount actually seized; at no time one thousand barrels; the seizures were made to test the question, as I was under the impression that a large quantity of oil was coming in upon which the tax was avoided; I intimated I would seize large quantities, but never did so; I never ordered the cars switched off, and thus stopped the transportation of oil.

Cross-examination—I had interviews with Mr. Holbrooke, Mr. Morse, and Mr. Augustus Tack; I told them a large quantity of oil was coming in under cover of exportation, and my impression was a great deal of it escaped the tax; it was in June I held the interview; I understood the Mr. Tack who called on me went to Washington.

Colonel Wm. T. Forbes, sworn—I am Deputy Collector of the Fourth district; 160 barrels of oil were seized in June and July altogether; of this three barrels of oil were consigned to Tack Brothers; they were allowed to go to warehouses, with the understanding that they must remain there until a decision from the department.

Cross-examined—The seizure was on the 25th of June, and the question was decided in about a week, adversely to the decision of the collector; the oil was released finally July 5th.

Augustus Merino sworn.—I paid $16,000 and upwards for Mr. O'Conner on account of the oil contracts; I paid Mr. O'Conner's money.

Cross-examined.—I arranged the accounts for most of the settlements.

Mr. Whiteman was recalled, and testified that Mr. Merino gave him a check for $2,000, in return for which he gave a note for $2,000 at four months, and Mr. O'Conner gave him the $2,000 to pay the note.

Mr. Mann read telegraphic messages, one to Tack Brothers, of September 7, 1867, from E. Schalk, who desired to sell out the amount of his purchase in Antwerp, and as the operation was on joint account, was there any objection. Another, under date of July 25, 1867, in which E. Schalk telegraphs to A. M. Cozzens, "You and I control the market for August. Do you feel like calling for the tenth, if so, the market could be put to 40 cents."

Another, in which E. Schalk telegraphs to Shepley & Co., to sell out his third interest in Antwerp and also a shipment for Antwerp.

Another, in which Bunker, Brother & Co., of which firm Mr. Grierson is a member, in which it is stated that Mr. Schalk must not appear as a seller, as it would break the market.

A large number of other dispatches were read.

Mr. Chase, a clerk of the Messrs. Tack, was called to explain the manner in which he deciphered the messages by means of a key.

Mr. Mann desired to offer the key-book in evidence, which Mr. Cassidy resisted, saying it was the private property of the defendants.

Judge Brewster decided that the book could be used during the session of the Court and taken away at the adjournment. If necessary such extracts might be copied from it as the Commonwealth desired.

It was suggested that the clerk remain with counsel for the Commonwealth and decipher such messages as might be requested. This was not assented to, whereupon Mr. Mann read the entire contents of the book, which were taken down phonographically.

The clerk stated that he prepared the key to save tolls in telegraphing, and not for secrecy.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

James O'Connor, recalled—When the contracts were made in June the prices depended upon the date each particular contract was executed. The first I knew of the rise of oil was on the morning of the 5th of July, when it was about thirty cents. On the 1st of July "spot" oil was worth about twenty-two or twenty-three cents in Philadelphia. On July 6th "spot" and July was quoted twenty-nine to thirty. On July 15th "spot" was quoted at thirty-one to thirty-one and a half. When I made my contracts, oil in Antwerp was worth 42 francs per kilometre, and on September 4th it was worth 51½ francs. During this inflation of the prices of oil, it reached its highest—thirty or thirty-seven cents per gallon. In the latter part of September, 1867, it advanced from twenty-two cents to thirty-seven. It subsequently fell to twenty-two cents. The river was not high enough during that time to float oil. There was no supply of oil, on account of this condition of the river. Up to the time of this decline, I believe the Allegheny Valley Railroad was not in working condition. During the conversation with Augustus Tack he said that oil was worth from forty to forty-two francs in Europe, and he could double it, and he would also double the price here from thirty to sixty cents per gallon. He said this bull movement would be carried through, as desperate cases required desperate remedies. I believe the highest Antwerp reached, was fifty-seven to fifty-eight francs per barrel. I know that Theodore Tack started to go to Europe, and I went to New York city and arrested him, and also his brother, who had gone over to see him off. I have here a special circular of Jules Cruey & Co., a "Greek" house, setting forth that there was a large number of vessels loading with petroleum for Europe. The Tacks told me they were selling "short," and were in the same boat with me. June 14th, 1867, they sold me one thousand barrels "short" to Wightman & Anderson, and on the same day they bought one thousand barrels on their own account from Brewer, Burke & Co. This was "long" and not "short." They really sold two thousand barrels for me on the 14th. The latter one thousand barrels were sold to Simmonds & Cuildemeister, and Brewer, Burke & Co. got the contract, and to them I paid the loss. I was called upon for the one thousand barrels of oil by Mr. Wightman.

Cross-examined—I consulted counsel after I returned from Cape May, and began legal proceedings after consultation with my counsel. I directed a bill in equity to be filed. There had at that time been a lawsuit between the Tacks and myself. The bill was prepared and printed, and I directed notice to be given to the Tacks, and after that I was sued by the Tacks for $1,500. In that case William B. Mann, the District Attorney, was my private counsel; Richard P. White, George W. Earle, George W. Riddle and Mr. Crawford were also my lawyers. The only criminal suit that I brought was before Alderman Beitler. My counsel appeared there—some of them. That was on the 22d of August. I did not see Theodore Tack on that day, and don't know of my own knowledge where he was—also Augustus Tack. The next time I saw them was when I arrested them at the Metropolitan Hotel, New York, I do not know that they were brought here from New York. On the first hearing at New York I represented myself. On the second hearing I was represented by Mr. Sedgwick, ex-District Attorney of New York. Before the commencement of these proceedings Theodore Tack told me he would try to go to the Paris Exposition with me, but I did not go, neither did he, and this was all I heard of it. I saw in a Pittsburgh paper an announcement of his intended trip to Europe. I can't say what the date of the paper was. I was special partner in the Keystone Oil Refinery in 1864-5. I can't say that I was the active managing partner. I did most of the selling and making contracts for sales. I was in that business about one year. From the time that I left the refinery in the summer of 1865. I had nothing to do with oil men or matters until March, 1867, when Mr. Finney and myself bought from the Tack Brothers twenty-five hundred barrels, deliverable ahead. I was told that if I would go to Tack's office I would get the money that was due on this contract, but I did not go. There was none brought to my hotel. I was speculating in refined oil during my connection with the Keystone oil refinery. I had contracts with Daniel Miller. I saw that letter spoken of in my examination in chief on the 29th or 30th of July. I read the whole of the letter. I don't know whether Mr. Chase was there or not. I sued Frank Tack in Pittsburgh, and the bill in equity was filed here. I offered through the Tacks a contract for the sale of 10,000 barrels of oil, deliverable ahead, at buyer's option, upon condition that $10,000 should be put up as margin by the buyer, myself agreeing to do the same as seller. Augustus Tack said the offer was too large for Philadelphia, but that he would try to work it in New York, and subsequently telegraphed to me that he cabled it to Europe. Nothing came of it. Theodore Tack at first approved of it, but afterwards remonstrated with me about it. I did not say that I did not think it would be taken, but knew it would have the effect of sickening the market. It was during the period of the sale of the sixteen thousand barrels by the Tacks for me that the offer was made. Theodore Tack was my agent, and he telegraphed that O'Connor had withdrawn the offer. I should say that I withdrew it and do not recollect saying that Tack Brothers did it without my knowledge. I did not enter into any contract upon what August Tack said to me in Philadelphia, but I went to Pittsburgh and saw Theodore. We discussed the subject fully and at length, and on the same day he acted upon my instruction and effected the sale to Schalk. As the remainder he submitted every one of the contracts to me and talked very fully about every offer that was made.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The cross-examination of Mr. O'Connor was resumed—I told persons when I was selling short that oil would go lower; I may have said in May, and also early in June, that I was going to lose money, as oil would go lower; don't recollect of any such conversation with Mr. Guthrie, as I talked but little to him; I know pretty near all Pittsburgh, and talk a great deal, so it is difficult for me to recollect all I say; Mr. Theodore Tack showed me letters and telegrams up to the time of his leaving for Philadelphia daily, almost hourly; I made but very little inquiry as to the markets outside of them; I stated to Mr. Tack prior to this time that I had been to the oil regions, and kept myself posted as regarded the condition of crude oil; this would naturally lead me to know something about the condition of refined oil, but oil is a pretty big thing, and there is a great deal to know about it; may have said I was going to make a spoon or spoil a horn; that is a western phrase, and a very common one; I went into the business to make money, and Mr. Tack was to deliver oil or make proper settlement less his commission; I stated positively that I was to have nothing to do with the details of oil; I have not paid the $3,000 commission on the oil to the Messrs. Tack; was not aware that suit had been brought for that sum; the witness testified to the payments made by him on account of the contracts, and identified the printed copy of an affidavit made by Mr. Augustus Marion relative to the payment of the contracts, and said he believed the copy to be precisely the same as the injunction affidavit he made, subject to typographical errors; either my counsel or myself procured affidavits from all with whom I settled, or my agent for me: it was not a part of the understanding in settlement that the affidavits were to be made; Mr. Collis prepared an affidavit for Mr. Wightman; he did not decline to swear to the affidavit, and said he would not do so for all the world.

Mr. Mann, from the time he took charge of my equity case up to now, has always said the contracts were illegal, and it was against his orders that I ever paid a dollar; I know John K. Barber; never said to him that I recollect of that it would pay him better to be on my side than the Tacks'; I know F. Albert Dilworth; he told me that Mr. Tack had been discussing the subject with him, and said he was going to put me in the Penitentiary, and that I had not as much money as reported; I said I was worth enough money, and had enough justice to put the Tacks to the wall; don't recollect saying to Solomon Shane that I would ruin the Tacks, no matter how this case turned out. I have both sworn and said that the object of bringing this suit was to get justice, and my money back; I employed counsel in this case, both here and in Pittsburgh; I was President of a bank at the time I was in the Keystone Refinery; I don't know of my own knowledge that Mr. Tack was discharged from the second arrest; I saw in the newspapers that he had sailed for Europe, and I telegraphed to Mr. Sedgwicke; I don't know whether Mr. Tack was brought to Alderman Beitler's in custody of the officer, or whether he joined the officer there; I gave my instructions to one of the officers to bring him there.

A great deal of Mr. O'Connor's cross-examination was the same as in his examination in chief.

Examination direct—Mr. Tack came to me at the Continental, with a number of papers, and said if I paid him so much money I would get the papers which were the contracts for 2,000 barrels of oil; this was the only tender in connection with the oil I received.

Wm. W. Wisner, sworn—I am freight agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad; the amount of refined oil which came over the Pennsylvania Railroad from June 1 to December 31, 1867, was as follows:

	Barrels.
June	51,255
July	98,398
August	56,120
September	61,026
October	73,364
November	56,650
December	28,134
	424,857

There must be added to this 844 barrels unloaded at West Philadelphia.

Cross-examined—The principal portion was shipped at Allegheny junction; it includes oil that was shipped over the Philadelphia and Erie road and from Cleveland; it includes only refined oil.

Wm. Sharpless affirmed: I am employed at the freight depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad; the amount of crude oil which came over the road during the seven months mentioned was 115,824 barrels.

Cross-examined—This included oil from Pittsburgh, Cleveland, etc.

Mr. Chase, re-called—I never saw a telegraph dispatch in which Mr. O'Connor's name was expressed as Foreman. A key was used for a few days and abandoned, but I can't tell what Mr. O'Connor's name would be by the cipher in that book; in the key used, no cipher expressed his name, but it was written out O'Connor.

A very large number of telegrams were read, occupying considerable time, as many of them had to be deciphered by the key book. The telegrams relate to the Tacks buying oil, calling in, &c.

James Benny, sworn—I reside in Pittsburgh, and am an oil refiner; I was engaged in the business in June, July, August, and during the year out of 1867; there were sudden calls for oil made from the 1st to the 15th of July, but none were made on me; I wish to correct the statement, as a call was made on me for 1,000 barrels by Mr. Crouch, of Philadelphia; the effect of these calls was a sudden advance; I had sold 1,000 barrels to be delivered on the 15th of July at 25 cents and 30 cents had to be paid for it making a difference of $2,00 on a barrel; this was occasioned by my oil not arriving in time; I think notice was given me about the 5th of July; I think oil advanced to 25 cents in July; in the middle or latter part of June, I had some oil sold as low as 20 cents; it was about 20 to 22 and 23 cents at that time; in August I bought at 29½; in September 27; in October 35; in November 22 or 22½ cents; the river was very low all that while; I received one boat during the warm weather with 145 barrels; the boats carry from 800 to 1,000 barrels, some 1,500; I know of no natural causes to produce the sudden rise; of my own knowledge don't know of any one engaged in "bulling" oil; I had some transactions in crude oil with Mr. Tack; had no conversation with them about "bull rings;" the Tacks borrowed crude oil of me in 1867.

Cross-examined—I supposed the oil would be called when it went up; I was not surprised; if I had not sold the oil at 25 cents I would have made money; it matters not if I made money when my oil arrived; I know of no outside reason for oil going down in November, except there was more oil than was wanted; I was about square in selling my oil when it arrived; did not get above 30 cents for it.

Adjourned.

"Heartless Desertion."

Under the above caption an evening contemporary discourses in a most eloquent and pathetic manner of the wrongs of a too confiding young lady and the baseness of the man who, it is stated, "under a solemn promise of marriage effected her ruin, and then deserted her." The story is a good one, well told, and if true, the lady's situation is a deplorable one, indeed; but, like many others of its character, carries some improbabilities with it. It runs thus: Some months ago a young man of good address and rather prepossessing appearance visited Huntingdon, Pa., where he made the acquaintance of a beautiful young lady of poor but respectable parents. He evinced a fondness for her, and made professions of undying love. She listened to his professions, and in an evil hour, under a promise of marriage, he effected her ruin. She urged him to fulfill his promise, but he postponed it from time to time. Finally he proposed to her to elope with him to his home in the West, and he would there repair the wrongs he had done by a speedy marriage. To this she consented, and yesterday the couple arrived at the Union depot, where the unfortunate girl was left by the heartless libertine, who had robbed her of her honor, homeless, friendless and penniless. This much was gathered from the girl's statement. It appears that this is not her first adventure, however. It is alleged by persons who profess to know, that it was a "put up job" between her and the young man with whom she was traveling, in order to redlenish their exchequer. Instead of hailing from Huntingdon, she is one of the *demi monde* of Philadelphia, and her traveling companion a professional gambler of that city. They started on a pleasure tour, he expecting to make money enough by dint of his profession to defray expenses. Meeting with a "streak" of ill luck, his funds were exhausted and this "dodge" was adopted in order to make a raise. It succeeded partially and the "poor unfortunate young woman," in company with her "destroyer," returned to Philadelphia.

False Pretence.

Thursday Mr. John Forsythe made information before the Mayor, charging James Cassiday with obtaining goods under false pretences. The prosecutor is proprietor of Forsythe's coal works on the Monongahela river. The accused is a coal miner, and was for a year previous to the first of April employed by Forsythe, during which time he obtained goods to the amount of $150, promising to work for Mr. F. until the bill was paid. On the first of April he moved to Irwin's station and went to work there. A warrant was issued and placed in the hands of officer Scott, who started to Irwin's station in search of Cassiday yesterday morning. After searching through innumerable coal pits he found his man and returned to the city with him last night about eleven o'clock. Cassiday was placed in the lock-up and will have a bearing this morning.

Fatal Accident.

A man who was walking on the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, about two miles west of Corry, was run over by the Express train bound eastward a few days ago. The man was directing his course toward Corry, and the train on the Erie road was approaching Corry at the same time, on the parallel track. The passengers used every signal to notify the man of his danger, but their warnings were unheeded. He was caught up by the cow catcher, and hurled some ten feet in the air, falling to the ground with frightful violence, and was instantly killed. He was an old man—a farmer. It is reported that his name was Gordon, and that he hailed from Columbus, Pa. A considerable sum of money was found on his person.

Roast Cat.

Mr. Charles Kinnear, of Youngsville, Warren county, had a somewhat novel roast one day last week for dinner. It seems that a favorite cat had crept into the oven to steal some baked meat that had been deposited there, and the hired girl coming into the kitchen shut the oven door and kindled a fire preparatory to cooking dinner, and then stepped out again. The consequence was, that poor pussy, as a penalty for her theft, came out of the oven, baked meat, herself. Mr. Kinnear's family refused to partake of it for dinner, on the ground that it was not properly dressed before cooking.

Arrest of an Alleged Seducer.—Officer John W. Hamilton, of Philadelphia, arrived in this city yesterday morning with a warrant for the arrest of John S. Steel, who is charged with seduction under promise of marriage. The warrant was placed in the hands of officer McCready, who arrested Steel at the Presbyterian church, on Sixth street, where he was engaged at work as a carpenter. His victim, we learn, was a highly respectable young lady of Philadelphia, and it is stated that he was engaged to be married to an estimable young lady of this city. He was confined in the lock-up and will leave this morning for Philadelphia, under the charge of officer Hamilton.

Robbery on Penn Street.—The house of Mr. Thomas Henderson, on Penn street, near Morris, was entered by a thief or thieves, on Thursday, about twelve o'clock, who stole thirty-nine dollars in money, besides two coats and a pair of pants. Henderson is employed in a rolling mill in the vicinity, and his wife had left the house for the purpose of taking him his dinner, when the robbery was effected. She states that she locked the doors carefully on leaving, and on her return found them open, with marks of a chisel about the locks.

Leo Hudson is drawing full houses at the Old Theatre. She plays "Mazeppa" admirably, and "Black Bess," her beautiful steed, plays her part to the entire satisfaction of the audience. We learn that Leo was the recipient of a beatiful and costly boquette last evening, presented by a number of her admirers, as a token of their appreciation of her abilities. "Mazeppa" will be played at the matinee this afternoon and also to-night.

Commission Received.—August Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday received his commission as Justice of the Peace, and will resume the duties of his office this morning. Mr. Ammon was re-elected at the recent spring election, but for some cause his commission had been delayed. He is a faithful and attentive officer, and has rendered universal satisfaction.

Interfering with Officers.—Two young men of Allegheny City, James Patterson and Moses Johnson, were arrested and taken before Mayor Drum, yesterday, charged with interfering with officers King and Brown to prevent them from arresting a man who was acting in a disorderly manner. The Mayor fined them five dollars and costs each.

United States District Court—Judge M'Candless.

In the bankruptcy branch final discharg were granted and certificates awarded Henry E. Young, of Columbia county, a Samuel J. Bailey, of Venango county.

Petitions for final discharge were filed Francis J. King, of Clinton county, W L. Post, of Susquehanna county, and J Saxton, of Huntingdon county. The usu orders were made.

Petitions for adjudication were filed Benjamin S. Tripp, of Scranton, Et Reeves, of Clinton county, John Berry, Clinton county, Matthew Perrine, of M cer county, John Griffin, of Mercer coun and William McGleery, of Mercer coun

In the common law branch an order w issued releasing thirty-two barrels of wh ky et al., seized as the property of R. Lyon, upon giving proper bonds.

District Attorney Carnahan filed a lit of forfeiture against the distillery recti ing house of, and a quantity of whisl owned by Manuel Graves, situated in Scra ton, Pa. The property was seized by t Collector of the Twelfth Collection Distri in consequence of violations of the reven law. A monition, returnable on the 2d May, was issued.

A Ghastly Suicide at Fairview.

The Erie *Gazette* says last Saturday, man hunting in the woods of Fairvie accidentally discovered among the thi brushes of a hemlock tree, some twent five feet from the ground, a human bod Coroner Sterret was called, and held inquest Saturday afternoon. The body w found to be hanging by a rope around t neck, and a chain about the waist, made fa to the tree. It was dried like parchmer the flesh having shrunk away and the sk cleaving to the bones. A verdict of su cide was found and the deceased a certained to have been one John [Simme a Swiss, who mysteriously disappeare from his brother's house in Fairview on t 10th of last August. He no doubt hange himself with the rope and chain that da He was of melancholy temperament a subject to moody fits. A short time befo Simmer's death, his brother's wife an children, to whom he was much attache died from a malignant disease, and as h had always lived in the family, this sudde grief and breaking up of family ties doubt caused him to take his own life the desperate manner described.

Lumber Prospects.

The prospects of the lumber trade in th region, says the Brookville *Republican*, far as we can learn, are not as flattering we could hope to be able to report. Th pressure on the finances of many of ou lumbermen during the winter prevente their taking out as heavy a stock as the would otherwise have done, and the failur thus far to get to market that which ready, has made the prospect still mo discouraging. During the past few week the Red Bank Navigation Company hav been bracketing for the purpose of gettin out a part, at least, of the lumber waitin and we believe, with partial success. T day we have nearly a rafting stage in th creeks, and with the natural water and th efforts of the Navigation Company the lum bermen are sanguine of getting a good portion of their lumber to market.

Grand Silver Sale.

Next Tuesday and Wednesday will wi ness, in this city, the grandest display silver plated ware ever brought to this any other city west of the mountains. Th enterprising auctioneers, Smithson, Var hook & McClelland, have consigned t them an immense stock of goods in thi line, which is to be sold peremptorily The goods will be on exhibition to-day an our reporter will be better able to describ the brilliant stock offered in our next issue after personal examination is made. A are invited to call to-day at the mammot salesrooms, Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street.

Illegal Liquor Selling.—Thomas Morgan yesterday made information before Alder man M'Masters, charging John and Marga ret Mansfield, of Pitt township, with ille gal liquor selling. He alleges that the sell liquor on Sunday, and he also charge them with selling without license. A war rant was issued for the arrest of the ac cused.

Burnell's Museum, at Franklin Hall, i one of the most popular places of amuse ment in the city. From "sunny morn til dewy eve" the hall is thronged with ladie and children, and all who visit it are high ly delighted with the magnificent collec tion of works of art and natural curiosities they find there.

Another Sample Man Arrested.—Office Robert Hague arrested H. B. Chevalie yesterday, on a charge of selling goods by sample, without a license. The accused i connected with the firm of Reindschopp & Co., New York. He was taken before Alderman Humbert and held to bail for a hearing.

Progressing.—The work of laying gas pipe in Lawrenceville is progressing very rapidly. The pipe is being laid on the lef hand side of the street, at a distance o about eight feet from the sidewalk. There are about twenty-five hands engaged at the work, which we learn will be completed at an early day.

Removed to the Hospital.—John Brown, who plead guilty on an indictment for larceny March 14th and sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of two months in the county jail, was yesterday removed to Mercy Hospital by order of the Court, in consequence of an attack of rheumatism.

Taken to the Penitentiary.—William Price, indicted for the larceny of a trunk from the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Depot, and convicted and sentenced to one year in the Penitentiary, was taken to that institution by Deputy Sheriff Cluley yesterday.

At Col. J. D. Eagan's will be found an immense collection of rare and valuable books at half price, together with a large stock of stationery of all kinds at Eastern prices. Remember the place, No. 41 Sixth street, below Smithfield.

Released on Bail.—Charles D. Jacobs, committed for trial some time since by Mayor Blackmore, on a charge of false pretense, was yesterday released, having procured the required bail for his appearance at Court.

The oil business has closed up here owing to the progress of the O'Connor-Tack case, most of the dealers being in attendance as witnesses in Philadelphia.

D. O'Neill, Esq., editor of the *Dispatch*, left last night for Philadelphia, having been subpœnaed in the O'Connor-Tack case.

Medicated Inhalation.

Medicated inhalation for consumption of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Chronic Catarrh and all diseases of the mucous membrane of the air passages, successfully practiced by E. S. Aborn, M. D. No. 134 Smithfield street. No charge for consultation. Testimonials of the most substantial character can be seen at the Doctor's consulting and operating rooms.

Throat Disease Cured by Medicated Inhalation.

Under Dr. Aborn's treatment by medicated inhalation I have entirely recovered from a chronic disease of the throat and lungs, and cheerfully recommend Dr. Aborn's treatment to the afflicted.

JAMES R. McCADE,
Jefferson county, Pa.